GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA

SESSION 1993

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SENATE BILL 1013 Manufacturing and Labor Committee Substitute Adopted 6/14/93

Short Title: Workforce Preparedness Act.

(Public)

Sponsors:

Referred to: Appropriations.

May 3, 1993

1	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
2	AN ACT TO ENACT THE WORKFORCE PREPAREDNESS ACT, AND TO MAKE
3	CONFORMING CHANGES TO THE GENERAL STATUTES.
4	The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:
5	Section 1. Chapter 143 of the General Statutes is amended by adding the
6	following new Article to read:
7	'' <u>ARTICLE 64.</u>
8	WORKFORCE PREPAREDNESS ACT.
9	" <u>§ 143-592. Title; purpose.</u>
10	(a) This Article may be known and shall be cited as the North Carolina
11	Workforce Preparedness Act.
12	(b) The purpose of this act is to develop a comprehensive State policy to guide
13	the use of vocational education, adult basic education, employment, job training, and
14	other resources toward the achievement of State workforce preparedness goals by:
15	(1) Articulating and clarifying State policy and goals with regard to
16	vocational education, adult basic education, employment, job training,
17	and other applicable federal programs; and
18	(2) <u>Provide for legislative review and comment on certain reports, plans,</u>
19	and recommendations.
20	" <u>§ 143-593. State policy on workforce preparedness.</u>
21	(a) It is the policy of this State that all federal, State, and local government
22	resources provided for vocational education, adult basic education, employment, and

2

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA

1	ich train	ing pr	ograms be coordinated to effect an efficient workforce preparedness
1 2		ing pr	ograms be coordinated to effect all efficient workforce preparedness
2 3	system.	The	scale of the State workforce preparations programs are:
	<u>(b)</u>		goals of the State workforce preparedness programs are:
4		$\frac{(1)}{(2)}$	To assist North Carolinians in obtaining gainful employment;
5		<u>(2)</u>	To reduce dependence upon public assistance and unemployment
6		(2)	insurance programs; To develop a well trained, and dusting work force that mosts the needs
7		<u>(3)</u>	To develop a well-trained, productive work force that meets the needs
8		(A)	of the State's changing economy; and
9		<u>(4)</u>	To make maximum use of existing institutions and organizations with
10			demonstrated effectiveness in employment and training service
11	(a)	The	<u>delivery.</u>
12 13	<u>(c)</u>		State's goals shall be accomplished by:
		<u>(1)</u>	Preparing unskilled youth and adults, and economically disadvantaged
14 15		(2)	persons, for entry into the work force;
13 16		<u>(2)</u>	<u>Retraining people who are structurally unemployed, who are jobless</u> through no fault of their own, or who must upgrade or retrain for job
10 17			skills in other fields;
17		(2)	<u>Removing barriers to employment and designing programs that will be</u>
18 19		<u>(3)</u>	responsive to the special needs of offenders, handicapped persons,
19 20			public assistance recipients, school dropouts, single parents, women
20 21			age 35 years or older, and other appropriate groups;
21		(4)	Insuring that timely and accurate statewide labor market data are
22		<u>(+)</u>	available;
23		(5)	Linking employment and training services with economic development
25		<u>(J)</u>	efforts, except as prohibited by the Job Training Partnership Act;
26		<u>(6)</u>	Providing employment and training opportunities to meet the needs of
20 27		<u>(0)</u>	industries utilizing advanced technology; and
28		<u>(7)</u>	Avoiding unnecessary duplication of employment and training services
29		<u>(,)</u>	by State agencies; and
30		<u>(8)</u>	Requiring instruction on worker safety and health standards and
31		<u>(°)</u>	practices as a part of employment and job training programs
32			administered under this Part.
33	<u>(d)</u>	The s	guidelines for developing a coordinated workforce preparedness system
34	are:		,
35	<u></u>	<u>(1)</u>	The system should achieve a level of integration of workforce
36		<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	preparedness programs to provide a continuum of services for eligible
37			recipients;
38		<u>(2)</u>	The system should give high priority to training the kinds of skilled
39		<i>-</i>	workers that would both attract and grow high-skilled, high-wage
40			industries;
41		<u>(3)</u>	Each program within the system should accurately measure desired
42		~ 7	outcomes to insure that each public dollar yields the greatest return on
43			investment; and

