

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA

SESSION 1989

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SENATE BILL 84  
Finance Committee Substitute Adopted 6/30/89

Short Title: Index Homestead Exemption.

(Public)

Sponsors:

Referred to:

February 1, 1989

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT TO INDEX THE AMOUNT OF THE PROPERTY TAX HOMESTEAD EXEMPTION AND THE AMOUNT OF THE INCOME LIMIT FOR ELIGIBILITY FOR THE EXEMPTION.

The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

Section 1. G.S. 105-277.1 reads as rewritten:

**"§ 105-277.1. Property classified for taxation at reduced valuation.**

(a) ~~The following class of property—Real property or a manufactured home owned and occupied by a qualifying owner as the owner's permanent residence is designated a special class of property under Article V, Sec. 2(2) of the North Carolina Constitution and shall be assessed for taxation as follows.—is taxable in accordance with this section. The amount of the appraised value of a permanent residence that equals the index amount for the county in which the residence is located is excluded from taxation.~~

The index amount is fifteen thousand dollars (\$15,000) for each county until the county's first horizontal adjustment or reappraisal of real property that is effective for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 1991. Upon the effective date of a county's horizontal adjustment or reappraisal effective for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 1991, the index amount for that county is the amount in effect before the effective date of the horizontal adjustment or reappraisal plus or minus a percentage of this amount that equals the average percentage increase or decrease in the appraised value of real property in the county resulting from the horizontal adjustment or reappraisal, rounded to the nearest one hundred dollars (\$100.00). The index amount effective upon a county's horizontal adjustment or reappraisal remains the county's

1 index amount until the county's next horizontal adjustment of residential property or  
2 revaluation.

3 The Department of Revenue shall determine the percentage increase or decrease in  
4 real property values resulting from a horizontal adjustment or reappraisal from sales  
5 assessment ratio studies made under G.S. 105-289(h), shall calculate a new index  
6 amount to be in effect in a county when a horizontal adjustment or reappraisal becomes  
7 effective in the county, and shall notify the assessor of the county of the new amount by  
8 April 15 of the year in which the amount becomes effective. The first twelve thousand  
9 dollars (\$12,000) in assessed value of real property, or a mobile home, owned by a North  
10 Carolina resident and occupied by the owner as his permanent residence shall not be assessed  
11 for taxation if, as of January 1 of the year for which the benefit of this section is claimed:

- 12 (1) The owner is either 65 years of age or older or is totally and  
13 permanently disabled; and  
14 (2) The owner's disposable income for the preceding calendar year did not  
15 exceed eleven thousand dollars (\$11,000); and  
16 (3) The owner makes the required application.

17 For married applicants residing with their spouses, the disposable income of both  
18 spouses must be included, whether or not the property is in both names.

19 (a1) A 'qualifying owner' is an owner who, as of January 1 of the taxable year for  
20 which the benefit of this section is claimed:

- 21 (1) Was a North Carolina resident;  
22 (2) Was at least 65 years old or totally and permanently disabled; and  
23 (3) Had an aggregate household income for the immediately preceding  
24 calendar year of not more than the income eligibility amount.

25 The income eligibility limit is the same for every county. Until taxable year 1991,  
26 the limit is eleven thousand dollars (\$11,000). For taxable years beginning on or after  
27 January 1, 1991, the limit is the amount for the preceding year increased by the same  
28 percentage of this amount as the percentage by which the federal government increased  
29 the benefits under Titles II and XVI of the Social Security Act during the calendar year  
30 preceding the year in which the determination of a new income limit is made, rounded  
31 to the nearest one hundred dollars (\$100.00). On or before June 10 of each year the  
32 Department of Revenue shall determine the amount to be in effect for the taxable year  
33 beginning the following January 1 and shall notify the assessor of each county of the  
34 amount to be in effect for that taxable year.

35 (b) Definitions. – When used in this section, the following definitions shall  
36 apply:

- 37 (1) 'Aggregate household income' means the total disposable  
38 income of all the persons who maintain a permanent residence in the  
39 same household.  
40 (2) 'Disposable income' means adjusted gross income, as defined in G.S.  
41 105-141.3, plus all other money received from every source other than  
42 gifts or inheritances received from a spouse, a lineal ancestor, or a  
43 lineal descendant.

1           (2a) An 'owner' of property means a person who holds legal or equitable  
 2 title to the property, ~~either whether~~ individually, ~~or~~ as a tenant by the  
 3 entirety, a joint tenant, or a tenant in common, or as the holder of a life  
 4 estate or an estate for the life of another. Property owned and occupied  
 5 by husband and wife as tenants by the entirety shall be entitled to the  
 6 full benefit of this classification notwithstanding that only one of them  
 7 meets the age or disability requirements ~~herein provided~~ of this section.  
 8 If the residence is a ~~mobile-manufactured~~ home and is jointly owned by  
 9 husband and wife, it shall be treated as property held by the entirety.  
 10 When property is owned by two or more persons other than husband  
 11 and wife and one or more of ~~such~~ the owners qualifies for this  
 12 classification, each qualifying owner shall be entitled to the full  
 13 amount of the exclusion not to exceed his or her proportionate share of  
 14 the valuation of the property. No part of an exclusion available to one  
 15 co-owner may be claimed by any other co-owner and in no event shall  
 16 the total exclusion allowed to a qualifying residence ~~(including the~~  
 17 ~~household personal property therein)~~ ~~exceed twelve thousand dollars~~  
 18 ~~(\$12,000).~~ exceed the index amount.

