

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA

SESSION 1997

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HOUSE BILL 434
Committee Substitute Favorable 4/24/97

Short Title: Federal Health Insurance Changes/AB.

(Public)

Sponsors:

Referred to:

March 10, 1997

1 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
2 AN ACT TO CONFORM NORTH CAROLINA HEALTH INSURANCE LAWS TO
3 RECENTLY ENACTED FEDERAL LAWS CONCERNING HEALTH
4 INSURANCE UNDERWRITING AND PORTABILITY, MATERNITY
5 COVERAGE, AND COVERAGE FOR MENTAL ILLNESS.

6 The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

7 Section 1. Article 68 of Chapter 58 of the General Statutes is amended as
8 follows:

9 (a) By repealing G.S. 58-68-1, 58-68-5, 58-68-10, 58-68-15, and 58-68-20.

10 (b) By rewriting the Article heading to read:

11 ~~"NORTH CAROLINA HEALTH INSURANCE TRUST COMMISSION.~~
12 **HEALTH INSURANCE PORTABILITY AND ACCOUNTABILITY.**"

13 (c) By adding the following Part A and Part B:

14 **"PART A. GROUP MARKET REFORMS.**

15 **"SUBPART 1. PORTABILITY, ACCESS, AND RENEWABILITY**
16 **REQUIREMENTS.**

17 **"§ 58-68-25. Definitions; excepted benefits; employer size rule.**

18 (a) Definitions. – In addition to other definitions throughout this Article, the
19 following definitions and their cognates apply in this Article:

- 1 (1) 'Bona fide association'. – With respect to health insurance coverage
2 offered in this State, an association that:
3 a. Has been actively in existence for at least five years.
4 b. Has been formed and maintained in good faith for purposes other
5 than obtaining insurance.
6 c. Does not condition membership in the association on any health
7 status-related factor relating to an individual (including an
8 employee of an employer or a dependent of an employee).
9 d. Makes health insurance coverage offered through the association
10 available to all members regardless of any health status-related
11 factor relating to the members (or individuals eligible for
12 coverage through a member).
13 e. Does not make health insurance coverage offered through the
14 association available other than in connection with a member of
15 the association.
16 f. Meets the additional requirements as may be imposed under State
17 law.
18 (2) 'COBRA continuation provision'. – Any of the following:
19 a. Section 4980B of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, other than
20 subdivision (f)(1) of the section insofar as it relates to pediatric
21 vaccines.
22 b. Part 6 of subtitle B of title I of the Employee Retirement Income
23 Security Act of 1974, other than section 609 of the Act.
24 c. Title XXII of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C.S. §
25 300bb, et seq.,) as requirements for certain group health plans for
26 certain State and local employees.
27 (3) 'Employee'. – The meaning given the term under section 3(6) of the
28 Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974.
29 (4) 'Employer'. – The meaning given the term under section 3(5) of the
30 Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, except that the term
31 shall include only employers of two or more employees.
32 (5) 'Health insurance coverage' or 'coverage' or 'health insurance plan' or
33 'plan'. – Benefits consisting of medical care, provided directly through
34 insurance or otherwise and including items and services paid for as
35 medical care, under any accident and health insurance policy or
36 certificate, hospital or medical service plan contract, or health
37 maintenance organization contract, written by a health insurer.
38 (6) 'Health insurer'. – An insurance company subject to this Chapter, a
39 service corporation subject to Article 65 of this Chapter, a health
40 maintenance organization subject to Article 67 of this Chapter, or a
41 multiple employer welfare arrangement subject to Article 49 of this
42 Chapter, that offers and issues health insurance coverage.

- 1 (7) 'Health status-related factor'. – Any of the factors described in G.S. 58-
2 68-35(a)(1).
- 3 (8) 'Individual health insurance coverage'. – Health insurance coverage
4 offered to individuals in the individual market.
- 5 (9) 'Individual market'. – The market for health insurance coverage offered
6 to individuals.
- 7 (10) 'Large employer'. – An employer who employed an average of at least
8 51 employees on business days during the preceding calendar year and
9 who employs at least two employees on the first day of the health
10 insurance plan year.
- 11 (11) 'Large group market'. – The health insurance market under which
12 individuals obtain health insurance coverage, directly or through any
13 arrangement, on behalf of themselves and their dependents through a
14 group health insurance plan maintained by a large employer.
- 15 (12) 'Medical care'. – Amounts paid for:
- 16 a. The diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment, or prevention of
17 disease, or amounts paid for the purpose of affecting any
18 structure or function of the body.
- 19 b. Amounts paid for transportation primarily for and essential to
20 medical care referred to in sub-subdivision a. of this subdivision.
- 21 c. Amounts paid for insurance covering medical care referred to in
22 sub-subdivisions a. and b. of this subdivision.
- 23 (13) 'Network plan'. – Health insurance coverage of a health insurer under
24 which the financing and delivery of medical care (including items and
25 services paid for as medical care) are provided, in whole or in part,
26 through a defined set of providers under contract with the health insurer.
- 27 (14) 'Participant'. – The meaning given the term under section 3(7) of the
28 Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974.
- 29 (15) 'Placed for adoption'. – The assumption and retention by a person of a
30 legal obligation for total or partial support of a child in anticipation of
31 adoption of the child. The child's placement with the person terminates
32 upon the termination of the legal obligation.
- 33 (16) 'Small employer'. – The meaning given to the term in G.S. 58-50-
34 110(22).
- 35 (17) 'Small group market'. – The health insurance market under which
36 individuals obtain health insurance coverage, directly or through any
37 arrangement, on behalf of themselves and their dependents through a
38 group health insurance plan maintained by a small employer.
- 39 (b) Excepted Benefits. – For the purposes of this Article, 'excepted benefits' means
40 benefits under one or more or any combination of the following:
- 41 (1) Benefits not subject to requirements. –
- 42 a. Coverage only for accident or disability income insurance or any
43 combination of these.

- 1 b. Coverage issued as a supplement to liability insurance.
2 c. Liability insurance, including general liability insurance and
3 automobile liability insurance.
4 d. Workers' compensation or similar insurance.
5 e. Automobile medical payment insurance.
6 f. Credit-only insurance.
7 g. Coverage for on-site medical clinics.
8 h. Other similar insurance coverage, specified in federal
9 regulations, under which benefits for medical care are secondary
10 or incidental to other insurance benefits.
11 (2) Benefits not subject to requirements if offered separately. –
12 a. Limited scope dental or vision benefits.
13 b. Benefits for long-term care, nursing care, home health care,
14 community-based care, or any combination of these.
15 c. The other similar, limited benefits as are specified in federal
16 regulations.
17 (3) Benefits not subject to requirements if offered as independent,
18 noncoordinated benefits. –
19 a. Coverage only for a specified disease or illness.
20 b. Hospital indemnity or other fixed indemnity insurance.
21 (4) Benefits not subject to requirements if offered as separate insurance
22 policy. – Medicare supplemental health insurance (as defined under
23 section 1882(g)(1) of the Social Security Act), coverage supplemental to
24 the coverage provided under chapter 55 of title 10, United States Code,
25 and similar supplemental coverage provided to coverage under a group
26 health insurance plan.
27 (c) Application of certain rules in determination of employer size. – For the
28 purposes of this Article:
29 (1) Application of aggregation rule for employers. – All persons treated as a
30 single employer under subsection (b), (c), (m), or (o) of section 414 of
31 the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 shall be treated as one employer.
32 (2) Employers not in existence in preceding year. – In the case of an
33 employer that was not in existence throughout the preceding calendar
34 year, the determination of whether the employer is a small or large
35 employer shall be based on the average number of employees that it is
36 reasonably expected the employer will employ on business days in the
37 current calendar year.
38 (3) Predecessors. – Any reference in this subsection to an employer shall
39 include a reference to any predecessor of the employer.
40 "**§ 58-68-30. Increased portability through limitation on preexisting condition**
41 **exclusions.**
42 (a) Limitation on Preexisting Condition Exclusion Period; Crediting for Periods of
43 Previous Coverage. – Subject to subsection (d) of this section, a group health insurer

1 may, with respect to a participant or beneficiary, impose a preexisting condition
2 exclusion only if:

- 3 (1) The exclusion relates to a condition, whether physical or mental,
4 regardless of the cause of the condition, for which medical advice,
5 diagnosis, care, or treatment was recommended or received within the
6 six-month period ending on the enrollment date.
7 (2) The exclusion extends for a period of not more than 12 months, or 18
8 months in the case of a late enrollee, after the enrollment date.
9 (3) The period of any preexisting condition exclusion is reduced by the
10 aggregate of the periods of creditable coverage, if any, applicable to the
11 participant or beneficiary as of the enrollment date.

12 (b) Definitions. – For the purposes of this Part:

13 (1) Preexisting condition exclusion. –

14 a. In general. – ‘Preexisting condition exclusion’ means, with
15 respect to coverage, a limitation or exclusion of benefits relating
16 to a condition based on the fact that the condition was present
17 before the date of enrollment for the coverage, whether or not
18 any medical advice, diagnosis, care, or treatment was
19 recommended or received before the date.

20 b. Treatment of genetic information. – Genetic information shall not
21 be treated as a condition described in subdivision (a)(1) of this
22 subsection in the absence of a diagnosis of the condition related
23 to the information.

24 (2) Enrollment date. – With respect to an individual covered under a group
25 health insurance plan, the date of enrollment of the individual in the
26 coverage or, if earlier, the first day of the waiting period for the
27 enrollment.

28 (3) Late enrollee. – With respect to coverage under a group health insurance
29 plan, a participant or beneficiary who enrolls under the plan other than
30 during:

31 a. The first period in which the individual is eligible to enroll under
32 the plan, or

33 b. A special enrollment period under subsection (f) of this section.

34 (4) Waiting period. – With respect to a group health insurance plan and an
35 individual who is a potential participant or beneficiary in the plan, the
36 period that must pass with respect to the individual before the individual
37 is eligible to be covered for benefits under the terms of the plan.

38 (c) Rules Relating to Crediting Previous Coverage. –

39 (1) Creditable coverage defined. – For the purposes of this Article,
40 ‘creditable coverage’ means, with respect to an individual, coverage of
41 the individual under any of the following:

42 a. A self-funded employer group health plan under the Employee
43 Retirement Income Security Act of 1974.

- 1 b. Group or individual health insurance coverage.
2 c. Part A or part B of title XVIII of the Social Security Act.
3 d. Title XIX of the Social Security Act, other than coverage
4 consisting solely of benefits under section 1928.
5 e. Chapter 55 of title 10, United States Code.
6 f. A medical care program of the Indian Health Service or of a
7 tribal organization.
8 g. A State health benefits risk pool.
9 h. A health plan offered under chapter 89 of title 5, United States
10 Code.
11 i. A public health plan (as defined in federal regulations).
12 j. A health benefit plan under section 5(e) of the Peace Corps Act
13 (22 U.S.C. § 2504(e)).

14 'Creditable coverage' does not include coverage consisting solely of
15 coverage of excepted benefits.

16 (2) Not counting periods before significant breaks in coverage. –

- 17 a. In general. – A period of creditable coverage shall not be
18 counted, with respect to enrollment of an individual under a
19 group health insurance plan, if, after the period and before the
20 enrollment date, there was a 63-day period during all of which
21 the individual was not covered under any creditable coverage.
22 b. Waiting period not treated as a break in coverage. – For the
23 purposes of sub-subdivision a. of this subdivision and
24 subdivision (d)(4) of this subsection, any period that an
25 individual is in a waiting period for any coverage under a group
26 health insurance plan or is in an affiliation period shall not be
27 taken into account in determining the continuous period under
28 sub-subdivision a. of this subdivision.

