SESSION 1995

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HOUSE BILL 1064 Committee Substitute Favorable 6/18/96

Short Title: Study Restore Tax Burden on Wealthy.

(Public)

Sponsors:

Referred to:

May 15, 1995

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

- AN ACT TO REQUIRE THE STUDY OF RESTORING THE TAX BURDEN ON THE
 WEALTHY IN ORDER TO HELP EDUCATION AND REDUCE THE FOOD
- 4 TAX.

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5 The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

6 Section 1. The Legislative Research Commission Study Committee on 7 Revenue Laws shall study the merits of the following legislation contained in Section 2 8 of this act which would restore the tax burden on the wealthy in order to help education 9 and reduce the food tax.

10 Sec. 2. The following legislation was contained in Proposed Committee 11 Substitute for House Bill 1064 (H1064-CSLC-6/13). It is set forth in this act for 12 illustrative purposes only.

(a) Whereas, the repeal of the intangibles tax by Senate Bill 8 grants a large tax
 reduction to wealthy individuals and large businesses who previously paid the great
 majority of the intangibles tax; and

16 Whereas, these tax reductions for the wealthy and for large businesses will be 17 paid for by reimbursements to local governments from the State's General Fund; and

1 2 3	Whereas, rather than being used to give a tax break to the wealthy and to large businesses, the State's General Fund dollars could be used to restore education funding cut in the budget and to reduce the food tax for all citizens; and
4 5	Whereas, for these reasons, the General Assembly by this act restores taxes on the wealthy and on large corporations that were eliminated by the intangibles tax repeal
6	of Senate Bill 8; Now, therefore,
7	(b) G.S. 105-120.2 reads as rewritten:
8	"§ 105-120.2. Franchise or privilege tax on holding companies.
9	(a) Every corporation, domestic and foreign, incorporated or, by an act,
10	domesticated under the laws of this State or doing business in this State which, at the
11	close of its taxable year is a holding company as defined in subsection (c) of this section,
12	shall, pursuant to the provisions of G.S. 105-122:
13	(1) Make a report and statement, and
14	(2) Determine the total amount of its issued and outstanding capital stock,
15	surplus and undivided profits, and
16	(3) Apportion such outstanding capital stock, surplus and undivided profits
17	to this State.
18	Tax. – An annual privilege tax is imposed on holding companies. This tax is in lieu
19	of the tax imposed by G.S. 105-122. A holding company shall report and pay the tax at
20	the time set in G.S. 105-122 for reporting and paying the tax imposed by that section.
21	(b) (1) Every corporation taxed under this section shallannually pay
22 23	to the Secretary of Revenue, at the time the report and statement are due, a franchise or privilege tax, which is hereby levied, at the rate of
23 24	one dollar and fifty cents (\$1.50) per one thousand dollars (\$1,000) of
24 25	the amount determined under subsection (a) of this section, but in no
23 26	case shall the tax be more than seventy-five thousand dollars
20 27	(\$75,000) nor less than thirty-five dollars (\$35.00).
28	(2) Notwithstanding the provisions of subdivision (1) of this subsection, if
29	the tax produced pursuant to application of this paragraph (2) exceeds
30	the tax produced pursuant to application of subdivision (1), then the tax
31	shall be levied at the rate of one dollar and fifty cents (\$1.50) per one
32	thousand dollars (\$1,000) on the greater of the amounts of
33	a. Fifty-five percent (55%) of the appraised value as determined for
34	ad valorem taxation of all the real and tangible personal property
35	in this State of each such corporation plus the total appraised
36	value of intangible property returned for taxation of intangible
37	personal property as computed under G.S. 105-122(d); or
38	b. The total actual investment in tangible property in this State of
39	such corporation as computed under G.S. 105-122(d).
40	Rate. – The tax rate is one dollar and seventy cents (\$1.70) for each one thousand
41	dollars (\$1,000) of value of the greatest of:
42	(1) The holding company's issued and outstanding capital stock, surplus,
43	and undivided profits determined in accordance with G.S. 105-122.

