GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA

SESSION 1993

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HOUSE BILL 1164

Short Title: DWI Assessments Change.	(Public)
Sponsors: Representatives Holt and Alexander (Co-sponsors).	
Referred to: Courts and Justice.	

April 19, 1993

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT TO CLARIFY THE LAW RELATING TO ASSESSMENTS AND TREATMENT UNDER THE "DRIVING WHILE IMPAIRED" LAW.

The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

Section 1. G.S. 20-179(m) reads as rewritten:

"(m) Assessment and Treatment Required in Certain Cases. – If a defendant being sentenced under this section is placed on probation, he shall be required as a condition of that probation to obtain a substance abuse assessment. assessment if the defendant's alcohol concentration reached or exceeded 0.08.

The judge shall require the defendant to obtain the assessment from an area mental health agency, its designated agent, or a private facility licensed by the State for the treatment of alcoholism and substance abuse. Each assessor shall use the criteria developed and updated by the American Society of Addiction Medicine (ASAM). To the extent practicable, all agencies providing assessments shall employ substance abuse counselors as the assessors. Unless a different time limit is specified in the court's judgment, the defendant shall schedule the assessment within 30 days from the date of the judgment. Any agency performing assessments shall give written notification of its intention to do so to the area mental health authority in the catchment area in which it is located and to the Department of Human Resources. The Secretary of the Department of Human Resources may adopt rules to implement the provisions of this subsection, and these rules may include provisions to allow defendant to obtain assessments and treatment from agencies not located in North Carolina. These rules shall also include methods to ensure that all assessors use the criteria developed and updated by the American Society of Addiction Medicine (ASAM) and that, to the extent practicable,

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assessors are substance abuse counselors. These rules shall also include provision that the assessing agency function as the tracking system for any treatment. The assessing agency shall give the client a standardized test capable of providing uniform research data, including, but not limited to, demographic information, defendant history, assessment results and recommended interventions, approved by the Department of Human Resources to determine chemical dependency. A clinical interview concerning the general status of the defendant with respect to chemical dependency shall be conducted by the assessing agency before making any recommendation for further treatment. A recommendation made by the assessing agency shall be signed by a 'Certified Alcoholism, Drug Abuse or Substance Abuse Counselor', as defined by the Department of Human Resources.

If the assessing agency recommends that the defendant participate in a treatment program, the judge may require the defendant to do so, and he so. The judge shall require the defendant to do so if the defendant's alcohol concentration reached or exceeded 0.20. The judge shall require the defendant to execute a Release of Information authorizing the treatment agency to report his progress to the court or the Department of Correction. The judge may order the defendant to participate in an appropriate treatment program at the time he is ordered to obtain an assessment, or he may order him to reappear in court when the assessment is completed to determine if a condition of probation requiring participation in treatment should be imposed. An order of the court shall not require the defendant to participate in any treatment program for more than 90 days unless a longer treatment program is recommended by the assessing agency and his alcohol concentration was .15 or greater as indicated by a chemical analysis taken when he was charged or this was a second or subsequent offense within five years. At the time of sentencing the judge shall require the defendant to pay one hundred twenty-five dollars (\$125.00). The payment of the fee of one hundred twentyfive dollars (\$125.00) shall be (i) fifty dollars (\$50.00) to the assessing agency and (ii) seventy-five dollars (\$75.00) to either a treatment facility or to an alcohol and drug education traffic school depending upon the recommendation made by the assessing agency. Fees received by the Area Mental Health, Developmental Disabilities, and Substance Abuse Authorities under this section shall be administered pursuant to G.S. 20-179.2(e), provided, however that the provisions of G.S. 20-179.2(c) shall not apply to monies received under this section. The operators of the local alcohol and drug education traffic school may change the length of time required to complete the school in accordance with administrative costs, provided, however that the length and the curriculum of the school shall be approved by the Commission for Mental Health, Developmental Disabilities, and Substance Abuse Services and in no event shall the school be less than five hours in length. If the defendant is treated by an area mental health facility, G.S. 122C-146 applies after receipt of the seventy-five dollar (\$75.00) fee. If an area mental health facility or its contractor is providing treatment or education services to a defendant pursuant to this subsection, the area facility or its contractor may require that the defendant pay the fees prescribed by law for the services before it certifies that the defendant has completed the recommended treatment or educational 1 2

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program. Any determinations with regard to the defendant's ability to pay the assessment fee shall be made by the judge.

In those cases in which no substance abuse handicap is identified, that finding shall be filed with the court and the defendant shall be required to attend an alcohol and drug education traffic school. When treatment is required, the treatment agency's progress reports shall be filed with the court or the Department of Correction at intervals of no greater than six months until the termination of probation or the treatment agency determines and reports that no further treatment is appropriate. If the defendant is required to participate in a treatment program and he completes the recommended treatment, he does not have to attend the alcohol and drug education traffic school. Upon the completion of the court-ordered assessment and court-ordered treatment or school, the assessing or treatment agency or school shall give the Division of Motor Vehicles the original of the certificate of completion, shall provide the defendant with a copy of that certificate, and shall retain a copy of the certificate on file for a period of five years. The Division of Motor Vehicles shall not reissue the drivers license of a defendant ordered to obtain assessment, participate in a treatment program or school unless it has received the original certificate of completion from the assessing or treatment agency or school or a certificate of completion sent by the agency subsequent to a court order as hereinafter provided; provided, however that a defendant may be issued a limited driving privilege pursuant to G.S. 20-179.3. Unless the judge has waived the fee, no certificate shall be issued unless the agency or school has received the fifty dollar (\$50.00) fee and the seventy-five dollar (\$75.00) fee as appropriate. A defendant may within 90 days after an agency decision to decline to certify, by filing a motion in the criminal case, request that a judge presiding in the court in which he was convicted review the decision of an assessment or treatment agency to decline to certify that the defendant has completed the assessment or treatment. The agency whose decision is being reviewed shall be notified at least 10 days prior to any hearing to review its decision. If the judge determines that the defendant has obtained an assessment, has completed the treatment, or has made an effort to do so that is reasonable under the circumstances, as the case may be, the judge shall order that the agency send a certificate of completion to the Division of Motor Vehicles.

The Department of Human Resources may approve programs offered in another state if they are substantially similar to programs approved in this State, and if that state recognizes North Carolina programs for similar purposes. The defendant shall be responsible for the fees at the approved program."

Sec. 2. This act becomes effective October 1, 1993, and applies to assessments ordered on or after that date.