29 (3) Method of crediting coverage. –

- 30 a. Standard method. – Except as otherwise provided under sub-
31 subdivision (2)b. of this subsection for the purposes of applying
32 subdivision (a)(3) of this subsection, a group health insurer shall
33 count a period of creditable coverage without regard to the
34 specific benefits covered during the period.
35 b. Election of alternative method. – A group health insurer may
36 elect to apply subdivision (a)(3) of this subsection based on
37 coverage of benefits within each of several classes or categories
38 of benefits specified in federal regulations rather than as provided
39 under sub-subdivision a. of this subdivision. This election shall
40 be made on a uniform basis for all participants and beneficiaries.
41 Under this election a group health insurer shall count a period of
42 creditable coverage with respect to any class or category of

- 1 benefits if any level of benefits is covered within the class or
2 category.
- 3 c. Health insurer notice. – In the case of an election under sub-
4 subdivision b. of this subdivision with respect to health insurance
5 coverage in the small or large group market, the health insurer:
6 (i) shall prominently state in any disclosure statements
7 concerning the coverage, and to each employer at the time of the
8 offer or sale of the coverage, that the health insurer has made the
9 election, and (ii) shall include in the statements a description of
10 the effect of the election.
- 11 (4) Establishment of period. – Periods of creditable coverage for an
12 individual shall be established through presentation of certifications
13 described in subsection (e) of this section or in another manner that is
14 specified in federal regulations.
- 15 (d) Exceptions. –
- 16 (1) Exclusion not applicable to certain newborns. – Subject to subdivision
17 (4) of this subsection, a group health insurer shall not impose any
18 preexisting condition exclusion in the case of an individual who, as of
19 the last day of the 30-day period beginning with the date of birth, is
20 covered under creditable coverage.
- 21 (2) Exclusion not applicable to certain adopted children. – Subject to
22 subdivision (4) of this subsection, a group health insurer shall not
23 impose any preexisting condition exclusion in the case of a child who is
24 adopted or placed for adoption before attaining 18 years of age and who,
25 as of the last day of the 30-day period beginning on the date of the
26 adoption or placement for adoption, is covered under creditable
27 coverage. The previous sentence does not apply to coverage before the
28 date of the adoption or placement for adoption.
- 29 (3) Exclusion not applicable to pregnancy. – A group health insurer shall
30 not impose any preexisting condition exclusion relating to pregnancy as
31 a preexisting condition.
- 32 (4) Loss if break in coverage. – Subdivisions (1) and (2) of this subsection
33 shall no longer apply to an individual after the end of the first 63-day
34 period during all of which the individual was not covered under any
35 creditable coverage.
- 36 (e) Certifications and Disclosure of Coverage. –
- 37 (1) Requirement for certification of period of creditable coverage. –
- 38 a. In general. – A group health insurer shall provide the certification
39 described in sub-subdivision b. of this subdivision: (i) at the time
40 an individual ceases to be covered under the plan or otherwise
41 becomes covered under a COBRA continuation provision, (ii) in
42 the case of an individual becoming covered under a COBRA
43 continuation provision, at the time the individual ceases to be

1 covered under the COBRA continuation provision, and (iii) on
2 the request on behalf of an individual made not later than 24
3 months after the date of cessation of the coverage described in
4 clause (i) or (ii) of this sub-subdivision, whichever is later.

5 The certification under clause (i) of this sub-subdivision may be
6 provided, to the extent practicable, at a time consistent with notices
7 required under any applicable COBRA continuation provision.

8 b. Certification. – The certification described in this sub-
9 subdivision is a written certification of: (i) the period of
10 creditable coverage of the individual under the plan and any
11 coverage under the COBRA continuation provision, and (ii) any
12 waiting period and affiliation period, if applicable, imposed with
13 respect to the individual for any coverage under the plan.

14 (2) Disclosure of information on previous benefits. – In the case of an
15 election described in sub-subdivision (c)(3)b. of this subsection by a
16 group health insurer, if the health insurer enrolls an individual for
17 coverage under the plan and the individual provides a certification of
18 coverage of the individual under subdivision (1) of this subsection:

19 a. Upon request of the health insurer, the entity that issued the
20 certification provided by the individual shall promptly disclose
21 to the requesting plan or health insurer information on coverage
22 of classes and categories of health benefits available under the
23 entity's coverage.

24 b. The entity may charge the requesting plan or health insurer for
25 the reasonable cost of disclosing the information.

26 (f) Special Enrollment Periods. –

27 (1) Individuals losing other coverage. – A group health insurer shall permit
28 an employee who is eligible, but not enrolled, for coverage under the
29 terms of the plan (or a dependent of the employee if the dependent is
30 eligible, but not enrolled, for coverage under the terms) to enroll for
31 coverage under the terms of the plan if each of the following conditions
32 is met:

33 a. The employee or dependent was covered under an ERISA group
34 health plan or had health insurance coverage at the time coverage
35 was previously offered to the employee or dependent.

36 b. The employee stated in writing at the time that coverage under
37 the group health plan or health insurance coverage was the
38 reason for declining enrollment, but only if the health insurer
39 required the statement at the time and provided the employee
40 with notice of the requirement and the consequences of the
41 requirement at the time.

42 c. The employee's or dependent's coverage described in sub-
43 subdivision a.: (i) was under a COBRA continuation provision

1 and the coverage under the provision was exhausted; (ii) was not
2 under that provision and either the coverage was terminated
3 because of loss of eligibility for the coverage, including legal
4 separation, divorce, death, termination of employment, or
5 reduction in the number of hours of employment; or (iii)
6 employer contributions toward the coverage were terminated.

7 d. Under the terms of the plan, the employee requests the
8 enrollment not later than 30 days after the date of exhaustion of
9 coverage described in sub-subdivision c.(i) of this subdivision or
10 termination of coverage or employer contribution described in
11 sub-subdivision c.(ii) of this subdivision.

12 (2) For dependent beneficiaries. –

13 a. In general. – If: (i) a group health insurance plan makes
14 coverage available with respect to a dependent of an individual,
15 (ii) the individual is a participant under the plan (or has met any
16 waiting period applicable to becoming a participant under the
17 plan and is eligible to be enrolled under the plan but for a failure
18 to enroll during a previous enrollment period), and (iii) a person
19 becomes the dependent of the individual through marriage, birth,
20 or adoption or placement for adoption,

21 The plan shall provide for a dependent special enrollment period
22 described in sub-subdivision b. of this subdivision during which the
23 person (or, if not otherwise enrolled, the individual) may be enrolled
24 under the plan as a dependent of the individual, and in the case of the
25 birth or adoption of a child, the spouse of the individual may be enrolled
26 as a dependent of the individual if the spouse is otherwise eligible for
27 coverage.

28 b. Dependent special enrollment period. – A dependent special
29 enrollment period under this sub-subdivision shall be a period of
30 not less than 30 days and shall begin on the later of: (i) the date
31 dependent coverage is made available, or (ii) the date of the
32 marriage, birth, or adoption or placement for adoption described
33 in sub-subdivision a.(iii) of this subdivision.

34 c. No waiting period. – If an individual seeks to enroll a dependent
35 during the first 30 days of the dependent's special enrollment
36 period, the coverage of the dependent shall become effective: (i)
37 in the case of marriage, not later than the first day of the first
38 month beginning after the date the completed request for
39 enrollment is received; (ii) in the case of a dependent's birth, as
40 of the date of the birth; or (iii) in the case of a dependent's
41 adoption or placement for adoption, the date of the adoption or
42 placement for adoption.

(g) Use of Affiliation Period by HMO as Alternative to Preexisting Condition

Exclusion. –

(1) In general. – A health maintenance organization that does not impose any preexisting condition exclusion allowed under subsection (a) of this section with respect to any particular coverage option may impose an affiliation period for the coverage option, but only if:

- a. The period is applied uniformly without regard to any health status-related factors.
- b. The period does not exceed two months (or three months in the case of a late enrollee).

(2) Affiliation period. –

- a. Defined. – For the purposes of this Subpart, ‘affiliation period’ means a period that, under the terms of the health insurance coverage offered by the health maintenance organization, must expire before the health insurance coverage becomes effective. The health maintenance organization is not required to provide health care services or benefits during the period and no premium shall be charged to the participant or beneficiary for any coverage during the period.
- b. Beginning. – The period shall begin on the enrollment date.
- c. Runs concurrently with waiting periods. – An affiliation period under a plan shall run concurrently with any waiting period under the plan.

(3) Alternative methods. – A health maintenance organization described in subdivision (1) of this subsection may use alternative methods, as approved by the Commissioner, from those described in that subdivision, to address adverse selection.

§ 58-68-35. Prohibiting discrimination against individual participants and beneficiaries based on health status.

(a) In Eligibility To Enroll. –

(1) In general. – Subject to subdivision (2) of this subsection, a group health insurer shall not establish rules for eligibility, including continued eligibility, of any individual to enroll under the terms of the health insurer's plan based on any of the following health status-related factors in relation to the individual or a dependent of the individual:

- a. Health status.
- b. Medical condition (including both physical and mental illnesses).
- c. Claims experience.
- d. Receipt of health care.
- e. Medical history.
- f. Genetic information.
- g. Evidence of insurability (including conditions arising out of acts of domestic violence).

- 1 h. Disability.
2 (2) No application to benefits or exclusions. – To the extent consistent with
3 G.S. 58-68-30, subdivision (1) of this subsection shall not be construed:
4 a. To require a group health insurance plan to provide particular
5 benefits other than those provided under the terms of the plan, or
6 b. To prevent the plan from establishing limitations or restrictions
7 on the amount, level, extent, or nature of the benefits or coverage
8 for similarly situated individuals enrolled in the plan.
9 (3) Construction. – For the purposes of subdivision (1) of this subsection,
10 rules for eligibility to enroll under a plan include rules defining any
11 applicable waiting periods for the enrollment.
12 (b) In Premium Contributions. –
13 (1) In general. – A group health insurance plan shall not require any
14 individual (as a condition of enrollment or continued enrollment under
15 the plan) to pay a premium or contribution that is greater than the
16 premium or contribution for a similarly situated individual enrolled in
17 the plan on the basis of any health status-related factor in relation to the
18 individual or to an individual enrolled under the plan as a dependent of
19 individual.
20 (2) Construction. – Nothing in subdivision (1) of this subsection shall be
21 construed:
22 a. To restrict the amount that an employer may be charged for
23 coverage under a group health insurance plan; or
24 b. To prevent a group health insurer from establishing premium
25 discounts or modifying otherwise applicable copayments or
26 deductibles in return for adherence to programs of health
27 promotion and disease prevention.

28 **"SUBPART 2. HEALTH INSURANCE AVAILABILITY AND RENEWABILITY.**
29 **"§ 58-68-40. Guaranteed availability of coverage for employers in the small group**
30 **market.**

- 31 (a) Issuance of Coverage in the Small Group Market. –
32 (1) In general. – Subject to subsections (c) through (f) of this section, each
33 health insurer that offers health insurance coverage in the small group
34 market in this State:
35 a. Must accept every small employer that applies for the coverage;
36 and
37 b. Must accept for enrollment under the coverage every eligible
38 individual who applies for enrollment during the period in which
39 the individual first becomes eligible to enroll under the terms of
40 the group health insurance plan and shall not place any restriction
41 that is inconsistent with G.S. 58-68-35 on an eligible individual
42 being a participant or beneficiary.

- 1 (2) Eligible individual defined. – For the purposes of this section, ‘eligible
2 individual’ means, with respect to a health insurer that offers health
3 insurance coverage to a small employer in the small group market, such
4 an individual in relation to the employer as shall be determined:
5 a. In accordance with the terms of the plan.
6 b. As provided by the health insurer under rules of the health
7 insurer that are uniformly applicable in this State to small
8 employers in the small group market, and
9 c. In accordance with all applicable State laws governing the health
10 insurer and the market.
- 11 (b) Special Rules for Network Plans. –
12 (1) In general. – In the case of a health insurer that offers health insurance
13 coverage in the small group market through a network plan, the health
14 insurer may:
15 a. Limit the employers that may apply for the coverage to those
16 with eligible individuals who live, work, or reside in the service
17 area for the network plan; and
18 b. Within the service area of the network plan, deny the coverage to
19 the employers if the health insurer has demonstrated to the
20 Commissioner that: (i) it will not have the capacity to deliver
21 services adequately to enrollees of any additional groups because
22 of its obligations to existing group contract holders and enrollees,
23 and (ii) it is applying this subdivision uniformly to all employers
24 without regard to the claims experience of those employers and
25 their employees (and their dependents) or any health status-
26 related factor relating to the employees and dependents.
- 27 (2) 180-day suspension upon denial of coverage. – A health insurer, upon
28 denying health insurance coverage in any service area in accordance
29 with sub-subdivision (1)b. of this subsection, shall not offer coverage in
30 the small group market within the service area for a period of 180 days
31 after the date the coverage is denied.
- 32 (c) Application of Financial Capacity Limits. –
33 (1) In general. – A health insurer may deny health insurance coverage in the
34 small group market if the health insurer has demonstrated to the
35 Commissioner that:
36 a. It does not have the financial reserves necessary to underwrite
37 additional coverage; and
38 b. It is applying this subdivision uniformly to all employers in the
39 small group market in the State consistent with this Chapter and
40 without regard to the claims experience of those employers and
41 their employees (and their dependents) or any health status-
42 related factor relating to the employees and dependents.

