GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA

EXTRA SESSION 1994

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HOUSE BILL 118

| Short Title: Co | urt Costs to Crime Stoppers. | (Public) |
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| Sponsors: Repre | esentatives Luebke; Michaux and Bowman. | |
| Referred to: Co | ourts and Justice. | • |
| | February 14, 1994 | |
| GENERAL STOPPERS The General As Section "§ 7A-304. Con (a) In ev | A BILL TO BE ENTITLED INCREASE THE COSTS IN CRIMINAL ACTION COURT OF JUSTICE TO PROVIDE FUNDS FOR "PROGRAMS. "Seembly of North Carolina enacts: on 1. G.S. 7A-304 reads as rewritten: sts in criminal actions. ery criminal case in the superior or district court, when | R LOCAL "CRIME derein the defendant |
| against the pro except that wh assessed and co | renters a plea of guilty or nolo contendere , or when secuting witness, the following costs shall be assed the interpolation imposes an active prison senter collected only when the judgment specifically so prosessed when a case is dismissed. For each arrest or personal service of criminal citations and subpoenas, the sum of five dollars (\$5 to the county wherein the arrest was made or proceed that in those cases in which the arrest was | ssed and collected, nce, costs shall be ovides, and that no process, including 5.00), to be remitted rocess was served, |
| (2) | served by a law-enforcement officer employed by fee shall be paid to the municipality employing the For the use of the courtroom and related judicial fasix dollars (\$6.00) in the district court, including | a municipality, the officer. acilities, the sum of |

magistrate, and the sum of twenty-four dollars (\$24.00) in superior

court, to be remitted to the county in which the judgment is rendered.

In all cases where the judgment is rendered in facilities provided by a

- municipality, the facilities fee shall be paid to the municipality. Funds derived from the facilities fees shall be used exclusively by the county or municipality for providing, maintaining, and constructing adequate courtroom and related judicial facilities, including: adequate space and furniture for judges, district attorneys, public defenders, magistrates, juries, and other court related personnel; office space, furniture and vaults for the clerk; jail and juvenile detention facilities; free parking for jurors; and a law library (including books) if one has heretofore been established or if the governing body hereafter decides to establish one. In the event the funds derived from the facilities fees exceed what is needed for these purposes, the county or municipality may, with the approval of the Administrative Officer of the Courts as to the amount, use any or all of the excess to retire outstanding indebtedness incurred in the construction of the facilities, or to reimburse the county or municipality for funds expended in constructing or renovating the facilities (without incurring any indebtedness) within a period of two years before or after the date a district court is established in such county, or to supplement the operations of the General Court of Justice in the county.
- (3) For the retirement and insurance benefits of both State and local government law-enforcement officers, the sum of seven dollars and twenty-five cents (\$7.25), to be remitted to the State Treasurer. Fifty cents (50¢) of this sum shall be administered as is provided in Article 12C of Chapter 143 of the General Statutes. Five dollars and seventy-five cents (\$5.75) of this sum shall be administered as is provided in Article 12E of Chapter 143 of the General Statutes, with one dollar and twenty-five cents (\$1.25) being administered in accordance with the provisions of G.S. 143-166.50(e). One dollar (\$1.00) of this sum shall be administered as is provided in Article 12F of Chapter 143 of the General Statutes.
- (3a) For the supplemental pension benefits of sheriffs, the sum of seventy-five cents (75¢), to be remitted to the Department of Justice and administered under the provisions of Article 12G of Chapter 143 of the General Statutes.
- (4) For support of the General Court of Justice, the sum of forty-one dollars (\$41.00) in the district court, including cases before a magistrate, and the sum of forty-eight dollars (\$48.00) in the superior court, to be remitted to the State Treasurer.
- (5) For using pretrial release services, the district or superior court judge shall, upon conviction, impose a fee of fifteen dollars (\$15.00) to be remitted to the county providing the pretrial release services. This cost shall be assessed and collected only if the defendant had been accepted and released to the supervision of the agency providing the pretrial release services.