	1993	GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA		
1 2 3	<u>(4)</u>	The system must provide maximum flexibility at the local level to allow greater freedom for local leaders to shape local plans and objectives according to their labor market needs.		
4	" <u>§ 143-594.</u> De			
5	As used in t	his Article, unless the context clearly requires otherwise:		
6 7	<u>(1)</u>	<u>'Commission' means the Commission on Workforce Preparedness</u> established under this Article;		
8	<u>(2)</u>	'System' means the workforce preparedness system consisting of		
9	<u> </u>	workforce preparedness programs as specified in G.S. 143-596;		
10	<u>(3)</u>	'Workforce preparedness program' means any of the State or federal		
11		resource programs designated as such under G.S. 143-596 or		
12		applicable federal law.		
13	" <u>§ 143-595.</u> Co	ommission on Workforce Preparedness.		
14		tablished in the Office of the Governor the Commission on Workforce		
15		as permitted by Title VII of the Job Training Reform Amendments of		
16	1992.			
17	" <u>§ 14</u> 3-596. W	orkforce Preparedness Programs.		
18	(a) The	federal resource programs created by the following federal legislation are		
19	designated as N	North Carolina's Workforce Preparedness Programs:		
20	<u>(1)</u>	Adult Education Act (20 U.S.C. § 1201, et seq.);		
21	<u>(2)</u>	Carl D. Perkins Vocational and Applied Technology Education Act		
22		<u>(20 U.S.C. § 2301, et seq.);</u>		
23	<u>(3)</u>	Wagner-Peyser Act (29 U.S.C. § 49, et seq.);		
24 25	<u>(4)</u>	National and Community Service Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. § 12501, et seq.);		
26	<u>(5)</u>	Part F of Title IV of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. § 681, et seq.);		
27	$\overrightarrow{(6)}$	Job Training Partnership Act (29 U.S.C. § 1501, et seq.);		
28 29	(7)	Food Stamp Act of 1977 employment program (7 U.S.C. § 2015(d)(4); and		
30	(8)	All other applicable federal human resource programs except for those		
31	<u>(0)</u>	programs under the federal Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C. §		
32		701, et seq.).		
33	(b) All S	State resource programs which involve vocational education, basic and		
34	~ ~ ~ ~ ~	tion, or job training, are designated as workforce preparedness programs.		
35		overnor's Coordination and Special Services Plan.		
36		nor's Coordination and Special Services Plan shall comply with the		
37		ection 121 of the Job Training Partnership Act.		
38	*	mployment and Training Grant Program.		
39		e is established in the Department of Commerce, Division of		
40		nd Training, an Employment and Training Grant Program. The purpose		
41	- ·	is to make grants available to local agencies operating on behalf of the		
42		y Council serving Job Training Partnership Act service delivery areas.		
43	Grant funds s	Grant funds shall be allocated for the purpose of enabling recipient agencies to		
44	implement loc	al employment and training programs in accordance with existing		

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA

resources, local needs, local goals, and selected training occupations. The Department 1 2 shall adopt rules in accordance with Chapter 150B of the General Statutes for 3 administering the Employment and Training Grant Program, which rules shall include procedures for review and approval of grant applications by local agencies and for 4 monitoring use of grant funds by recipient agencies. A State-administered program of 5 6 performance standards shall be used to measure grant program outcomes. 7 Use of Grant Funds. - Local agencies may use funds received under this (b) 8 section only for the purpose of upgrading the foundation of basic skills of the adult 9 population and the existing work force in North Carolina. Services that may be provided 10 include participant programs currently available under the federal Job Training Partnership Act that are appropriate for adults; on-the-job training; work experience; 11 12 adult basic education; skills training, upgrading, and retraining; counseling and screening for job placement; service corps; and related support services. Local agencies 13 14 may use grant funds to provide services only to individuals who are 18 years of age or 15 older and who either (i) meet the current federal Job Training Partnership Act definition of 'economically disadvantaged', or (ii) meet the current definition for eligibility under 16 17 Title III of the federal Job Training Partnership Act. 18 (c)Allocation of Grants. - The Department may reserve and allocate up to twenty percent (20%) of funds available to the Employment and Training Grant 19 20 Program for State and local administrative costs to implement the program. The 21 Division of Employment and Training shall allocate employment and training grants to local agencies operating on behalf of the Private Industry Council serving Job Training 22 23 Partnership Act service delivery areas based on the following formula: 24 One-half of the funds shall be allocated on the basis of the relative (1)excess number of unemployed individuals residing in each county as 25 26 compared to the total excess number of unemployed individuals in all 27 counties in the State. 'Excess number of unemployed' is defined as the number of 28 29 unemployed individuals in excess of four and one-half percent (4.5%) 30 of the civilian labor force in each county or the number of unemployed 31 individuals in excess of four and one-half percent (4.5%) of the 32 civilian labor force in each census tract within the county. The following methodology is used to determine the excess number of 33 34 unemployed: 35 For counties classified as having excess unemployment, the <u>a.</u> excess number of unemployed is determined by subtracting four 36 37 and one-half percent (4.5%) of the civilian labor force from the 38 number of unemployed individuals within the county. The 39 difference equals the number of excess unemployed. In situations where the entire county is not classified as having 40 <u>b.</u> 41 excess unemployment, the excess number of unemployed is determined by census tract unemployment within the county. 42 43 Census tract data is used to determine which subcounty areas 44 qualify as areas of excess unemployment. In those subcounty

	1993	GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA
1		areas classified as having excess unemployment (census tracts
2		with four and one-half percent (4.5%) or higher unemployment
3		rates), four and one-half percent (4.5%) of the census tract labor
4		force is subtracted from the number of unemployed individuals
5		within the area of excess unemployment. The subcounty figures
)		of excess number of unemployed within the county are then
		added together to determine the total excess number of
		unemployed within the county.
	<u>(2</u>)	One-half of the funds shall be allocated on the basis of the relative
		number of economically disadvantaged individuals within each county
		compared to the total number of economically disadvantaged
		individuals in the State. To determine the number of economically
		disadvantaged individuals within each county, data from the State Data
		Center in the Office of State Budget and Management, or from the
		federal decennial census, whichever is most recent, shall be used.
		ports, Coordination. – The Department of Commerce shall report quarterly
		nor and to the Speaker of the House of Representatives and the President
	-	e of the Senate on the North Carolina Employment and Training Grant
	•	e Department shall also provide a copy of these quarterly reports to the
		. The Commission shall advise the Department on the merger of the funds mplement this section with other employment and training funds to develop
	<u> </u>	ve workforce preparedness initiatives for the State.
	· · · ·	ands appropriated to the Department of Commerce for the Employment and
		ant Program that are not expended at the end of the fiscal year shall not
		all remain available to the Department for the purposes established in this
	section."	an remain available to the Department for the purposes established in this
,		c. 2. Part 3A of Article 10 of Chapter 143B of the General Statutes is
	repealed.	
	1	c. 3. The phrase "Job Training Coordinating Council" is deleted and
		he phrase "Commission on Workforce Preparedness" wherever it occurs in
	the General S	Statutes.
	Se	c. 4. This act is effective upon ratification.