1 (2) 180-day suspension upon denial of coverage. – A health insurer upon
2 denying health insurance coverage in accordance with subdivision (1) of
3 this subsection shall not offer coverage in the small group market in the
4 State for a period of 180 days after the date the coverage is denied or
5 until the health insurer has demonstrated to the Commissioner that the
6 health insurer has sufficient financial reserves to underwrite additional
7 coverage, whichever is later. The Commissioner may apply this
8 subsection on a service-area-specific basis.

9 (d) Exception to Requirement for Failure to Meet Certain Minimum Participation
10 or Contribution Rules. –

11 (1) In general. – Subsection (a) of this section does not preclude a health
12 insurer from establishing employer contribution rules or group
13 participation rules for the offering of health insurance coverage in
14 connection with a group health insurance plan in the small group
15 market, as allowed under this Chapter.

16 (2) Rules defined. – For the purposes of subdivision (1) of this subsection:
17 a. 'Employer contribution rule' means a requirement relating to the
18 minimum level or amount of employer contribution toward the
19 premium for enrollment of participants and beneficiaries; and
20 b. 'Group participation rule' means a requirement relating to the
21 minimum number of participants or beneficiaries that must be
22 enrolled in relation to a specified percentage or number of
23 eligible individuals or employees of an employer.

24 (e) Exception for Coverage Offered Only to Bona Fide Association Members. –
25 Subsection (a) of this section does not apply to health insurance coverage offered by a
26 health insurer if the coverage is made available in the small group market only through
27 one or more bona fide associations.

28 **"§ 58-68-45. Guaranteed renewability of coverage for employers in the group**
29 **market.**

30 (a) In General. – Except as provided in this section, if a health insurer offers health
31 insurance coverage in the small or large group market, the health insurer must renew or
32 continue in force the coverage at the option of the employer.

33 (b) General Exceptions. – A health insurer may nonrenew or discontinue health
34 insurance coverage in the small or large group market based only on one or more of the
35 following:

36 (1) Nonpayment of premiums. – The policyholder has failed to pay
37 premiums or contributions in accordance with the terms of the health
38 insurance coverage or the health insurer has not received timely
39 premium payments.

40 (2) Fraud. – The policyholder has performed an act or practice that
41 constitutes fraud or made an intentional misrepresentation of material
42 fact under the terms of the coverage.

- 1 (3) Violation of participation or contribution rules. – The policyholder has
2 failed to comply with a material plan provision relating to employer
3 contribution or group participation rules, as permitted under G.S. 58-68-
4 40(e) in the case of the small group market or pursuant to this Chapter
5 in the case of the large group market.
- 6 (4) Termination of coverage. – The health insurer is ceasing to offer
7 coverage in the market in accordance with subsection (c) of this section
8 and this Chapter.
- 9 (5) Movement outside service area. – In the case of a health insurer that
10 offers health insurance coverage in the market through a network plan,
11 there is no longer any enrollee in connection with the network plan who
12 lives, resides, or works in the service area of the health insurer or in the
13 area for which the health insurer is authorized to do business and, in the
14 case of the small group market, the health insurer would deny
15 enrollment with respect to the network plan under G.S. 58-68-40(c)(1)a.
- 16 (6) Association membership ceases. – In the case of health insurance
17 coverage that is made available in the small or large group market only
18 through one or more bona fide associations, the membership of an
19 employer in the association, on the basis of which the coverage is
20 provided, ceases but only if the coverage is terminated under this
21 subdivision uniformly without regard to any health status-related factor
22 relating to any covered individual.
- 23 (c) Requirements for Uniform Termination of Coverage. –
- 24 (1) Particular type of coverage not offered. – In any case in which a health
25 insurer decides to discontinue offering a particular type of group health
26 insurance coverage offered in the small or large group market, coverage
27 of the type may be discontinued by the health insurer in accordance with
28 this Chapter in the market only if:
- 29 a. The health insurer provides notice to each policyholder provided
30 coverage of this type in the market and to the participants and
31 beneficiaries covered under the coverage of the discontinuation
32 at least 90 days before the date of the discontinuation of the
33 coverage;
- 34 b. The health insurer offers to each policyholder provided coverage
35 of this type in the market the option to purchase all, or in the case
36 of the large group market, any other health insurance coverage
37 currently being offered by the health insurer to a group health
38 insurance plan in the market; and
- 39 c. In exercising the option to discontinue coverage of this type and
40 in offering the option of coverage under sub-subdivision b. of
41 this subdivision, the health insurer acts uniformly without regard
42 to the claims experience of those sponsors or any health status-
43 related factor relating to any participants or beneficiaries covered

1 or new participants or beneficiaries who may become eligible for
2 the coverage.

3 (2) Discontinuance of all coverage. –

4 a. In general. – In any case in which a health insurer elects to
5 discontinue offering all health insurance coverage in the small
6 group market or the large group market, or both markets, in this
7 State, health insurance coverage may be discontinued by the
8 health insurer only in accordance with this Chapter and if: (i) the
9 health insurer provides notice to the Commissioner and to each
10 policyholder and to the participants and beneficiaries covered
11 under the coverage of the discontinuation at least 180 days before
12 the date of the discontinuation of the coverage; and (ii) all health
13 insurance issued or delivered for issuance in this State in the
14 market or markets are discontinued and coverage under the
15 health insurance coverage in the market or markets is not
16 renewed.

17 b. Prohibition on market reentry. – In the case of a discontinuation
18 under sub-subdivision a. of this subdivision in a market, the
19 health insurer shall not provide for the issuance of any health
20 insurance coverage in that market in this State during the five-
21 year period beginning on the date of the discontinuation of the
22 last health insurance coverage not so renewed.

23 (d) Exception for Uniform Modification of Coverage. – At the time of coverage
24 renewal, a health insurer may modify the health insurance coverage for a product offered
25 to a group health insurance plan:

26 (1) In the large group market; or

27 (2) In the small group market if, for coverage that is available in the market
28 other than only through one or more bona fide associations, the
29 modification is consistent with this Chapter and effective on a uniform
30 basis among group health insurance plans with that product.

31 (e) Application to Coverage Offered Only Through Associations. – In applying
32 this section in the case of health insurance coverage that is made available by a health
33 insurer in the small or large group market to employers only through one or more
34 associations, a reference to 'policyholder' is deemed, with respect to coverage provided to
35 an employer member of the association, to include a reference to the employer.

36 **"§ 58-68-50. Disclosure of information.**

37 (a) Disclosure of Information by Health Insurers. – In connection with the offering
38 of any health insurance coverage to a small employer, a health insurer:

39 (1) Shall make a reasonable disclosure to the employer, as part of its
40 solicitation and sales materials, of the availability of information
41 described in subsection (b) of this section, and

42 (2) Shall upon request of the small employer, provide the information.

43 (b) Information Described. –

- 1 (1) In general. – Subject to subdivision (3) of this subsection, with respect
2 to a health insurer offering health insurance coverage to a small
3 employer, information described in this subsection is information
4 concerning:
5 a. The provisions of the coverage concerning the health insurer's
6 right to change premium rates and the factors that may affect
7 changes in premium rates;
8 b. The provisions of the coverage relating to renewability of
9 coverage;
10 c. The provisions of the coverage relating to any preexisting
11 condition exclusion; and
12 d. The benefits and premiums available under all health insurance
13 coverage for which the employer is qualified.
14 (2) Form of information. – Information under this subsection shall be
15 provided to small employers in a manner determined to be
16 understandable by the average small employer, and shall be sufficient to
17 reasonably inform small employers of their rights and obligations under
18 the health insurance coverage.
19 (3) Exception. – A health insurer is not required under this section to
20 disclose any information that is proprietary and trade secret information
21 under applicable law.

22 **"SUBPART 3. EXCLUSION OF PLANS.**

23 **"§ 58-68-55. Exclusion of certain plans.**

24 (a) Exception for Certain Benefits. – The requirements of Subparts 1 and 2 of this
25 Part do not apply to any group health insurance coverage in relation to its provision of
26 excepted benefits described in G.S. 58-68-25(c)(1).

27 (b) Exception for Certain Benefits if Certain Conditions Met. –

28 (1) Limited, excepted benefits. – The requirements of Subparts 1 and 2 of
29 this Part do not apply to any group health insurance plan in relation to
30 its provision of excepted benefits described in G.S. 58-68-25(c)(2) if the
31 benefits:

32 a. Are provided under a separate policy, certificate, or contract of
33 insurance; or

34 b. Are otherwise not an integral part of the plan.

35 (2) Noncoordinated, excepted benefits. – The requirements of Subparts 1
36 and 2 of this Part do not apply to any group health insurance plan in
37 relation to its provision of excepted benefits described in G.S. 58-68-
38 25(c)(3) if all of the following conditions are met:

39 a. The benefits are provided under a separate policy, certificate, or
40 contract of insurance.

41 b. There is no coordination between the provision of the benefits
42 and any exclusion of benefits under any group health insurance
43 plan maintained by the same policyholder.

1 c. The benefits are paid with respect to an event without regard to
2 whether benefits are provided with respect to that event under
3 any group health insurance plan maintained by the same
4 policyholder.

5 (3) Supplemental, excepted benefits. – The requirements of this Part do not
6 apply to any group health insurance plan in relation to its provision of
7 excepted benefits described in G.S. 58-68-25(c)(4) if the benefits are
8 provided under a separate policy, certificate, or contract of insurance.

9 **"PART B – INDIVIDUAL MARKET REFORMS.**

10 **"§ 58-68-60. Guaranteed availability of individual health insurance coverage to**
11 **certain individuals with prior group coverage.**

12 (a) Guaranteed Availability. –

13 (1) In general. – Subject to the succeeding subsections of this section, each
14 health insurer that offers health insurance coverage in the individual
15 market in this State shall not, with respect to an eligible individual
16 desiring to enroll in individual health insurance coverage:

17 a. Decline to offer the coverage to, or deny enrollment of, the
18 individual; or

19 b. Impose any preexisting condition exclusion with respect to the
20 coverage.

21 (b) Eligible Individual Defined. – In this Part, 'eligible individual' means an
22 individual:

23 (1)(i) For whom, as of the date on which the individual seeks coverage under
24 this section, the aggregate of the periods of creditable coverage is 18 or
25 more months and (ii) whose most recent prior creditable coverage was
26 under an ERISA group health plan, governmental plan, or church plan
27 (or health insurance coverage offered in connection with any such plan);

28 (2) Who is not eligible for coverage under (i) an ERISA group health plan,
29 (ii) part A or part B of title XVIII of the Social Security Act, or (iii) a
30 State plan under title XIX of the Act (or any successor program), and
31 does not have other health insurance coverage;

32 (3) With respect to whom the most recent coverage within the coverage
33 period described in subdivision (1)(i) was not terminated based on a
34 factor described in G.S. 58-68-45(b)(1) or (b)(2);

35 (4) If the individual had been offered the option of continuation coverage
36 under a COBRA continuation provision or under Article 53 of this
37 Chapter, who elected the coverage; and

38 (5) Who, if the individual elected the continuation coverage, has exhausted
39 the continuation coverage under the provision or program.

40 (c) Alternative Coverage Permitted. –

41 (1) In general. – In the case of health insurance coverage offered in this
42 State, a health insurer may elect to limit the coverage offered under

1 subsection (a) of this section as long as it offers at least two different
2 policy forms of health insurance coverage both of which:

3 a. Are designed for, made generally available to, and actively
4 marketed to, and enroll both eligible and other individuals by the
5 health insurer; and

6 b. Meet the requirement of subdivision (2) or (3) of this subsection,
7 as elected by the health insurer.

8 For the purposes of this subsection, policy forms that have different cost-sharing
9 arrangements or different riders shall be considered to be different policy forms.

10 (2) Choice of most popular policy forms. – The requirement of this
11 subdivision is met, for health insurance coverage policy forms offered
12 by a health insurer in the individual market, if the health insurer offers
13 the policy forms for individual health insurance coverage with the
14 largest, and next to largest, premium volume of all the policy forms
15 offered by the health insurer in this State or applicable marketing or
16 service area (as may be prescribed by rules or regulations) by the health
17 insurer in the individual market in the period involved.

18 (3) Choice of two policy forms with representative coverage. –

19 a. In general. – The requirement of this subdivision is met, for
20 health insurance coverage policy forms offered by a health
21 insurer in the individual market, if the health insurer offers a
22 lower-level coverage policy form (as described in sub-
23 subdivision b. of this subdivision) and a higher-level coverage
24 policy form (as described in sub-subdivision c. of this
25 subdivision) each of which includes benefits substantially similar
26 to other individual health insurance coverage offered by the
27 health insurer in that state and each of which is covered under a
28 method described in G.S. 2744(c)(3)a. (relating to risk
29 adjustment, risk spreading, or financial subsidization).

