GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA

SESSION 1993

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HOUSE BILL 965

Short Title: Repeal Prison Cap.	(Public)
Sponsors: Representatives P. Wilson; Balmer, Bowman, Cummings and Wood.	, Decker, Flaherty,
Referred to: Courts and Justice.	

April 15, 1993

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

2 AN ACT TO INCREASE PUBLIC SAFETY BY REPEALING THE PRISON STABILIZATION ACT.

4 The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

Section 1. G.S. 148-4.1 reads as rewritten:

"§ 148-4.1. Release of inmates.

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- (a) Whenever the Secretary of Correction determines from data compiled by the Department of Correction that it is necessary to reduce the prison population to a more manageable level, he shall direct the Parole Commission to release on parole over a reasonable period of time a number of prisoners sufficient to that purpose.
- (b) Except as provided in subsection (c) and (e), (c), only inmates who are otherwise eligible for parole pursuant to Article 85 of Chapter 15A or pursuant to Article 3B of this Chapter may be released under this section.
- (c) Persons eligible for parole under Article 85A of Chapter 15A shall be eligible for early parole under this section nine-six months prior to the discharge date otherwise applicable, and six-three months prior to the date of automatic 90-day parole authorized by G.S. 15A-1380.2. G.S. 15A-1380.2; provided, however, when the Secretary of Correction certifies that in his opinion a person eligible for parole under Article 85A of Chapter 15A poses no threat to society, that person shall be eligible for early parole under this section nine months prior to the discharge date otherwise applicable, and six months prior to the date of automatic 90-day parole authorized by G.S. 15A-1380.2.
- (d) If the number of prisoners housed in facilities owned or operated by the State of North Carolina for the Division of Prisons exceeds ninety eight percent (98%) of

20,900 for 15 consecutive days, the Secretary of Correction shall notify the Governor and the Chairman of the Parole Commission of this fact. Upon receipt of this notification, the Parole Commission shall within 90 days release on parole a number of inmates sufficient to reduce the prison population to ninety-seven percent (97%) of 20,900.

From the date of the notification until the prison population has been reduced to ninety-seven percent (97%) of 20,900, the Secretary may not accept any inmates ordered transferred from local confinement facilities to the State prison system under G.S. 148-32.1(b). Further, the Secretary may return any inmate housed in the State prison system under an order entered pursuant to G.S. 148-32.1(b) to the local confinement facility from which the inmate was transferred.

- (e) In addition to those persons otherwise eligible for parole, from the date of notification in subsection (d) until the prison population has been reduced to ninety-seven percent (97%) of 20,900, any person imprisoned only for a misdemeanor also shall be eligible for parole and immediate termination upon admission, notwithstanding any other provision of law, except:
 - (1) Those persons convicted under G.S. 20-138.1 of driving while impaired or any offense involving impaired driving, and
 - (2) Those persons convicted pursuant to G.S. 130A-25 of failing to obtain the treatment required by Part 3 or Part 5 of Article 6 of Chapter 130A or of violating G.S. 130A-144(f) or G.S. 130A-145.
- (f) In complying with the mandate of subsection (d), the Parole Commission may exercise the discretion granted to refuse parole by G.S. 15A-1371 in selecting felons to be paroled under this section so long as the prison population does not exceed 20,900.
- (g) In order to meet the requirements of this section, the Parole Commission shall not parole any person convicted under Article 7A of Chapter 14 of a sex offense, under G.S. 14-39, 14-41, or 14-43.3, under G.S. 90-95(h) of a drug trafficking offense, or under G.S. 14-17. The Parole Commission may continue to consider the suitability for release of such persons in accordance with the criteria set forth in Articles 85 and 85A of Chapter 15A."
 - Sec. 2. G.S. 148-32.1(b) reads as rewritten:
- "(b) In the event that the custodian of the local confinement facility certifies in writing to the clerk of the superior court in the county in which said local confinement facility is located that the local confinement facility is filled to capacity, or that the facility cannot reasonably accommodate any more prisoners due to segregation requirements for particular prisoners, or that the custodian anticipates, in light of local experiences, an influx of temporary prisoners at that time, or if the local confinement facility does not meet the minimum standards published pursuant to G.S. 153A-221, any judge of the district court in the district court district as defined in G.S. 7A-133 where the facility is located, or any superior court judge who has jurisdiction pursuant to G.S. 7A-47.1 or 7A-48 in a district or set of districts as defined in G.S. 7A-41.1 where the facility is located may order that the prisoner be transferred to any other qualified local confinement facility within that district or within another such district where space is available, including a satellite jail unit operated pursuant to G.S. 153A-230.3 if the

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- prisoner is a non-violent misdemeanant, which local facility shall accept the transferred 2 prisoner, if the prison population has exceeded the limits established in G.S. 148-4.1(d). 3 misdemeanant. If no such local confinement facility is available, then any such judge may order the prisoner transferred to such camp or facility as the proper authorities of 4 5 the Department of Correction shall designate, notwithstanding that the term of imprisonment of the prisoner is 180 days or less. In no event, however, shall a prisoner 6 7 whose term of imprisonment is less than 30 days be assigned or ordered transferred to 8 any such camp or facility."
 - Sec. 3. Section 6 of Chapter 7 of the 1987 Session Laws is repealed.
 - Sec. 4. Section 14 of Chapter 933 of the 1989 Session Laws is repealed.
- Sec. 5. Sections 10 and 11 of Chapter 437 of the 1991 Session Laws are 11 12 repealed.
- 13 Sec. 6. This act is effective upon ratification.