

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA

SESSION 1989

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HOUSE BILL 1597

Short Title: Increase Homestead Exemption.

(Public)

Sponsors: Representatives Ligon; Balmer, Bowie, Brawley, Brubaker, Buchanan, Culp, Decker, Dickson, Diggs, Duncan, Esposito, Flaherty, Gardner, Hege, Howard, Eisenhower, Justus, Privette, Rhyne, Robinson, Walker, and P. Wilson.

Referred to: Finance.

May 4, 1989

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT TO INCREASE THE PROPERTY TAX HOMESTEAD EXEMPTION AMOUNT AND THE INCOME THRESHOLD FOR ELIGIBILITY FOR THE EXEMPTION.

The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

Section 1. G.S. 105-277.1 reads as rewritten:

"§ 105-277.1. Property classified for taxation at reduced valuation.

(a) The following class of property is designated a special class of property under Article V, Sec. 2(2) of the North Carolina Constitution and shall be assessed for taxation as follows. The first ~~twelve thousand dollars (\$12,000)~~ twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) in assessed value of real property, or a mobile home, owned by a North Carolina resident and occupied by the owner as his permanent residence shall not be assessed for taxation if, as of January 1 of the year for which the benefit of this section is claimed:

- (1) The owner is either 65 years of age or older or is totally and permanently disabled; and
- (2) The owner's disposable income for the preceding calendar year did not exceed ~~eleven thousand dollars (\$11,000);~~ twelve thousand five hundred dollars (\$12,500); and
- (3) The owner makes the required application.

For married applicants residing with their spouses, the disposable income of both spouses must be included, whether or not the property is in both names.

1 (b) Definitions. – When used in this section, the following definitions shall  
2 apply:

3 (1) An 'owner' of property means a person who holds legal or  
4 equitable title to the property, either individually or as a tenant by  
5 the entirety, a joint tenant, a tenant in common, a life estate or an  
6 estate for the life of another. Property owned and occupied by  
7 husband and wife as tenants by the entirety shall be entitled to the  
8 full benefit of this classification notwithstanding that only one of  
9 them meets the age or disability requirements herein provided. If the  
10 residence is a mobile home and is jointly owned by husband and  
11 wife, it shall be treated as property held by the entirety. When  
12 property is owned by two or more persons other than husband and  
13 wife and one or more of such owners qualifies for this classification,  
14 each qualifying owner shall be entitled to the full amount of the  
15 exclusion not to exceed his or her proportionate share of the  
16 valuation of the property. No part of an exclusion available to one  
17 co-owner may be claimed by any other co-owner and in no event  
18 shall the total exclusion allowed to a qualifying residence (including  
19 the household personal property therein) exceed ~~twelve thousand~~  
20 ~~dollars (\$12,000).~~ twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000).

21 (2) 'Disposable income' means adjusted gross income as defined for North  
22 Carolina income tax purposes in G.S. 105-141.3 plus all other moneys  
23 received from every source other than gifts or inheritances received  
24 from a spouse, lineal ancestors, or lineal descendants.

25 (2a) Repealed by Session Laws 1985 (Reg. Sess., 1986), c. 982, s. 20.

26 (3) 'Permanent residence' means legal residence. It includes the  
27 dwelling, the dwelling site, not to exceed one acre, and related  
28 improvements. The dwelling may be a single family residence, a unit  
29 in a multi-family residential complex or a mobile home.  
30 Notwithstanding the occupancy requirements of this classification,  
31 an otherwise qualified applicant shall not lose the benefit of the  
32 exclusion because of a temporary absence from his or her permanent  
33 residence for reasons of health, or because of an extended absence  
34 while confined to a rest home or nursing home, so long as the  
35 residence is unoccupied or occupied by the applicant's spouse or  
36 other dependent.

37 (4) A 'totally and permanently disabled person' means one who  
38 has a physical or mental impairment which substantially precludes  
39 him from obtaining gainful employment and such impairment  
40 appears reasonably certain to continue without substantial  
41 improvement throughout his lifetime.

42 (c) Application. Applications for the exclusions provided by this section are to  
43 be filed during the regular listing period, but, shall be accepted at any time up to and  
44 through April 15 of the calendar year for which they are to be effective. When property

1 is owned by two or more persons other than husband and wife and one or more of them  
2 qualifies for this exclusion, each such owner shall apply separately for his or her  
3 proportionate share of the exclusion.

4 (1) Elderly Applicants. – Persons 65 years of age or older may  
5 apply for this exclusion by entering the appropriate information on a  
6 form made available by the assessor under G.S. 105-282.1.

7 (2) Disabled Applicants. – Persons who are totally and  
8 permanently disabled may apply for this exclusion by (i) entering the  
9 appropriate information on a form made available by the assessor  
10 under G.S. 105-282.1 and (i) furnishing acceptable proof of their  
11 disability. Such proof shall be in the form of a certificate from a  
12 physician licensed to practice medicine in North Carolina or from a  
13 governmental agency authorized to determine qualification for  
14 disability benefits. After a disabled applicant has qualified for this  
15 classification, he or she shall not be required to furnish an additional  
16 certificate unless the applicant's disability is reduced to the extent  
17 that the applicant could no longer be certified for the taxation at  
18 reduced valuation."

19 Sec. 2. G.S. 105-309(f) reads as rewritten:

20 "(f) The following information shall appear on each abstract, or on an information  
21 sheet distributed with the abstract. (The abstract or sheet must include the address and  
22 telephone number of the assessor below the notice required by this subsection):

23  
24 **‘PROPERTY TAX RELIEF FOR ELDERLY AND**  
25  
26 **PERMANENTLY DISABLED PERSONS.**

27  
28 North Carolina excludes from property taxes the first ~~twelve thousand dollars~~  
29 ~~(\$12,000)~~ twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) in assessed value of certain property  
30 owned by North Carolina residents aged 65 or older or totally and permanently disabled  
31 whose disposable income does not exceed ~~eleven thousand dollars (\$11,000)~~ twelve  
32 thousand five hundred dollars (\$12,500). The exclusion covers real property, or a  
33 mobile home, occupied by the owner as his permanent residence. Disposable income  
34 includes all moneys received other than gifts or inheritances received from a spouse,  
35 lineal ancestors, or lineal descendants.

36 If you received this exclusion in (assessor insert previous year), you do not need to  
37 apply again unless you have changed your permanent residence. If you received the  
38 exclusion in (assessor insert previous year) and your disposable income in (assessor  
39 insert previous year) was above ~~eleven thousand dollars (\$11,000)~~ twelve thousand five  
40 hundred dollars (\$12,500), you must notify the assessor. If you received the exclusion in  
41 (assessor insert previous year) because you were totally and permanently disabled and  
42 you are no longer totally and permanently disabled, you must notify the assessor. If the  
43 person receiving the exemption in (assessor insert previous year) has died, the person

1 required by law to list the property must notify the assessor. Failure to make any of the  
2 notices required by this paragraph before April 15 will result in penalties and interest.

3 If you did not receive the exclusion in (assessor insert previous year) but are now  
4 eligible, you may obtain a copy of an application from the assessor. It must be filed by  
5 April 15."

6 Sec. 3. This act is effective for taxable years beginning on or after January 1,  
7 1990.