30 b. Lower-level of coverage described. – A policy form is described
31 in this sub-subdivision if the actuarial value of the benefits under
32 the coverage is at least eighty-five percent (85%) but not greater
33 than one hundred percent (100%) of a weighted average
34 (described in sub-subdivision d. of this subdivision).

35 c. Higher-level of coverage described. – A policy form is described
36 in this sub-subdivision if: (i) the actuarial value of the benefits
37 under the coverage is at least fifteen percent (15%) greater than
38 the actuarial value of the coverage described in sub-subdivision
39 b. of this subdivision offered by the health insurer in the area
40 involved; and (ii) the actuarial value of the benefits under the
41 coverage is at least one hundred percent (100%) but not greater
42 than one hundred twenty percent (120%) of a weighted average
43 (described in sub-subdivision d. of this subdivision).

- 1 d. Weighted average. – For the purposes of this subdivision, the
2 weighted average described in this sub-subdivision is the average
3 actuarial value of the benefits provided by all the health
4 insurance coverage issued, as elected by the health insurer, either
5 by that health insurer or by all health insurers in this State in the
6 individual market during the previous year, not including
7 coverage issued under this section, weighted by enrollment for
8 the different coverage.
- 9 (4) Election. – The health insurer elections under this subsection shall apply
10 uniformly to all eligible individuals in this State for that health insurer.
11 The election shall be effective for policies offered during a period of not
12 less than two years.
- 13 (5) Assumptions. – For the purposes of subdivision (3) of this subsection,
14 the actuarial value of benefits provided under individual health
15 insurance coverage shall be calculated based on a standardized
16 population and a set of standardized utilization and cost factors.
- 17 (d) Special Rules for Network Plans. –
- 18 (1) In general. – In the case of a health insurer that offers health insurance
19 coverage in the individual market through a network plan, the health
20 insurer may:
- 21 a. Limit the individuals who may be enrolled under the coverage to
22 those who live, reside, or work within the service area for the
23 network plan; and
- 24 b. Within the service area of the plan, deny the coverage to the
25 individuals if the health insurer has demonstrated to the
26 Commissioner that: (i) it will not have the capacity to deliver
27 services adequately to additional individual enrollees because of
28 its obligations to existing group contract holders and enrollees
29 and individual enrollees, and (ii) it is applying this subdivision
30 uniformly to individuals without regard to any health status-
31 related factor of the individuals and without regard to whether
32 the individuals are eligible individuals.
- 33 (2) 180-day suspension upon denial of coverage. – A health insurer, upon
34 denying health insurance coverage in any service area in accordance
35 with sub-subdivision (1)b. of this subdivision, shall not offer coverage
36 in the individual market within the service area for a period of 180 days
37 after the coverage is denied.
- 38 (e) Application of Financial Capacity Limits. –
- 39 (1) In general. – A health insurer may deny health insurance coverage in the
40 individual market to an eligible individual if the health insurer has
41 demonstrated to the Commissioner that:
- 42 a. It does not have the financial reserves necessary to underwrite
43 additional coverage; and

- 1 b. It is applying this subdivision uniformly to all individuals in the
2 individual market in this State consistent with this Chapter and
3 without regard to any health status-related factor of the
4 individuals and without regard to whether the individuals are
5 eligible individuals.
- 6 (2) 180-day suspension upon denial of coverage. – A health insurer, upon
7 denying individual health insurance coverage in any service area in
8 accordance with subdivision (1) of this subsection, shall not offer the
9 coverage in the individual market within the service area for a period of
10 180 days after the date the coverage is denied or until the health insurer
11 has demonstrated to the Commissioner that the health insurer has
12 sufficient financial reserves to underwrite additional coverage,
13 whichever is later.
- 14 (f) Market Requirements. –
- 15 (1) In general. – Subsection (a) of this section does not require that a health
16 insurer offering health insurance coverage only in connection with
17 ERISA group health plans or through one or more bona fide
18 associations, or both, offer the health insurance coverage in the
19 individual market.
- 20 (2) Conversion policies. – A health insurer offering health insurance
21 coverage in connection with group health insurance plans under this
22 Chapter shall not be deemed to be a health insurer offering individual
23 health insurance coverage solely because the health insurer offers a
24 conversion policy.
- 25 (g) Construction. – Nothing in this section shall be construed:
- 26 (1) To restrict the amount of the premium rates that a health insurer may
27 charge an individual for health insurance coverage provided in the
28 individual market under this Chapter; or
- 29 (2) To prevent a health insurer offering health insurance coverage in the
30 individual market from establishing premium discounts or rebates or
31 modifying otherwise applicable copayments or deductibles in return for
32 adherence to programs of health promotion and disease prevention.
- 33 (h) Other Definitions. – As used in this section:
- 34 (1) 'Church plan'. – The meaning given the term under section 3(33) of the
35 Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974.
- 36 (2) 'Governmental plan'. –
- 37 a. The meaning given the term under section 3(32) of the Employee
38 Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 and any federal
39 governmental plan.
- 40 b. Federal governmental plan. – A governmental plan established or
41 maintained for its employees by the government of the United
42 States or by any agency or instrumentality of the government.

1 other individual health insurance coverage currently being
2 offered by the health insurer for individuals in the market; and

3 c. In exercising the option to discontinue coverage of this type and
4 in offering the option of coverage under sub-subdivision b. of
5 this subdivision, the health insurer acts uniformly without regard
6 to any health status-related factor of enrolled individuals or
7 individuals who may become eligible for the coverage.

8 (2) Discontinuance of all coverage. –

9 a. In general. – Subject to sub-subdivision c. of this subdivision, in
10 any case in which a health insurer elects to discontinue offering
11 all health insurance coverage in the individual market in this
12 State, health insurance coverage may be discontinued by the
13 health insurer only if: (i) the health insurer provides notice to the
14 Commissioner and to each individual of the discontinuation at
15 least 180 days before the date of the expiration of the coverage,
16 and (ii) all health insurance coverage issued or delivered for
17 issuance in this State in the market is discontinued and the health
18 insurance coverage in the market is not renewed.

19 b. Prohibition on market reentry. – In the case of a discontinuation
20 under sub-subdivision a. of this subdivision in the individual
21 market, the health insurer shall not provide for the issuance of
22 any health insurance coverage in the market and this State during
23 the five-year period beginning on the date of the discontinuation
24 of the last health insurance coverage not so renewed.

25 (d) Exception for Uniform Modification of Coverage. – At the time of coverage
26 renewal, a health insurer may modify the health insurance coverage for a policy form
27 offered to individuals in the individual market as long as the modification is consistent
28 with State law and effective on a uniform basis among all individuals with that policy
29 form.

30 (e) Application to Coverage Offered Only Through Associations. – In applying
31 this section in the case of health insurance coverage that is made available by a health
32 insurer in the individual market to individuals only through one or more associations, a
33 reference to an ‘individual’ is deemed to include a reference to the association of which
34 the individual is a member.

35 **§ 58-68-70. Certification of coverage.**

36 G.S. 58-68-30(e) applies to health insurance coverage offered by a health insurer in
37 the individual market in the same manner that it applies to health insurance coverage
38 offered by a health insurer in the small or large group market.

39 **§ 58-68-75. General exceptions.**

40 (a) Exception for Certain Benefits. – This Part does not apply to any health
41 insurance coverage in relation to its provision of excepted benefits described in G.S. 58-
42 68-25(c)(1).

1 (b) Exception for Certain Benefits if Certain Conditions Met. – This Part does not
2 apply to any health insurance coverage in relation to its provision of excepted benefits
3 described in G.S. 58-68-25(c)(2), (3), or (4) if the benefits are provided under a separate
4 policy, certificate, or contract of insurance."

5 Section 2. G.S. 58-50-110 reads as rewritten:

6 "**§ 58-50-110. Definitions.**

7 As used in this Act:

8 (1) 'Accountable health carrier' means that as defined in G.S. 143-622(1).

9 (1a) 'Actuarial certification' means a written statement by a member of the
10 American Academy of Actuaries or other individual acceptable to the
11 Commissioner that a small employer carrier is in compliance with the
12 provisions of G.S. 58-50-130, and to the extent applicable, the
13 provisions of Article 68 of this Chapter, based upon the person's
14 examination, including a review of the appropriate records and of the
15 actuarial assumptions and methods used by the small employer carrier
16 in establishing premium rates for applicable health benefit plans.

17 (1b) 'Adjusted community rating' means a method used to develop carrier
18 premiums which spreads financial risk across a large population and
19 allows adjustments for the following demographic factors: age, gender,
20 family composition, and geographic areas, as determined pursuant to
21 G.S. 58-50-130(b).

22 (2) Repealed by Session Laws 1993, c. 529, s. 3.3.

23 (3) 'Basic health care plan' means a health care plan for small employers
24 that is lower in cost than a standard health care plan and is required to
25 be offered by all small employer carriers pursuant to G.S. 58-50-125
26 and approved by the Commissioner in accordance with G.S. 58-50-125.

27 (4) 'Board' means the board of directors of the Pool.

28 (5) 'Carrier' means any person that provides one or more health benefit
29 plans in this State, including a licensed insurance company, a prepaid
30 hospital or medical service plan, a health maintenance organization
31 (HMO), and a multiple employer welfare arrangement.

32 (5a) 'Case characteristics' means the demographic factors age, gender,
33 family size, and geographic location.

34 (6), (7) Repealed by Session Laws 1993, c. 529, s. 3.3.

35 (8) 'Committee' means the Small Employer Carrier Committee as created
36 by G.S. 58-50-120.

37 (9) 'Dependent' means the spouse or child of an eligible employee, subject
38 to applicable terms of the health care plan covering the employee.

39 (10) 'Eligible employee' means an employee who works for a small
40 employer on a full-time basis, with a normal work week of 30 or more
41 hours, including a sole proprietor, a partner or a partnership, or an
42 independent contractor, if included as an employee under a health care

- 1 plan of a small employer; but does not include employees who work on
2 a part-time, temporary, or substitute basis.
- 3 (11) 'Health benefit plan' means any accident and health insurance policy or
4 certificate; nonprofit hospital or medical service corporation contract;
5 health, hospital, or medical service corporation plan contract; HMO
6 subscriber contract; plan provided by a MEWA or plan provided by
7 another benefit arrangement, to the extent permitted by ERISA, subject
8 to G.S. 58-50-115. Health benefit plan does not ~~mean accident only,~~
9 ~~specified disease only, fixed indemnity, credit, or disability insurance;~~
10 ~~coverage of Medicare services pursuant to contracts with the United~~
11 ~~States government; Medicare supplement or long-term care insurance;~~
12 ~~dental only or vision only insurance; coverage issued as a supplement to~~
13 ~~liability insurance; insurance arising out of a workers' compensation or~~
14 ~~similar law; automobile medical payment insurance; or insurance under~~
15 ~~which benefits are payable with or without regard to fault and that is~~
16 ~~statutorily required to be contained in any liability insurance policy or~~
17 ~~equivalent self insurance.~~ include benefits described in G.S. 58-68-
18 25(b).
- 19 (12) 'Impaired insurer' has the same meaning as prescribed in G.S. 58-62-
20 20(6) or G.S. 58-62-16(8).
- 21 (13) Repealed by Session Laws 1993, c. 529, s. 3.3.
- 22 (14) 'Late enrollee' means an eligible employee or dependent who requests
23 enrollment in a health benefit plan of a small employer after the end of
24 the initial enrollment period provided under the terms of the health
25 benefit plan in effect at the time the employee first became eligible;
26 provided that the initial enrollment period shall be a period of at least 30
27 consecutive calendar days. However, an eligible employee or dependent
28 shall not be considered a late enrollee if:
- 29 a. The individual was covered under a public or private health
30 benefit plan that provided, at the time the individual was eligible
31 to enroll, the same required level of benefits in the basic and
32 standard health care plans adopted pursuant to G.S. 58-50-120
33 and either the individual:
- 34 1. Lost coverage under another health plan as a result of
35 termination of employment, termination of a spouse's
36 health plan coverage, or the death of a spouse or divorce
37 and requests enrollment in a basic or standard health care
38 plan within 30 days after termination of coverage
39 provided under another health plan; or
- 40 2. Stated, in writing, during the enrollment period that
41 coverage under another employer health benefit plan was
42 the reason for declining coverage;
- 43 3, 4. Repealed by Session Laws 1993, c. 529, s. 3.3.