19           (2) "~~Disposable income~~" ~~means adjusted gross income as defined for~~  
 20 ~~North Carolina income tax purposes in G.S. 105-141.3 plus all other~~  
 21 ~~moneys received from every source other than gifts or inheritances~~  
 22 ~~received from a spouse, lineal ancestors, or lineal descendants.~~

23           (2a) ~~Repealed by Session Laws 1985 (Reg. Sess., 1986), c. 982, s. 20.~~

24           (3) 'Permanent residence' means legal residence. It includes the  
 25 dwelling, the dwelling site, not to exceed one acre, and related  
 26 improvements. The dwelling may be a single family residence, a unit  
 27 in a multi-family residential complex or a ~~mobile-manufactured~~  
 28 home. Notwithstanding the occupancy requirements of this  
 29 classification, an otherwise qualified applicant shall not lose the  
 30 benefit of the exclusion because of a temporary absence from his or  
 31 her permanent residence for reasons of health, or because of an  
 32 extended absence while confined to a rest home or nursing home, so  
 33 long as the residence is unoccupied or occupied by the applicant's  
 34 spouse or other dependent.

35           (4) A 'totally and permanently disabled person' means one who has a  
 36 physical or mental impairment ~~which that~~ substantially precludes him  
 37 from obtaining gainful employment and ~~such impairment~~ appears  
 38 reasonably certain to continue without substantial improvement  
 39 throughout his lifetime.

40           (c) Application. — ~~Applications for the exclusions provided by this section are to be~~  
 41 ~~filed during the regular listing period, but, shall~~ An application for the exclusion provided  
 42 by this section should be filed during the regular listing period, but may be filed and  
 43 must be accepted at any time up to and through April 15 of the calendar year for which  
 44 they are to be effective the exclusion is claimed. When property is owned by two or more

1 persons other than husband and wife and one or more of them qualifies for this  
2 exclusion, each ~~such~~ owner shall apply separately for his or her proportionate share of  
3 the exclusion.

- 4 (1) Elderly Applicants. – Persons 65 years of age or older may apply for  
5 this exclusion by entering the appropriate information on a form made  
6 available by the assessor under G.S. 105-282.1.
- 7 (2) Disabled Applicants. – Persons who are totally and permanently  
8 disabled may apply for this exclusion by (i) entering the appropriate  
9 information on a form made available by the assessor under G.S. 105-  
10 282.1 and (ii) furnishing acceptable proof of their disability. Such  
11 proof shall be in the form of a certificate from a physician licensed to  
12 practice medicine in North Carolina or from a governmental agency  
13 authorized to determine qualification for disability benefits. After a  
14 disabled applicant has qualified for this classification, he or she shall  
15 not be required to furnish an additional certificate unless the  
16 applicant's disability is reduced to the extent that the applicant could  
17 no longer be certified for the taxation at reduced valuation."

18 Sec. 2. G.S. 105-309(f) reads as rewritten:

19 "(f) The following information shall appear on each abstract, or on an information  
20 sheet distributed with the abstract. (The abstract or sheet must include the address and  
21 telephone number of the assessor below the notice required by this subsection):

22 **‘PROPERTY TAX RELIEF FOR ELDERLY AND**  
23 **PERMANENTLY DISABLED PERSONS.**

24 North Carolina excludes from property taxes ~~the first twelve thousand dollars (\$12,000)~~  
25 (assessor insert amount, if amount known, or words "a portion", if amount not known)  
26 of the ~~in-assessed-appraised~~ value of certain property owned by North Carolina residents  
27 aged 65 or older or totally and permanently disabled whose ~~disposable-aggregate~~  
28 household income does not exceed ~~eleven thousand dollars (\$11,000)~~(assessor insert  
29 amount). The exclusion covers real property, or a ~~mobile-manufactured~~ home, occupied  
30 by the owner as his permanent residence. ~~Disposable-Aggregate household income~~  
31 includes all moneys received by every member of the household, other than gifts or  
32 inheritances received from a spouse, ~~a lineal ancestors, ancestor, or a lineal descendants.~~  
33 descendant.

34 If you received this exclusion in (assessor insert previous year), you do not need to  
35 apply again unless you have changed your permanent residence. If you received the  
36 exclusion in (assessor insert previous year) and your ~~disposable-aggregate household~~  
37 income in (assessor insert previous year) was above ~~eleven thousand dollars~~  
38 (\$11,000)(assessor insert amount), you must notify the assessor. If you received the  
39 exclusion in (assessor insert previous year) because you were totally and permanently  
40 disabled and you are no longer totally and permanently disabled, you must notify the  
41 assessor. If the person receiving the ~~exemption-exclusion in~~ (assessor insert previous  
42 year) has died, the person required by law to list the property must notify the assessor.  
43 Failure to make any of the notices required by this paragraph before April 15 will result  
44 in penalties and interest.

1       If you did not receive the exclusion in (assessor insert previous year) but are now  
2 eligible, you may obtain a copy of an application from the assessor. It must be filed by  
3 April 15."

4               Sec. 3. This act shall become effective for taxable years beginning on or after  
5 January 1, 1990.