1	(2) <u>Fifty-five percent (55%) of the appraised value as determined for ad</u>
2	valorem tax purposes of the holding company's real and tangible
3	personal property in this State as determined annually under G.S. 105-
4	<u>122(d).</u>
5	(3) The holding company's investment in tangible property in this State
6	determined in accordance with G.S. 105-122(d).
7	The tax imposed under subdivision (1) of this subsection may not exceed two
8	hundred thousand dollars (\$200,000). The tax imposed by this section may not be less
9	than the minimum tax set in G.S. 105-122.
10	(c) For purposes of this section, a Definition A 'holding company' is any
11	corporation which a corporation that receives during its taxable year more than eighty
12	percent (80%) of its gross income from corporations in which it owns directly or
13	indirectly more than fifty percent (50%) of the outstanding voting stock.
14	(d) Repealed by Session Laws 1985, c. 656, s. 39.
15	(e) <u>No Local Tax. – Counties, cities cities,</u> and towns shall not levy a franchise tax
16	on corporations a holding company taxed under this section. The tax imposed under the
17	provisions of G.S. 105-122 shall not apply to businesses taxed under the provisions of this
18	section.
19	(f) <u>Credit. – A credit is allowed against the tax imposed by this section for a</u>
20	holding company's investments in certain corporations in accordance with Division V of
21	Article 4 of this Chapter. In determining the total tax payable by any holding company under
22	this section, there shall be allowed as a credit on such tax the amount of the credit authorized
23	under Division V of Article 4 of this Chapter."
24	(c) G.S. 105-122(d) reads as rewritten:
25 26	"(d) After determining the proportion of its total capital stock, surplus and
26	undivided profits as set out in subsection (c) of this section, which amount so determined shall in no area he less than fifty five percent (55%) of the empraised value as determined
27	shall in no case be less than fifty-five percent (55%) of the appraised value as determined
28 29	for ad valorem taxation of all the real and tangible personal property in this State of each
29 30	such corporation plus the total appraised value of intangible property returned for taxation of intengible personal property as begin gradified per loss than its total actual investment in
30 31	intangible personal property as herein specified nor less than its total actual investment in tangible property in this State, every corporation taxed under this section shall annually
32	pay to the Secretary of Revenue, at the time the report and statement are due, a franchise
32 33	or privilege tax, which is hereby levied at the rate of one dollar and fifty cents (\$1.50) one
33 34	<u>dollar and seventy cents (\$1.70)</u> per one thousand dollars (\$1,000) of the total amount of
35	capital stock, surplus and undivided profits as herein provided. The tax imposed in this
36	section shall in no case be less than thirty-five dollars (\$35.00) and shall be for the
37	privilege of carrying on, doing business, and/or the continuance of articles of
38	incorporation or domestication of each such corporation in this State. Appraised value of
39	tangible property including real estate shall be the ad valorem valuation for the calendar
40	year next preceding the due date of the franchise tax return. Appraised value of intangible
41	property shall be the total gross valuation required to be reported for intangible tax purposes on
42	April 15 coincident with or next preceding the due date of the franchise tax return.—The term
43	'total actual investment in tangible property' as used in this section shall be construed to
	to a used in this section of the angle of property as used in this section shall be constitued to

mean the total original purchase price or consideration to the reporting taxpayer of its 1 2 tangible properties, including real estate, in this State plus additions and improvements 3 thereto less reserve for depreciation as permitted for income tax purposes, and also less 4 any indebtedness incurred and existing by virtue of the purchase of any real estate and 5 any permanent improvements made thereon. In computing 'total actual investment in 6 tangible personal property' there shall also be deducted reserves for the entire cost of any air-cleaning device or sewage or waste treatment plant, including waste lagoons, and 7 8 pollution abatement equipment purchased or constructed and installed which reduces the 9 amount of air or water pollution resulting from the emission of air contaminants or the discharge of sewage and industrial wastes or other polluting materials or substances into 10 the outdoor atmosphere or into streams, lakes, or rivers, upon condition that the 11 12 corporation claiming such deduction shall furnish to the Secretary a certificate from the Department of Environment, Health, and Natural Resources or from a local air pollution 13 14 control program for air-cleaning devices located in an area where the Environmental 15 Management Commission has certified a local air pollution control program pursuant to G.S. 143-215.112 certifying that said Department or local air pollution control program 16 17 has found as a fact that the air-cleaning device, waste treatment plant or pollution 18 abatement equipment purchased or constructed and installed as above described has actually been constructed and installed and that such device, plant or equipment complies 19 20 with the requirements of the Environmental Management Commission or local air 21 pollution control program with respect to such devices, plants or equipment, that such device, plant or equipment is being effectively operated in accordance with the terms and 22 23 conditions set forth in the permit, certificate of approval, or other document of approval issued by the Environmental Management Commission or local air pollution control 24 program and that the primary purpose thereof is to reduce air or water pollution resulting 25 from the emission of air contaminants or the discharge of sewage and waste and not 26 27 merely incidental to other purposes and functions. The cost of constructing facilities of any private or public utility built for the purpose of providing sewer service to residential 28 29 and outlying areas shall be treated as deductible for the purposes of this section; the deductible liability allowed by this section shall apply only with respect to such pollution 30 abatement plants or equipment constructed or installed on or after January 1, 1955. 31

In determining the total tax payable by any corporation under this section, there shall be allowed as a credit on such tax the amount of the credit authorized by Division V of Article 4 of this Chapter."