- 1 b. The individual elects a different health plan offered through the
2 Alliance during an open enrollment period;
- 3 c. An eligible employee requests enrollment within 30 days of
4 becoming an employee of a member small employer;
- 5 d. A court has ordered coverage be provided for a spouse or minor
6 child under a covered employee's health benefit plan and the
7 request for enrollment for a spouse is made within 30 days after
8 issuance of the court ~~order~~; order. A minor child shall be
9 enrolled in accordance with the requirements of G.S. 58-51-120;
10 or
- 11 e. The individual or employee enrollee makes a request for
12 enrollment of the spouse or child within 30 days ~~of~~ after the
13 ~~individual~~ individual's or employee's marriage or the ~~birth~~ or
14 ~~adoption~~ birth, adoption, or placement for adoption of a child.

15 (15) Repealed by Session Laws 1993, c. 529, s. 3.3.

16 (16) 'Pool' means the North Carolina Small Employer Health Reinsurance
17 Pool created in G.S. 58-50-150.

18 (17) 'Preexisting-conditions provision' means a ~~policy provision that limits~~
19 ~~or excludes coverage for charges or expenses incurred during a~~
20 ~~specified period following the insured's effective date of coverage, for a~~
21 ~~condition that, during a specified period immediately preceding the~~
22 ~~effective date of coverage, had manifested itself in a manner that would~~
23 ~~cause an ordinary prudent person to seek diagnosis, care, or treatment,~~
24 ~~or for which medical advice, diagnosis, care, or treatment was~~
25 ~~recommended or received as to that condition or as to pregnancy~~
26 ~~existing on the effective date of coverage.~~ preexisting-condition
27 provision as defined in G.S. 58-68-30.

28 (18) 'Premium' includes insurance premiums or other fees charged for a
29 health benefit plan, including the costs of benefits paid or
30 reimbursements made to or on behalf of persons covered by the plan.

31 (19) 'Rating period' means the calendar period for which premium rates
32 established by a small employer carrier are assumed to be in effect, as
33 determined by the small employer carrier.

34 (20) 'Risk-assuming carrier' means a small employer carrier electing to
35 comply with the requirements set forth in G.S. 58-50-140.

36 (21) 'Reinsuring carrier' means a small employer carrier electing to comply
37 with the requirements set forth in G.S. 58-50-145.

38 (21a) 'Self-employed individual' means an individual or sole proprietor who
39 derives a majority of his or her income from a trade or business carried
40 on by the individual or sole proprietor which results in taxable income
41 as indicated on IRS form 1040, Schedule C or F and which generated
42 taxable income in one of the two previous years.

1 (22) 'Small employer' means any individual actively engaged in business
2 that, on at least fifty percent (50%) of its working days during the
3 preceding calendar quarter, employed no more than ~~49~~50 eligible
4 employees, the majority of whom are employed within this State, and is
5 not formed primarily for purposes of buying health insurance and in
6 which a bona fide employer-employee relationship exists. In
7 determining the number of eligible employees, companies that are
8 affiliated companies, or that are eligible to file a combined tax return for
9 purposes of taxation by this State, shall be considered one employer.
10 Subsequent to the issuance of a health benefit plan to a small employer
11 and for the purpose of determining eligibility, the size of a small
12 employer shall be determined annually. Except as otherwise specifically
13 provided, the provisions of this Act that apply to a small employer shall
14 continue to apply until the plan anniversary following the date the small
15 employer no longer meets the requirements of this definition. For
16 purposes of this Act, the term small employer includes self-employed
17 individuals.

18 (23) 'Small employer carrier' means any carrier that offers health benefit
19 plans covering eligible employees of one or more small employers.

20 (24) 'Standard health care plan' means a health care plan for small employers
21 required to be offered by all small employer carriers under G.S. 58-50-
22 125 and approved by the Commissioner in accordance with G.S. 58-50-
23 125."

24 Section 3. G.S. 58-50-125(c) reads as rewritten:

25 "(c) ~~The Except as provided under Article 68 of this Chapter, the plans developed~~
26 under this section are not required to provide coverage that meets the requirements of
27 other provisions of this Chapter that mandate either coverage or the offer of coverage by
28 the type or level of health care services or health care provider."

29 Section 4. G.S. 58-50-125(g) reads as rewritten:

30 "(g) No HMO operating as either a risk-assuming carrier or a reinsuring carrier is
31 required to offer coverage or accept applications under subsection (d) of this section in
32 the case of any of the following:

33 (1) To a group that is not physically located in the HMO's approved service
34 areas;

35 (2) To an employee who does not reside within the HMO's approved
36 service areas;

37 (3) Within an area, where the HMO can reasonably anticipate, and
38 demonstrate, to the Commissioner's satisfaction, that it will not have the
39 capacity within that area and its network of providers to deliver services
40 adequately to the enrollees of those groups because of its obligations to
41 existing group contract holders and enrollees.

42 An HMO that does not offer coverage pursuant to subdivision (3) of this subsection
43 may not offer coverage in the applicable area to new employer groups with more than 49

1 eligible employees until the later of 90 days after that closure or the date on which the
2 carrier notifies the Commissioner that it has regained capacity to deliver services to small
3 employers."

4 Section 5. G.S. 58-50-130(a) reads as rewritten:

5 "(a) Health benefit plans covering small employers are subject to the following
6 provisions:

7 (1) ~~Except in the case of a late enrollee, any preexisting conditions~~
8 ~~provision may not limit or exclude coverage for a period beyond 12~~
9 ~~months following the insured's initial effective date of coverage and~~
10 ~~must define preexisting conditions as "those conditions for which~~
11 ~~medical advice or treatment was received or recommended or that could~~
12 ~~be medically documented within the 12-month period immediately~~
13 ~~preceding the effective date of the person's coverage".~~

14 (2) ~~In determining whether a preexisting conditions provision applies to an~~
15 ~~eligible employee or to a dependent, all health benefit plans shall credit~~
16 ~~the time the person was covered under a previous health benefit plan if~~
17 ~~the previous coverage was continuous to a date not more than 60 days~~
18 ~~before the effective date of the new coverage, exclusive of any~~
19 ~~applicable waiting period under the plan. As used in this subdivision~~
20 ~~with respect to previous coverage, the meaning of "health benefit~~
21 ~~plan" is not limited to the definition in G.S. 58-50-115, but includes any~~
22 ~~health benefit plan provided by a health insurer, as that term is defined~~
23 ~~in G.S. 58-51-115(a), or any government plan or program providing~~
24 ~~health benefits or health care.~~

25 (3) ~~The health benefit plan is renewable with respect to all eligible~~
26 ~~employees or dependents at the option of the policyholder or contract~~
27 ~~holder except:~~

28 a. ~~For nonpayment of the required premiums by the policyholder or~~
29 ~~contract holder;~~

30 b. ~~For fraud or misrepresentation of the policyholder or contract~~
31 ~~holder or, with respect to coverage of individual enrollees, the~~
32 ~~enrollees, or their representatives;~~

33 c. ~~For noncompliance with plan provisions that have been approved~~
34 ~~by the Commissioner;~~

35 d. ~~When the number of enrollees covered under the plan is less than~~
36 ~~the number of insureds or percentage of enrollees required by~~
37 ~~participation requirements under the plan; or~~

38 e. ~~When the policyholder or contract holder is no longer actively~~
39 ~~engaged in the business in which it was engaged on the effective~~
40 ~~date of the plan.~~

41 f. ~~When the small employer carrier stops writing new business in~~
42 ~~the small employer market, if:~~

1. ~~It provides notice to the Department and either to the policyholder, contract holder, or employer, of its decision to stop writing new business in the small employer market; and~~
2. ~~It does not cancel health benefit plans subject to this Act for 180 days after the date of the notice required under paragraph 1; and for that business of the carrier that remains in force, the carrier shall continue to be governed by this Act with respect to business conducted under this Act.~~

~~A small employer carrier that stops writing new business in the small employer market in this State after January 1, 1992, shall be prohibited from writing new business in the small employer market in this State for a period of five years from the date of notice to the Commissioner. In the case of an HMO doing business in the small employer market in one service area of this State, the rules set forth in this subdivision shall apply to the HMO's operations in the service area, unless the provisions of G.S. 58-50-125(g) apply.~~

- (4) ~~Late enrollees may be excluded from coverage for the greater of 18 months or an 18-month preexisting condition exclusion; however, if both a period of exclusion from coverage and a preexisting condition exclusion are applicable to a late enrollee, the combined period shall not exceed 18 months. If a period of exclusion from coverage is applied, a late enrollee shall be enrolled at the end of such period in the health benefit plan currently held by the small employer.~~

- (4a) A carrier may continue to enforce reasonable employer participation and contribution requirements on small employers applying for coverage; however, participation and contribution requirements may vary among small employers only by the size of the small employer group and shall not differ because of the health benefit plan involved. In applying minimum participation requirements to a small employer, a small employer carrier shall not consider employees or dependents who have qualifying existing coverage in determining whether an applicable participation level is met. 'Qualifying existing coverage' means benefits or coverage provided under: (i) Medicare, Medicaid, and other government funded programs; or (ii) an employer-based health insurance or health benefit arrangement, including a self-insured plan, that provides benefits similar to or in excess of benefits provided under the basic health care plan. An accountable health carrier shall not enforce participation or contribution requirements on member small employers, as defined in G.S. 143-622(18), unless those requirements meet with the standards adopted by the State Health Plan Purchasing Alliance Board.

- 1 (5) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Chapter, no small employer
2 carrier, insurer, subsidiary ~~or of~~ an insurer, or controlled individual of
3 an insurance holding company shall act as an administrator or claims
4 paying agent, as opposed to an insurer, on behalf of small groups which,
5 if they purchased insurance, would be subject to this section. No small
6 employer carrier, insurer, subsidiary of an insurer, or controlled
7 individual of an insurance holding company shall provide stop loss,
8 catastrophic, or reinsurance coverage to small employers that does not
9 comply with the underwriting, rating, and other applicable standards in
10 this Act.
- 11 (6) If a small employer carrier offers coverage to a small employer, the
12 small employer carrier shall offer coverage to all eligible employees of a
13 small employer and their dependents. A small employer carrier shall not
14 offer coverage to only certain individuals in a small employer group
15 except in the case of late enrollees as provided in G.S. 58-50-130(a)(4).
- 16 ~~(7) A small employer carrier shall not modify any health benefit plan with
17 respect to a small employer, any eligible employee, or dependent
18 through riders, endorsements, or otherwise, in order to restrict or
19 exclude coverage for certain diseases or medical conditions otherwise
20 covered by the health benefit plan.~~
- 21 ~~(8) In the case of an eligible employee or dependent of an eligible employee
22 who was excluded from or denied coverage by a small employer carrier
23 on or before August 14, 1992, the small employer carrier shall provide
24 an opportunity for such eligible employee or dependent to enroll in the
25 health benefit plan currently held by the small employer not later than
26 the next plan anniversary on or after August 14, 1992.~~
- 27 (9) The health benefit plan must meet the applicable requirements of Article
28 68 of this Chapter."

29 Section 6. G.S. 58-50-130(d) reads as written:

30 "(d) In connection with the offering for sale of any health benefit plan to a small
31 employer, each small employer carrier shall make a reasonable disclosure, as part of its
32 solicitation and sales ~~materials, of: materials,~~ of the following and shall provide this
33 information to the small employer upon request:

- 34 (1) Repealed by Session Laws 1993, c. 529, s. 3.7.
- 35 (2) Provisions concerning the small employer carrier's right to change
36 premium rates and the factors other than claims experience that affect
37 changes in premium rates.
- 38 (3) Provisions relating to renewability of policies and contracts.
- 39 (4) Provisions affecting any preexisting conditions provision.
- 40 (5) The benefits available and premiums charged under all health benefit
41 plans for which the small employer is eligible."

