## GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA 1991 SESSION

## CHAPTER 629 HOUSE BILL 924

AN ACT TO REQUIRE THE ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT COMMISSION TO DETERMINE WHETHER A PROPOSED AIR QUALITY PERMIT IS CONSISTENT WITH LOCAL ZONING AND SUBDIVISION ORDINANCES.

The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

Section 1. G.S. 143-215.108 reads as rewritten:

## "§ 143-215.108. Control of sources of air pollution; permits required.

- (a) After the effective date applicable to any air quality or emission control standards established pursuant to G.S. 143-215.107, no person shall do any of the following things or carry out any of the following activities which contravene or will be likely to contravene such standards until or unless such person shall have applied for and shall have received from the Commission a permit therefor and shall have complied with such conditions, if any, as are prescribed by such permit:
  - (1) Establish or operate any air contaminant source;
  - (2) Build, erect, use or operate any equipment which may result in the emission of air contaminants or which is likely to cause air pollution;
  - (3) Alter or change the construction or method of operation of any equipment or process from which air contaminants are or may be emitted:
  - (4) Enter into a [an] irrevocable contract for the construction and installation of any air-cleaning device, or allow or cause such device to be constructed, installed, or operated.
- (b) The Commission shall act upon all applications for permits so as to effectuate the purpose of this section, by reducing existing air pollution and preventing, so far as reasonably possible, any increased pollution of the air from any additional or enlarged sources.
  - (c) The Commission shall have the power:
    - (1) To grant and renew a permit with such conditions attached as the Commission believes necessary to achieve the purposes of this section;
    - (2) To grant and renew any temporary permit for such period of time as the Commission shall specify even though the action allowed by such permit may result in pollution or increase pollution where conditions make such temporary permit essential;
    - (3) To modify or revoke any permit upon not less than 60 days' written notice to any person affected;

- (4) To require all applications for permits and renewals to be in writing and to prescribe the form of such applications;
- (5) To request such information from an applicant and to conduct such inquiry or investigation as it may deem necessary and to require the submission of plans and specifications prior to acting on any application for a permit;
- (5a) To require that an applicant satisfy the Department that the applicant, or any parent, subsidiary, or other affiliate of the applicant or parent:
  - a. Is financially qualified to carry out the activity for which a permit is required under subsection (a); and
  - b. Has substantially complied with the air quality and emission control standards applicable to any activity in which the applicant has previously engaged, and has been in substantial compliance with federal and state laws, regulations, and rules for the protection of the environment.

As used in this subdivision, the words 'affiliate,' 'parent,' and 'subsidiary' have the same meaning as in 17 Code of Federal Regulations § 240.12b-2 (1 April 1990 Edition);

- (6) To adopt rules, as it deems necessary, establishing the form of applications and permits and procedures for the granting or denial of permits and renewals pursuant to this section; and all permits, renewals and denials shall be in writing;
- (7) To prohibit any stationary source within the State from emitting any air pollutant in amounts which will prevent attainment or maintenance by any other state of any national ambient air quality standard, or interference with measures required to be included in the applicable implementation plan for any other state to prevent deterioration of air quality or protect visibility.
- (d) The Commission shall act on a permit application as quickly as possible. The Commission may conduct any inquiry or investigation it considers necessary before acting on an application and may require an applicant to submit plans, specifications, and other information the Commission considers necessary to evaluate the application. A permit application may not be deemed complete unless it is accompanied by a copy of the request for determination as provided in subsection (f) of this section that bears a date of receipt entered by the clerk of the local government and until the 15-day period for issuance of a determination has elapsed. If the Commission fails to act on an application for a permit deemed complete within 90 days after the applicant submits all information required by the Commission, the application is considered to be approved.
- (e) A permit applicant or permittee who is dissatisfied with a decision of the commission may commence a contested case by filing a petition under G.S. 150B-23 within 30 days after the Commission notifies the applicant or permittee of its decision. If the permit applicant or permittee does not file a petition within the required time, the Commission's decision on the application is final and is not subject to review.

- An applicant for a permit under this section for a new facility or for the expansion of a facility permitted under this section shall request each local government having jurisdiction over any part of the land on which the facility and its appurtenances are to be located to issue a determination as to whether the local government has in effect a zoning or subdivision ordinance applicable to the facility and whether the proposed facility would be consistent with the ordinance. The request to the local government shall be accompanied by a copy of the draft permit application and shall be delivered to the clerk of the local government personally or by certified mail. The determination shall be verified or supported by affidavit signed by the official designated by the local government to make the determination and, if the local government states that the facility is inconsistent with a zoning or subdivision ordinance, shall include a copy of the ordinance and the specific reasons for the determination of inconsistency. A copy of any such determination shall be provided to the applicant when it is submitted to the Commission. The Commission shall not act upon an application for a permit under this section until it has received a determination from each local government requested to make a determination by the applicant. Unless the local government makes a subsequent determination of consistency with all ordinances cited in the determination or the proposed facility is determined by a court of competent jurisdiction to be consistent with the cited ordinances, the Commission shall attach as a condition of the permit a requirement that the applicant, prior to construction or operation of the facility under the permit, comply with all lawfully adopted local ordinances, including those cited in the determination, that apply to the facility at the time of construction or operation of the facility. If a local government fails to submit a determination to the Commission as provided by this subsection within 15 days after receipt of the request, the Commission may proceed to consider the permit application without regard to local zoning and subdivision ordinances. This subsection shall not be construed to limit any opportunity a local government may have to comment on a permit application under any other law or rule. This subsection shall not apply to any facility with respect to which local ordinances are subject to review under either G.S. 104E-6.2 or G.S. 130A-293.
- (e)(g) Any person who is required to hold a permit under this section shall submit to the Department a written description of his current and projected plans to reduce the emission of air contaminants under such permit by source reduction or recycling. The written description shall accompany the payment of the annual permit fee. The written description shall also accompany any application for a new permit, or for modification of an existing permit, under this section. The written description required by this subsection shall not be considered part of a permit application and shall not serve as the basis for the denial of a permit or permit modification."
- Sec. 2. This act becomes effective 1 October 1991 and applies to applications for permits received on or after that date.

In the General Assembly read three times and ratified this the 10th day of July, 1991.

James C. Gardner President of the Senate

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Daniel Blue, Jr. Speaker of the House of Representatives