GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA

SESSION 1991

S 1

SENATE BILL 750

Short Title: Equitable Distribution/Fault. (Public			
Sponsors: Senator Sands.			
Referred to: Ju	idiciary II.		
	April 23, 1991		
	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED		
EQUITABI The General A Secti "(c) Ther the court determan equal divisi	ADD FAULT AS A FACTOR TO BE CONSIDERED FOR LE DISTRIBUTION. ssembly of North Carolina enacts: ton 1. G.S. 50-20(c) reads as rewritten: e shall be an equal division by using net value of marital property unless mines that an equal division is not equitable. If the court determines that on is not equitable, the court shall divide the marital property equitably. It shall consider under this subsection are as follows: The income, property, and liabilities of each party at the time the division of property is to become effective; Any obligation for support arising out of a prior marriage;		
(3)	The duration of the marriage and the age and physical and mental health of both parties;		
(4)	The need of a parent with custody of a child or children of the marriage to occupy or own the marital residence and to use or own its household effects;		
(5)	The expectation of nonvested pension, retirement, or other deferred compensation rights, which is separate property;		
(6)	Any equitable claim to, interest in, or direct or indirect contribution made to the acquisition of such marital property by the party not having title, including joint efforts or expenditures and contributions		

and services, or lack thereof, as a spouse, parent, wage earner or

homemaker;

1	(7) Any	direct or indirect contribution made by one spouse to help educate
2	or d	evelop the career potential of the other spouse;
3	(8) Any	direct contribution to an increase in value of separate property
4	whi	ch occurs during the course of the marriage;
5	(9) The	liquid or nonliquid character of all marital property;
6	(10) The	difficulty of evaluating any component asset or any interest in a
7	busi	iness, corporation or profession, and the economic desirability of
8	reta	ining such asset or interest, intact and free from any claim or
9	inte	rference by the other party;
10	(11) The	tax consequences to each party;
11	(11a)	Acts of either party to maintain, preserve, develop, or expand; or to
12	` ,	waste, neglect, devalue or convert such marital property, during the
13		period after separation of the parties and before the time of
14	•	distribution; and
15	(11b)	The fault of either party including grounds listed under G.S. 50-
16	, ,	16.2; and
17	(12) Any	other factor which the court finds to be just and proper."
18	` /	is act becomes effective October 1, 1991, and applies to claims for
19		filed or pending on or after that date.