42 Section 7. G.S. 58-51-15(a)(2)b. reads as rewritten:

1 **"b.** This policy contains a provision limiting coverage for preexisting
2 conditions. ~~Preexisting conditions must be covered no later than~~
3 ~~one year after the effective date of coverage. are covered under~~
4 ~~this policy.....(insert number of months or days, not to~~
5 ~~exceed one year) after the effective date of coverage. Preexisting~~
6 ~~conditions are defined as mean 'those conditions for which~~
7 ~~medical advice advice, diagnosis, care, or treatment was received~~
8 ~~or recommended or that could be medically documented within~~
9 ~~the one year six-month period immediately preceding the~~
10 ~~effective date of the person's coverage.' Preexisting conditions~~
11 ~~exclusions may not be implemented by any successor plan as to~~
12 ~~any covered persons who have already met all or part of the~~
13 ~~waiting period requirements under any previous plan. Credit~~
14 ~~must be given for that portion of the waiting period that was met~~
15 ~~under the previous plan. As used in this policy, the term~~
16 ~~"previous plan" includes any health benefit plan provided by a~~
17 ~~health insurer, as those terms are defined in G.S. 58-51-115, or~~
18 ~~any government plan or program providing health benefits or~~
19 ~~health care. In determining whether a preexisting condition~~
20 ~~provision applies to an insured person, all health benefit plans~~
21 ~~must credit the time the person was covered under a previous~~
22 ~~plan if the previous plan's coverage was continuous to a date not~~
23 ~~more than 60 days before the effective date of the new coverage,~~
24 ~~exclusive of any applicable waiting period under the new~~
25 ~~coverage. Credit for having satisfied some or all of the~~
26 ~~preexisting condition waiting periods under previous health~~
27 ~~benefits coverage shall be given in accordance with Article 68 of~~
28 ~~this Chapter."~~

29 Section 8. G.S. 58-51-80(b) reads as rewritten:

30 **"(b)** No policy or contract of group accident, group health or group accident and
31 health insurance shall be delivered or issued for delivery in this State unless the group of
32 persons thereby insured conforms to the requirements of the following subdivisions:

33 (1) Under a policy issued to an employer, principal, or to the trustee of a
34 fund established by an employer or two or more employers in the same
35 industry or kind of business, or by a principal or two or more principals
36 in the same industry or kind of business, which employer, principal, or
37 trustee shall be deemed the policyholder, covering, except as hereinafter
38 provided, only employees, or agents, of any class or classes thereof
39 determined by conditions pertaining to employment, or agency, for
40 amounts of insurance based upon some plan which will preclude
41 individual selection. The premium may be paid by the employer, by the
42 employer and the employees jointly, or by the employee; and where the
43 relationship of principal and agent exists, the premium may be paid by

1 the principal, by the principal and agents, jointly, or by the agents. If the
2 premium is paid by the employer and the employees jointly, or by the
3 principal and agents jointly, or by the employees, or by the agents, the
4 group shall be structured on an actuarially sound basis.

5 (1a) Under a policy issued to an association or to a trust or to the trustee or
6 trustees of a fund established, created, or maintained for the benefit of
7 members of one or more associations. The association or associations
8 shall have at the outset a minimum of 500 persons and shall have been
9 organized and maintained in good faith for purposes other than that of
10 obtaining insurance; shall have been in active existence for at least five
11 years; and shall have a constitution and bylaws that provide that (i) the
12 association or associations hold regular meetings not less than annually
13 to further purposes of the members; (ii) except for credit unions, the
14 association or associations collect dues or solicit contributions from
15 members; and (iii) the ~~members~~members, other than associate
16 members, have voting privileges and representation on the governing
17 board and committees. The policy is subject to the following
18 requirements:

19 a. The policy may insure members of the association or
20 associations, employees of the association or associations, or
21 employees of members, or one or more of the preceding or all of
22 any class or classes for the benefit of persons other than the
23 employer's employer.

24 b. The premium for the policy shall be paid from funds contributed
25 by the association or associations, or by employer members, or
26 by both, or from funds contributed by the covered persons or
27 from both the covered persons and the association, associations,
28 or employer members.

29 e. ~~A policy on which no part of the premium is to be derived from~~
30 ~~funds contributed by the covered persons specifically for their~~
31 ~~insurance must insure all eligible persons, except those who~~
32 ~~reject the coverage, in writing.~~

33 (2) ~~For employer groups of 50 or more persons no evidence of individual~~
34 ~~insurability may be required at the time the person first becomes eligible~~
35 ~~for insurance or within 31 days thereafter except for any insurance~~
36 ~~supplemental to the basic coverage for which evidence of individual~~
37 ~~insurability may be required. With respect to trustee groups the phrase~~
38 ~~"groups of 50" must be applied on a participating unit basis for the~~
39 ~~purpose of requiring individual evidence of insurability.~~

40 (3) ~~Policies may contain a provision limiting coverage for preexisting~~
41 ~~conditions. Preexisting conditions must be covered no later than 12~~
42 ~~months after the effective date of coverage. Preexisting conditions are~~
43 ~~defined as "those conditions for which medical advice or treatment was~~

1 received or recommended or which could be medically documented
2 within the 12-month period immediately preceding the effective date of
3 the person's coverage." Preexisting conditions exclusions may not be
4 implemented by any successor plan as to any covered persons who have
5 already met all or part of the waiting period requirements under any
6 previous plan. Credit must be given for that portion of the waiting
7 period which was met under the previous plan. As used in this
8 subdivision, a "previous plan" includes any health benefit plan provided
9 by a health insurer, as those terms are defined in G.S. 58-51-115, or any
10 government plan or program providing health benefits or health care.
11 For employer groups of 50 or more persons and for groups under
12 subdivision (1a) of this subsection and under G.S. 58-51-81: In
13 determining whether a preexisting condition provision applies to an
14 eligible employee, association member, student, or to a dependent, all
15 health benefit plans shall credit the time the person was covered under a
16 previous plan if the previous plan's coverage was continuous to a date
17 not more than 60 days before the effective date of the new coverage,
18 exclusive of any applicable waiting period under the new coverage."

19 Section 9. G.S. 58-51-80(h) reads as rewritten:

20 "(h) Nothing contained in this section applies to any contract issued by any
21 corporation defined in Article 65 of this Chapter. Subdivision (b)(3) of this section
22 applies to MEWAs, as defined in G.S. 58-49-30(a)."

23 Section 10. G.S. 58-53-1 reads as rewritten:

24 **"§ 58-53-1. Definitions.**

25 As used in this Article, the following terms have the meanings specified:

- 26 (1) 'Group policy' means a group accident and health insurance policy
27 issued by an insurance company and a group contract issued by a ~~health~~
28 service corporation or health maintenance organization or similar
29 corporation or organization.
- 30 (2) 'Individual policy' or 'converted policy' means an individual health
31 insurance policy issued by an insurance company or an individual ~~health~~
32 services contract issued by a ~~health~~ service corporation or health
33 maintenance organization or similar corporation or organization.
- 34 (3) 'Insurance' and 'insured' refer to coverage under a group policy,
35 individual policy or converted policy on a premium-paying basis, and
36 do not include coverage provided by reason of a disability extension.
- 37 (4) "Insurer" means the entity issuing a group policy or an individual or
38 converted policy.
- 39 (5) "Medicare" means Title XVIII of the United States Social Security Act
40 as added by the Social Security Amendments of 1965 or as later
41 amended or superseded.
- 42 (5a) 'Member' or 'employee' includes an insured spouse or dependent of a
43 member or of an employee.

1 (6) 'Premium' includes any premium or other consideration payable for
2 coverage under a group or individual policy.

3 (7) 'Reasonable and customary' means the most frequently used level of
4 charge made for the supplies or for a specific service in the geographic
5 subarea in which such supplies or services are received, of like kind or
6 by physicians, or other practitioners, with similar qualifications."

7 Section 11. G.S. 58-53-5 reads as rewritten:

8 **"§ 58-53-5. Continuation of group hospital, surgical, and major medical coverage**
9 **after termination of employment or membership.**

10 A group policy delivered or issued for delivery in this State ~~which that~~ insures
11 employees or members, ~~other than the members and their dependents, if they have~~
12 ~~elected to include them, whose eligibility under the group policy does not extend to any~~
13 ~~employee(s) the insured may have members~~ for hospital, surgical or major medical
14 insurance on an expense incurred or service basis under ~~Articles 1 through 67 of this~~
15 Chapter, other than for specific diseases or for accidental injuries only, shall provide that
16 employees or members whose ~~insurance for these types of coverage under the group~~
17 policy would otherwise terminate because of termination of active employment or
18 membership, or termination of membership in the eligible class or classes under the
19 policy, shall be entitled to continue their hospital, surgical, and medical insurance under
20 that group policy, for themselves and their eligible spouses and dependents with respect
21 to whom they were insured on the date of termination, subject to all of the group policy's
22 terms and conditions ~~applicable to those forms of insurance~~ and to the conditions
23 specified in this Part. Provided, the terms and conditions set forth in this Part are intended
24 as minimum requirements and shall not be construed to impose additional or different
25 requirements upon those group hospital, surgical, or major medical plans ~~already in force,~~
26 ~~or hereafter placed into effect,~~ that provide continuation benefits equal to or better than
27 those required in this Part."

28 Section 12. G.S. 58-53-35 reads as rewritten:

29 **"§ 58-53-35. Termination of continuation.**

30 (a) Continuation of insurance under the group policy for any person shall
31 terminate on the earliest of the following dates:

32 (1) The date ~~one year~~ 18 months after the date the employee's or member's
33 insurance under the policy would otherwise have terminated because of
34 termination of employment or members;

35 (2) The date ending the period for which the employee or member last
36 makes his required contribution, if he discontinues his contributions;

37 (3) The date the employee or member becomes or is eligible to become
38 covered for similar benefits under any arrangement of coverage for
39 individuals in a group, whether insured or uninsured;

40 (4) The date on which the group policy is terminated or, in the case of a
41 multiple employer plan, the date his employer terminates participation
42 under the group master policy. When this occurs the employee or
43 member shall have the privilege described in G.S. 58-53-45 if the date

1 of termination precedes that on which his actual continuation of
2 insurance under that policy would have terminated. The insurer that
3 insured the group ~~prior to~~before the date of termination shall make a
4 converted policy available to the employee or member.

5 (b) Notwithstanding subdivision (a)(4) of this section, if the employer replaces the
6 group policy with another group policy, the employee is entitled to continue under the
7 successor group policy for any unexpired period of continuation to which the employee is
8 entitled."

9 Section 13. G.S. 58-53-50 reads as rewritten:

10 **"§ 58-53-50. Restrictions.**

11 A converted policy shall not be available to an employee or member if termination of
12 his insurance under the group policy occurred because:

- 13 (1) Of termination of employment or membership and either he was not
14 entitled to continuation of group coverage under Part 1 of this Article or
15 failed to elect such continuation;
- 16 (2) He failed to make timely payment of any required contribution for the
17 cost of continuation of insurance;
- 18 (3) He had not been continuously covered under the group policy or for
19 similar benefits under any other group policy that it replaced during the
20 period of three consecutive months immediately prior to termination of
21 active employment ending with such termination;
- 22 (4) The group policy terminated or an employer's participation terminated,
23 and the insurance is replaced by similar coverage under another group
24 policy within 31 days of date of termination; or
- 25 (5) He failed to continue his insurance for the entire maximum period of
26 ~~one year~~18 months following termination of active employment as
27 provided for in Part 1 of this Article, unless that failure to continue was
28 because of change of insurer by the employer and the change of insurer
29 was consummated during the one year continuation period. In that event
30 the employee or member shall be entitled to be issued a converted
31 policy by the insurer that provided the group policy to the employer
32 before the change of insurer."

33 Section 14. G.S. 58-53-55 reads as rewritten:

34 **"§ 58-53-55. Time limit.**

35 In order to be eligible for conversion, written application and the first premium
36 payment for the converted policy must be made to the insurer not later than 31 days after
37 the date of termination of insurance provided under Part 1 of this Article. The effective
38 date of the converted policy shall be the day following the later of:

- 39 (1) The termination of insurance under the group policy when it is not
40 replaced by one providing similar coverage within 31 days of the
41 termination date of the immediately prior group plan; or
- 42 (2) The termination of the ~~one year~~period of continued coverage under the
43 group policy or policies."

1 Section 15. Article 55 of Chapter 58 of the General Statutes is amended by
2 adding a new section to read:

3 **"§ 58-55-31. Additional requirements.**

4 (a) No policy shall be used in this State unless it provides for an offer of
5 nonforfeiture, which shall not be less than an offer of reduced paid-up insurance benefits,
6 extended term insurance benefits, or a shortened benefit period. No policy shall pay a
7 cash surrender value unless the dividends or refunds are applied as a reduction of future
8 premiums or an increase in future benefits.

9 (b) The Commissioner shall adopt rules to provide for annual reports by insurers
10 of the number of claims denied, number of rescissions, and the percentage of sales
11 involving the replacement of policies.

12 (c) No policy shall be used in this State unless the insurer has developed a
13 financial or personal asset suitability test to determine whether or not issuing long-term
14 care insurance to an applicant is appropriate. For purposes of this section:

15 (1) All insurers except those issuing life insurance that accelerates the death
16 benefit for long-term care shall use the financial or suitability form and
17 format standards as developed and adopted by the NAIC. A personal
18 long-term care worksheet and disclosure notice of issues an applicant
19 should know before buying long-term care insurance shall be completed
20 and provided before an application is taken.

21 (2) Each applicant that does not meet the recommended financial or
22 personal asset suitability test criteria shall receive a letter of notification
23 and shall be given an option to waive the results of the financial
24 suitability test and proceed with the purchase of the policy.

25 (d) The Commissioner shall adopt standards to handle consumer complaints about
26 noncompliance with State requirements."