- (6) For support of the General Court of Justice, for the issuance by the clerk of a report to the Division of Motor Vehicles pursuant to G.S. 20-24.2, the sum of fifty dollars (\$50.00), to be remitted to the State Treasurer. Upon a showing to the court that the defendant failed to appear because of an error or omission of a judicial official, a prosecutor, or a law-enforcement officer, the court shall waive this fee.
- (7) For support of local Crime Stoppers, Inc., or CrimeStoppers, Inc., programs, the sum of one dollar (\$1.00), to be remitted to the State Treasurer.
- (a1) The costs assessed pursuant to subsection (a) may also be collected by clerks of court for charges in which a party elects to pay the court's costs to satisfy the requirements of G.S. 20-7.2. Costs collected pursuant to this subsection shall be allocated in the same manner as other costs collected pursuant to this section. If a party elects to pay the costs of court to satisfy the requirements of G.S. 20-7.2 and is subsequently adjudged guilty of the same charge by the court, he shall not be required to pay the costs of court again for that charge, but he is subject to any other orders of the court, including an order to pay a fine.
- (b) On appeal, costs are cumulative, and costs assessed before a magistrate shall be added to costs assessed in the district court, and costs assessed in the district court shall be added to costs assessed in the superior court, except that the fee for the Law-Enforcement Officers' Benefit and Retirement Fund and the Sheriffs' Supplemental Pension Fund and the fee for pretrial release services shall be assessed only once in each case. No superior court costs shall be assessed against a defendant who gives notice of appeal from the district court but withdraws it prior to the expiration of the 10-day period for entering notice of appeal. When a case is reversed on appeal, the defendant shall not be liable for costs, and the State shall be liable for the cost of printing records and briefs in the Appellate Division.
- (c) Witness fees, expenses for blood tests and comparisons incurred by G.S. 8-50.1(a), jail fees and cost of necessary trial transcripts shall be assessed as provided by law in addition to other costs set out in this section. Nothing in this section shall limit the power or discretion of the judge in imposing fines or forfeitures or ordering restitution.
- (d) In any criminal case in which the liability for costs, fines, restitution, or any other lawful charge has been finally determined, the clerk of superior court shall, unless otherwise ordered by the presiding judge, disburse such funds when paid in accordance with the following priorities:
 - (1) Costs due the county;
 - (2) Costs due the city;
 - (3) Fines to the county school fund;
 - (4) Sums in restitution prorated among the persons entitled thereto;
 - (5) Costs due the State;
 - (5a) Sums collected for the local Crime Stoppers, Inc., or CrimeStoppers, Inc., programs;
 - (6) Attorney's fees.

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Sums in restitution received by the clerk of superior court shall be disbursed when:

- (1) Complete restitution has been received; or
- (2) When, in the opinion of the clerk, additional payments in restriction will not be collected; or
- (3) Upon the request of the person or persons entitled thereto; and
- (4) In any event, at least once each calendar year.
- (e) Unless otherwise provided by law, the costs assessed pursuant to this section for criminal actions disposed of in the district court are also applicable to infractions disposed of in the district court. The costs assessed in superior court for criminal actions appealed from district court to superior court are also applicable to infractions appealed to superior court. If an infraction is disposed of in the superior court pursuant to G.S. 7A-271(d), costs applicable to the original charge are applicable to the infraction.
- (f) The costs assessed for support of local programs of Crime Stoppers, Inc., or CrimeStoppers, Inc., shall be remitted quarterly by the clerk to the State Treasurer for disbursement to local Crime Stoppers, Inc., and CrimeStoppers, Inc., programs. If a jurisdiction does not have a local Crime Stoppers, Inc., or CrimeStoppers, Inc., program, the sums collected for support of Crime Stoppers, Inc., or CrimeStoppers, Inc., shall be paid on a pro rata basis to those Crime Stoppers, Inc., and CrimeStoppers, Inc., programs receiving disbursements under this section."
 - Sec. 2. This act becomes effective July 1, 1994.