35 (d) Division II of Article 4 of Chapter 105 of the General Statutes is amended by 36 adding a new section to read:

37 "§ 105-134.2A. Supplemental income tax imposed.

(a) Tax. - A tax is imposed upon certain resident individuals' net income from
 intangibles at the rate of three percent (3%). This tax applies only to individuals whose
 North Carolina taxable income for the taxable year exceeds one hundred thousand dollars
 (\$100,000). This tax is in addition to the tax imposed in G.S. 105-134.2 and shall be
 levied, collected, and paid annually in the same manner as the tax levied in G.S. 105 134.2. A taxpayer whose tax liability under this section for a taxable year is fifteen

1			or less is not required to pay the tax for that year. An individual's net
2 3			angibles is the lesser of the individual's North Carolina taxable income or
3 4	<u>uie suin (</u>	<u>(1)</u>	<u>ollowing:</u> <u>The individual's net capital gains, as defined in section 1222 of the</u>
5		<u>(1)</u>	Code, from intangible personal property described in G.S. 105-275(31b)
6			and (31c).
7		(2)	The individual's gross dividend income, as determined under the Code,
8		<u>1</u> =7	from intangible personal property described in G.S. 105-275(31b) and
9			(31c).
10		<u>(3)</u>	The individual's gross interest income, as determined under the Code,
11			from intangible personal property described in G.S. 105-275(31b) and
12			<u>(31c).</u>
13	<u>(b)</u>	Exem	ptions. – The tax levied in this section does not apply to:
14		<u>(1)</u>	Income from an obligation of (i) the United States or its possessions, (ii)
15			this State or a political subdivision of this State, or (iii) a nonprofit
16			educational institution organized or chartered under the laws of this
17			State.
18		(2)	Income deductible under G.S. 105-134.6(b)(2).
19		<u>(3)</u>	Income from units of ownership in an investment trust, the corpus of
20			which is composed entirely of obligations described in subdivisions (1) and (2) of this subgratian at least eights percent (800) of the fair
21			and (2) of this subsection, at least eighty percent (80%) of the fair
22 23			market value of which represents obligations of this State. In order for the exemption described in this subdivision to apply the trustees of the
23 24			the exemption described in this subdivision to apply, the trustees of the investment trust must provide the Secretary not later than December 31
24 25			of each year information in the form required by the Secretary sufficient
23 26			to establish the applicability of the exemption.
20 27		<u>(4)</u>	In the case of a part-year resident, income earned during the period the
28		<u>()</u>	individual was not a resident of this State."
29		(e) D	ivision III of Article 4 of Chapter 105 of the General Statutes is amended
30	by adding		v section to read:
31	•	-	Supplemental tax.
32	A tax	is imp	osed upon certain trusts' and estates' net income from intangibles that is
33	for the b	enefit c	of a resident of this State. The tax shall be at the rate of three percent
34	<u>(3%).</u> T	his tax	applies only to trusts and estates whose income taxable under G.S. 105-
35	<u>160.2</u> fo	or the ta	xable year exceeds one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000). This tax is
36			e tax imposed in G.S. 105-160.2 and shall be levied, collected, and paid
37	-		same manner as the tax levied in G.S. 105-160.2. The tax levied in this
38	-		t apply to income exempt from the tax under G.S. 105-134.2A(b)(1)-(3).
39			ose tax liability under this section for a taxable year is fifteen dollars
40			is not required to pay the tax for that year. A trust's or an estate's net
41			tangibles is the lesser of the trust's or estate's income taxable under G.S.
42	<u>105-160.</u>	2 or the	e sum of the following:

1	(1) The trust's or estate's net capital gains, as defined in section 1222 of the
2	Code, from intangible personal property described in G.S. 105-275(31b)
3	<u>and (31c).</u>
4	(2) The trust's or estate's gross dividend income, as determined under the
5	Code, from intangible personal property described in G.S. 105-275(31b)
6	<u>and (31c).</u>
7	(3) The trust's or estate's gross interest income, as determined under the
8	Code, from intangible personal property described in G.S. 105-275(31b)
9	<u>and (31c</u>)."
10	(f) Notwithstanding the provisions of G.S. 105-163.15 and G.S. 105-163.41,
11	no addition to tax shall be made under those sections for a taxable year beginning on or
12	after January 1, 1996, and before January 1, 1997, with respect to any underpayment to
13	the extent the underpayment was created or increased by this act.
14	(g) This act is effective for taxable years beginning on or after January 1,
15	1996.
16	Sec. 3. Section 2 of this act is set forth for illustrative purposes only and will
17	not become effective. The remainder of this act is effective upon ratification.