27 Section 16. G.S. 58-65-25 reads as rewritten:

28 **"§ 58-65-25. Hospital, physician and dentist contracts.**

29 (a) ~~Any corporation organized under the provisions of this Article and Article 66~~
30 ~~of this Chapter~~ may enter into contracts for the rendering of hospital service to any of its
31 subscribers by hospitals approved by the American Medical Association and/or the North
32 Carolina Hospital Association, and may enter into contracts for the furnishing of, or the
33 payment in whole or in part for, medical and/or dental services rendered to any of its
34 subscribers by duly licensed physicians and/or dentists. All obligations arising under
35 contracts issued by such corporations to its subscribers shall be satisfied by payments
36 made directly to the hospitals or hospitals and/or physicians and/or dentists rendering
37 such service, or direct to the subscriber or his, her, or their legal representatives upon the
38 receipt by the corporation from the subscriber of a statement marked paid by the
39 hospital(s) and/or physician(s) and/or dentist(s) or both rendering such service, and all
40 such payments heretofore made are hereby ratified. Nothing ~~herein~~ in this section shall
41 be construed to discriminate against hospitals conducted by other schools of medical
42 practice.

1 (b) ~~On and after January 1, 1956, all~~ All certificates, plans or contracts issued to
2 subscribers or other persons by hospital and medical and/or dental service corporations
3 operating under this Article ~~and Article 66 of this Chapter~~ shall contain in substance a
4 provision as follows: 'After two years from the date of issue of this certificate, contract or
5 plan no misstatements, except fraudulent misstatements made by the applicant in the
6 application for such certificate, contract or plan, shall be used to void said certificate,
7 contract or plan, or to deny a claim for loss incurred or disability (as therein defined)
8 commencing after the expiration of such two-year period. ~~No claim for loss incurred or~~
9 ~~disability (as defined in the certificate, contract or plan) commencing after two years~~
10 ~~from the date of issue of this certificate, contract or plan shall be reduced or denied on the~~
11 ~~ground that a disease or physical condition not excluded from coverage by name or~~
12 ~~specifically described, effective on the date of loss, had existed prior to the effective date~~
13 ~~of coverage of this certificate, contract or plan.'~~

14 Section 17. G.S. 58-65-60(e) reads as rewritten:

15 "(e) A ~~hospital~~ service corporation may issue a master group contract with the
16 approval of the Commissioner ~~of Insurance provided such if the~~ contract and the
17 individual certificates issued to members of the ~~group, shall comply~~ group comply in
18 substance to the other provisions of this Article and Article 66 of this Chapter. ~~Any such~~
19 The contract may provide for the adjustment of the rate of the premium or benefits
20 conferred as provided in ~~said the~~ contract, and in accordance with an adjustment schedule
21 filed with and approved by the ~~Commissioner of Insurance.~~ Commissioner. If ~~such~~
22 ~~master group the~~ contract is issued, altered or modified, the subscribers' contracts issued
23 ~~in pursuance thereof under that contract~~ are altered or modified accordingly, all laws and
24 clauses in subscribers' contracts to the contrary notwithstanding. Nothing in this Article
25 and Article 66 of this Chapter shall be construed to prohibit or prevent the same. Forms
26 of such contract shall at all times be furnished upon request of subscribers thereto.

27 (1) ~~For employer groups of 50 or more persons no evidence of individual~~
28 ~~insurability may be required at the time the person first becomes eligible~~
29 ~~for coverage or within 31 days thereafter except for any insurance~~
30 ~~supplemental to the basic coverage for which evidence of individual~~
31 ~~insurability may be required. With respect to trustee groups the phrase~~
32 ~~"groups of 50" must be applied on a participating unit basis for the~~
33 ~~purpose of requiring individual evidence of insurability.~~

34 (2) ~~Employer master group contracts may contain a provision limiting~~
35 ~~coverage for preexisting conditions. Preexisting conditions must be~~
36 ~~covered no later than 12 months after the effective date of coverage.~~
37 ~~Preexisting conditions are defined as "those conditions for which~~
38 ~~medical advice or treatment was received or recommended or which~~
39 ~~could be medically documented within the 12-month period~~
40 ~~immediately preceding the effective date of the person's~~
41 ~~coverage." Preexisting conditions exclusions may not be implemented~~
42 ~~by any successor plan as to any covered persons who have already met~~
43 ~~all or part of the waiting period requirements under any previous plan.~~

1 ~~Credit must be given for that portion of the waiting period which was~~
2 ~~met under the previous plan. As used in this subdivision, a "previous~~
3 ~~plan" includes any health benefit plan provided by a health insurer, as~~
4 ~~those terms are defined in G.S. 58-51-115, or any government plan or~~
5 ~~program providing health benefits or health care, except that nothing in~~
6 ~~this section shall apply to a guaranteed issue product designed for~~
7 ~~uninsurables. For employer groups of 50 or more persons: In~~
8 ~~determining whether a preexisting condition provision applies to an~~
9 ~~eligible employee or to a dependent, all health benefit plans shall credit~~
10 ~~the time the person was covered under a previous plan if the previous~~
11 ~~plan's coverage was continuous to a date not more than 60 days before~~
12 ~~the effective date of the new coverage, exclusive of any applicable~~
13 ~~waiting period under the new coverage.~~

14 (3) (e1) Employees shall be added to the master group coverage no later than 90 days
15 after their first day of employment. Employment shall be considered continuous and not
16 be considered broken except for unexcused absences from work for reasons other than
17 illness or injury. The term 'employee' is defined as a nonseasonal person who works on a
18 full-time basis, with a normal work week of 30 or more hours and who is otherwise
19 eligible for coverage, but does not include a person who works on a part-time, temporary,
20 or substitute basis.

21 (4) (e2) Whenever an employer master group contract replaces another group
22 contract, whether this contract was issued by a corporation under Articles 1 through 67 of
23 this Chapter, the liability of the succeeding corporation for insuring persons covered
24 under the previous group contract is (i) each person is eligible for coverage in accordance
25 with the succeeding corporation's plan of benefits with respect to classes eligible and
26 activity at work and nonconfinement rules must be covered by the succeeding
27 corporation's plan of benefits; and (ii) each person not covered under the succeeding
28 corporation's plan of benefits in accordance with (i) above must nevertheless be covered
29 by the succeeding corporation if that person was validly covered, including benefit
30 extension, under the prior plan on the date of discontinuance and if the person is a
31 member of the class of persons eligible for coverage under the succeeding corporation's
32 plan."

33 Section 18. G.S. 58-67-85 reads as rewritten:

34 "**§ 58-67-85. Master group contracts, filing requirement; required and prohibited**
35 **provisions.**

36 (a) A health maintenance organization may issue a master group contract with the
37 approval of the Commissioner of Insurance provided the contract and the individual
38 certificates issued to members of the group, shall comply in substance to the other
39 provisions of this Article. Any such contract may provide for the adjustment of the rate of
40 the premium or benefits conferred as provided in the contract, and in accordance with an
41 adjustment schedule filed with and approved by the Commissioner of Insurance. If the
42 master group contract is issued, altered or modified, the enrollees' contracts issued in
43 pursuance thereof are altered or modified accordingly, all laws and clauses in the

1 enrollees' contracts to the contrary notwithstanding. Nothing in this Article shall be
2 construed to prohibit or prevent the same. Forms of such contract shall at all times be
3 furnished upon request of enrollees thereto.

4 ~~(b) For employer groups of 50 or more persons no evidence of individual~~
5 ~~insurability may be required at the time the person first becomes eligible for insurance or~~
6 ~~within 31 days thereafter except for any insurance supplemental to the basic coverage for~~
7 ~~which evidence of individual insurability may be required. With respect to trusteed~~
8 ~~groups the phrase "groups of 50" must be applied on a participating unit basis for the~~
9 ~~purpose of requiring individual evidence of insurability.~~

10 ~~(c) Employer master group contracts may contain a provision limiting coverage~~
11 ~~for preexisting conditions. Preexisting conditions must be covered no later than 12~~
12 ~~months after the effective date of coverage. Preexisting conditions are defined as "those~~
13 ~~conditions for which medical advice or treatment was received or recommended or which~~
14 ~~could be medically documented within the 12-month period immediately preceding the~~
15 ~~effective date of the person's coverage." Preexisting conditions exclusions may not be~~
16 ~~implemented by any successor plan as to any covered persons who have already met all~~
17 ~~or part of the waiting period requirements under any previous plan. Credit must be given~~
18 ~~for that portion of the waiting period which was met under the previous plan. As used in~~
19 ~~this subsection, a "previous plan" includes any health benefit plan provided by a health~~
20 ~~insurer, as those terms are defined in G.S. 58-51-115, or any government plan or program~~
21 ~~providing health benefits or health care. In determining whether a preexisting condition~~
22 ~~provision applies to an eligible employee or to a dependent, all health benefit plans shall~~
23 ~~credit the time the person was covered under a previous plan if the previous plan's~~
24 ~~coverage was continuous to a date not more than 60 days before the effective date of the~~
25 ~~new coverage, exclusive of any applicable waiting period under the new coverage.~~

26 (d) Employees shall be added to the master group coverage no later than 90
27 days after their first day of employment. Employment shall be considered continuous and
28 not be considered broken except for unexcused absences from work for reasons other
29 than illness or injury. The term 'employee' is defined as a nonseasonal person who works
30 on a full-time basis, with a normal work week of 30 or more hours and who is otherwise
31 eligible for coverage, but does not include a person who works on a part-time, temporary,
32 or substitute basis.

33 (e) Whenever an employer master group contract replaces another group contract,
34 whether the contract was issued by a corporation under Articles 1 through 67 of this
35 Chapter, the liability of the succeeding corporation for insuring persons covered under
36 the previous group contract is:

- 37 (1) Each person who is eligible for coverage in accordance with the
38 succeeding corporation's plan of benefits with respect to classes eligible
39 and activity at work and nonconfinement rules must be covered by the
40 succeeding corporation's plan of benefits; and
41 (2) Each person not covered under the succeeding corporation's plan of
42 benefits in accordance with (e)(1) must nevertheless be covered by the
43 succeeding corporation if that person was validly covered, including

1 benefit extension, under the prior plan on the date of discontinuance and
2 if the person is a member of the class of persons eligible for coverage
3 under the succeeding corporation's plan.”

4 Section 19. Article 3 of Chapter 58 of the General Statutes is amended by
5 adding a new section to read:

6 **"§ 58-3-169. Required coverage for minimum hospital stay following birth.**

7 (a) Definitions. – As used in this section:

8 (1) 'Attending providers' includes:

9 a. The obstetrician-gynecologists, pediatricians, family physicians,
10 and other physicians primarily responsible for the care of a
11 mother and newborn; and

12 b. The nurse midwives and nurse practitioners primarily responsible
13 for the care of a mother and her newborn child in accordance
14 with State licensure and certification laws.

15 (2) 'Health benefit plan' means an accident and health insurance policy or
16 certificate; a nonprofit hospital or medical service corporation contract;
17 a health maintenance organization subscriber contract; a plan provided
18 by a multiple employer welfare arrangement; or a plan provided by
19 another benefit arrangement, to the extent permitted by the Employee
20 Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended, or by any waiver
21 of or other exception to that Act provided under federal law or
22 regulation. 'Health benefit plan' does not mean any of the following
23 kinds of insurance:

24 a. Accident,

25 b. Credit,

26 c. Disability income,

27 d. Long-term or nursing home care,

28 e. Medicare supplement,

29 f. Specified disease,

30 g. Dental or vision,

31 h. Coverage issued as a supplement to liability insurance,

32 i. Workers' compensation,

33 j. Medical payments under automobile or homeowners, and

34 k. Insurance under which benefits are payable with or without
35 regard to fault and that is statutorily required to be contained in
36 any liability policy or equivalent self-insurance.

37 (3) 'Insurer' means an insurance company subject to this Chapter, a service
38 corporation organized under Article 65 of this Chapter, a health
39 maintenance organization organized under Article 67 of this Chapter,
40 and a multiple employer welfare arrangement subject to Article 49 of
41 this Chapter.

42 (b) In General. – Except as provided in subsection (c) of this section, an insurer
43 that provides a health benefit plan that contains maternity benefits, including benefits for

1 childbirth, shall ensure that coverage is provided with respect to a mother who is a
2 participant, beneficiary, or policyholder under the plan and her newborn child for a
3 minimum of 48 hours of inpatient length of stay following a normal vaginal delivery, and
4 a minimum of 96 hours of inpatient length of stay following a cesarean section, without
5 requiring the attending provider to obtain authorization from the insurer or its
6 representative.

