## GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA

## **EXTRA SESSION 1994**

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## **HOUSE BILL 187**

Short Title: Amend Burglary Laws.  Sponsors: Representatives Hunt; Bowman and Hill.  Referred to: Judiciary III.			
			February 14, 1994
			A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
AN ACT TO	REDEFINE THE OFFENSES OF FIRST AND SECOND DEGREE		
BURGLAF	RY.		
	ssembly of North Carolina enacts:		
	ion 1. Article 14 of Chapter 14 of the General Statutes is amended by		
•	owing new sections to read:		
" <u>§ 14-51.1. Do</u>			
	ing definitions apply to G.S. 14-51.2 and G.S. 14-51.3:		
<u>(1)</u>	Building. – Any structure or part of a structure, other than a		
	conveyance, enclosed so as to permit reasonable entry only through a		
(2)	door and roofed to protect it from the elements.		
<u>(2)</u>	<u>Dangerous weapon. – A firearm, a knife or other instrument with a point or sharp adds subject to ready use as a yeapon a destructive of the contractive of the contr</u>		
	point or sharp edge subject to ready use as a weapon, a destructive device, or an object or substance designed, altered, used, or possessed		
	for the purpose of inflicting or threatening to inflict serious bodily		
	injury. A closed pocket knife that is neither displayed nor used is not a		
	dangerous weapon.		
(3)	Dwelling. – A building being used as an individual's home, a room		
<u>(2)</u>	regularly being used for sleeping in a building other than a home, or a		
	conveyance designed and being used for the overnight lodging of		
	people.		
(4)	Serious bodily injury. – Bodily injury that creates a substantial risk of		
<del>/</del>	death or that causes serious permanent disfigurement, a coma, a		

permanent or protracted condition that causes extreme pain, or a

permanent or protracted loss or impairment of the function of any 1 2 bodily member or organ. 3

# "§ 14-51.2. First degree burglary.

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- Offense. A person commits the offense of first degree burglary if, without consent and with the intent to commit any felony or larceny, the person breaks and enters during the day or at night into the dwelling of another while the dwelling is actually occupied.
  - (b) Punishment. – A violation of this section is a Class C felony.

### "§ 14-51.3. Second degree burglary.

- Offense. A person commits the offense of second degree burglary if, (a) without consent and with the intent to commit any felony or larceny, the person does both of the following:
  - (1) Breaks and enters during the day or at night into the unoccupied dwelling of another or into any occupied or unoccupied building within the curtilage of the dwelling; and
  - Is armed with a dangerous weapon at the time of the breaking and (2) entering or steals a dangerous weapon during the breaking and entering.
  - Punishment. A violation of this section is a Class D felony. (b) Sec. 2. The following statutes are repealed: G.S. 14-51 and G.S. 14-52.
- Sec. 3. This act becomes effective July 1, 1995, and applies to offenses committed on or after that date. Prosecutions for offenses committed before the effective date of this act are not abated or affected by this act, and the statutes that would be applicable but for this act remain applicable to those prosecutions.