7 (c) Exception. – Notwithstanding subsection (b) of this section, an insurer is not
8 required to provide coverage for postdelivery inpatient length of stay for a mother who is
9 a participant, beneficiary, or policyholder under the insurer's health benefit plan and her
10 newborn child for the period referred to in subsection (b) of this section if:

11 (1) A decision to discharge the mother and her newborn child before the
12 expiration of the period is made by the attending provider in
13 consultation with the mother; and

14 (2) The health benefit plan provides coverage for postdelivery follow-up
15 care as described in subsections(d) and (e) of this section.

16 (d) Postdelivery Follow-Up Care. – In the case of a decision to discharge a mother
17 and her newborn child from the inpatient setting before the expiration of 48 hours
18 following a normal vaginal delivery or 96 hours following a cesarean section, the health
19 benefit plan shall provide coverage for timely postdelivery care. This health care shall be
20 provided to a mother and her newborn child by a registered nurse, physician, nurse
21 practitioner, nurse midwife, or physician assistant experienced in maternal and child
22 health in:

23 (1) The home, a provider's office, a hospital, a birthing center, an
24 intermediate care facility, a federally qualified health center, a federally
25 qualified rural health clinic, or a State health department maternity
26 clinic; or

27 (2) Another setting determined appropriate under federal regulations
28 promulgated under Title VI of Public Law 104-204.

29 The attending provider in consultation with the mother shall decide the most appropriate
30 location for follow-up care.

31 (e) Timely Care. – As used in subsection (d) of this section, 'timely postdelivery
32 care' means health care that is provided:

33 (1) Following the discharge of a mother and her newborn child from the
34 inpatient setting; and

35 (2) In a manner that meets the health care needs of the mother and her
36 newborn child, that provides for the appropriate monitoring of the
37 conditions of the mother and child, and that occurs not later than the 72-
38 hour period immediately following discharge.

39 (f) Prohibitions. – An insurer shall not:

40 (1) Deny enrollment, renewal, or continued coverage with respect to its
41 health benefit plan to a mother and her newborn child who are
42 participants, beneficiaries, or policyholders, based on compliance with
43 this section;

- 1 (2) Provide monetary payments or rebates to mothers to encourage the
2 mothers to request less than the minimum coverage required under this
3 section;
4 (3) Penalize or otherwise reduce or limit the reimbursement of an attending
5 provider because the provider provided treatment to an individual
6 policyholder, participant, or beneficiary in accordance with this section;
7 or
8 (4) Provide monetary or other incentives to an attending provider to induce
9 the provider to provide treatment to an individual policyholder,
10 participant, or beneficiary in a manner inconsistent with this section.
11 (g) Effect on Mother. – Nothing in this section requires that a mother who is a
12 participant, beneficiary, or policyholder covered under this section:
13 (1) Give birth in a hospital; or
14 (2) Stay in the hospital for a fixed period of time following the birth of her
15 child.
16 (h) Level and Type of Reimbursements. – Nothing in this section prevents an
17 insurer from negotiating the level and type of reimbursement with an attending provider
18 for care provided in accordance with this section."

19 Section 20. G.S. 58-3-170 reads as rewritten:

20 **"§ 58-3-170. Requirements for maternity coverage.**

21 (a) Every entity providing a health benefit plan that provides maternity coverage
22 in this State shall provide benefits for the necessary care and treatment related to
23 maternity that are no less favorable than benefits for physical illness generally.

24 ~~(a1) A health benefit plan that provides maternity coverage shall provide coverage~~
25 ~~for inpatient care for a mother and her newly born child for a minimum of forty eight~~
26 ~~(48) hours after vaginal delivery and a minimum of ninety six (96) hours after delivery~~
27 ~~by caesarean section.~~

28 (b) As used in this section, 'health benefit plans' means accident and health
29 insurance policies or certificates; nonprofit hospital or medical service corporation
30 contracts; health, hospital, or medical service corporation plan contracts; health
31 maintenance organization (HMO) subscriber contracts; and plans provided by a MEWA
32 or plans provided by other benefit arrangements, to the extent permitted by ERISA."

33 Section 21. G.S. 58-51-55 reads as rewritten:

34 **"§ 58-51-55. No discrimination against the mentally ill and chemically dependent.**

35 (a) Definitions. – As used in this section, the term:

- 36 (1) 'Mental illness' has the same meaning as defined in G.S. 122C-3(21);
37 and
38 (2) 'Chemical dependency' has the same meaning as defined in G.S. 58-51-
39 50

40 with a diagnosis found in the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders
41 DSM-3-R or the International Classification of Diseases ICD/9/CM, or a later edition of
42 those manuals.

1 (b) Coverage of Physical Illness. – No insurance company licensed in this State
2 under the provisions of Articles 1 through 64 of this Chapter shall, solely because an
3 individual to be insured has or had a mental illness or chemical dependency:

- 4 (1) Refuse to issue or deliver to that individual any policy that affords
5 benefits or coverages for any medical treatment or service for physical
6 illness or injury;
- 7 (2) Have a higher premium rate or charge for physical illness or injury
8 coverages or benefits for that individual; or
- 9 (3) Reduce physical illness or injury coverages or benefits for that
10 individual.

11 (b1) Coverage of Mental Illness. – A policy that covers both physical illness or
12 injury and mental illness may not impose a lesser lifetime or annual dollar limitation on
13 the mental health benefits than on the physical illness or injury benefits, subject to the
14 following:

- 15 (1) A lifetime limit or annual limit may be made applicable to all benefits
16 under the policy, without distinguishing the mental health benefits.
- 17 (2) If the policy contains lifetime limits only on selected physical illness
18 and injury benefits, and these benefits do not represent substantially all
19 of the physical illness and injury benefits under the policy, the insurer
20 may impose a lifetime limit on the mental health benefits that is based
21 on a weighted average of the respective lifetime limits on the selected
22 physical illness and injury benefits. The weighted average shall be
23 calculated in accordance with rules adopted by the Commissioner.
- 24 (3) If the policy contains annual limits only on selected physical illness and
25 injury benefits, and these benefits do not represent substantially all of
26 the physical illness and injury benefits under the policy, the insurer may
27 impose an annual limit on the mental health benefits that is based on a
28 weighted average of the respective annual limits on the selected
29 physical illness and injury benefits. The weighted average shall be
30 calculated in accordance with rules adopted by the Commissioner.
- 31 (4) Except as otherwise provided in this section, the policy may distinguish
32 between mental illness benefits and physical injury or illness benefits
33 with respect to other terms of the policy, including coinsurance, limits
34 on provider visits or days of coverage, and requirements relating to
35 medical necessity.
- 36 (5) If the insurer offers two or more benefit package options under a policy,
37 each package must comply with this subsection.
- 38 (6) This subsection does not apply to a policy if the insurer can demonstrate
39 to the Commissioner that compliance will increase the cost of the policy
40 by one percent (1%) or more.
- 41 (7) This subsection expires October 1, 2001, but the expiration does not
42 affect services rendered before that date.

1 (c) Mental Illness or Chemical Dependency Coverage Not Required. – Nothing in
2 this section prevents any insurance company from excluding from coverage any physical
3 illness or injury or mental illness or chemical dependency which has existed previous to
4 coverage of the individual by the insurance company or from refusing to issue or deliver
5 to that individual any policy because of the underwriting of any physical condition
6 whether or not related to requires an insurer to offer coverage for mental illness or
7 chemical dependency.

8 (d) Applicability. – ~~This Subsection (b1) of this section applies only to group~~
9 health insurance contracts covering more than 50 employees. The remainder of this
10 section applies only to group health insurance contracts covering 20 or more employees.
11 For purposes of this section, ‘group health insurance contracts’ include MEWAs, as
12 defined in G.S. 58-49-30(a)."

13 Section 22. G.S. 58-65-90 reads as rewritten:

14 **"§ 58-65-90. No discrimination against the mentally ill and chemically dependent.**

15 (a) Definitions. – As used in this section, the term:

- 16 (1) ‘Mental illness’ has the same meaning as defined in G.S. 122C-3(21);
17 and
18 (2) ‘Chemical dependency’ has the same meaning as defined in G.S. 58-65-
19 75

20 with a diagnosis found in the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders
21 DSM-3-R or the International Classification of Diseases ICD/9/CM, or a later edition of
22 those manuals.

23 (b) Coverage of Physical Illness. – ~~No hospital, medical, dental or health service~~
24 corporation governed by this Chapter shall, solely because an individual to be insured has
25 or had a mental illness or chemical dependency:

- 26 (1) Refuse to issue or deliver to that individual any individual or group
27 ~~hospital, dental, medical or health service subscriber contract~~ contract in this
28 State that affords benefits or coverage for medical treatment or service
29 for physical illness or injury;
30 (2) Have a higher premium rate or charge for physical illness or injury
31 coverages or benefits for that individual; or
32 (3) Reduce physical illness or injury coverages or benefits for that
33 individual.

34 (b1) Coverage of Mental Illness. – A subscriber contract that covers both physical
35 illness or injury and mental illness may not impose a lesser lifetime or annual dollar
36 limitation on the mental health benefits than on the physical illness or injury benefits,
37 subject to the following:

- 38 (1) A lifetime limit or annual limit may be made applicable to all benefits
39 under the subscriber contract, without distinguishing the mental health
40 benefits.
41 (2) If the subscriber contract contains lifetime limits only on selected
42 physical illness or injury benefits, and these benefits do not represent
43 substantially all of the physical illness and injury benefits under the

1 subscriber contract, the service corporation may impose a lifetime limit
2 on the mental health benefits that is based on a weighted average of the
3 respective lifetime limits on the selected physical illness and injury
4 benefits. The weighted average shall be calculated in accordance with
5 rules adopted by the Commissioner.

6 (3) If the subscriber contract contains annual limits only on selected
7 physical illness and injury benefits, and these benefits do not represent
8 substantially all of the physical illness and injury benefits under the
9 subscriber contract, the service corporation may impose an annual limit
10 on the mental health benefits that is based on a weighted average of the
11 respective annual limits on the selected physical illness and injury
12 benefits. The weighted average shall be calculated in accordance with
13 rules adopted by the Commissioner.

14 (4) Except as otherwise provided in this section, the subscriber contract
15 may distinguish between mental illness benefits and physical injury or
16 illness benefits with respect to other terms of the subscriber contract,
17 including coinsurance, limits on provider visits or days of coverage, and
18 requirements relating to medical necessity.

19 (5) If the service corporation offers two or more benefit package options
20 under a subscriber contract, each package must comply with this
21 subsection.

22 (6) This subsection does not apply to a subscriber contract if the service
23 corporation can demonstrate to the Commissioner that compliance will
24 increase the cost of the subscriber contract by one percent (1%) or more.

25 (7) This subsection expires October 1, 2001, but the expiration does not
26 affect services rendered before that date.

27 (c) Mental Illness or Chemical Dependency Coverage Not Required. – Nothing in
28 this section prevents any hospital or medical plan from excluding from coverage any
29 physical illness or injury or mental illness or chemical dependency which has existed
30 previous to coverage of the individual by the hospital or medical plan or from refusing to
31 issue or deliver to that individual any policy because of the underwriting of any physical
32 condition whether or not related to requires a service corporation to offer coverage for
33 mental illness or chemical dependency.

34 (d) Applicability. – This Subsection (b1) of this section applies only to
35 subscriber contracts covering more than 50 employees. The remainder of this section
36 applies only to group contracts covering 20 or more employees."

37 Section 23. G.S. 58-67-75 reads as rewritten:

38 **"§ 58-67-75. No discrimination against the mentally ill and chemically dependent.**

39 (a) Definitions. – As used in this section, the term:

40 (1) 'Mental illness' has the same meaning as defined in G.S. 122C-3(21);
41 and

42 (2) 'Chemical dependency' has the same meaning as defined in G.S. 58-67-
43 70

1 with a diagnosis found in the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders
2 DSM-3-R or the International Classification of Diseases ICD/9/CM, or a later edition of
3 those manuals.

4 (b) Coverage of Physical Illness. – No health maintenance organization governed
5 by this Chapter shall, solely because an individual has or had a mental illness or chemical
6 dependency:

- 7 (1) Refuse to enroll that individual in any health care plan covering physical
8 illness or injury;
- 9 (2) Have a higher premium rate or charge for physical illness or injury
10 coverages or benefits for that individual; or
- 11 (3) Reduce physical illness or injury coverages or benefits for that
12 individual.

13 (b1) Coverage of Mental Illness. – A health care plan that covers both physical
14 illness or injury and mental illness may not impose a lesser lifetime or annual dollar
15 limitation on the mental health benefits than on the physical illness or injury benefits,
16 subject to the following:

- 17 (1) A lifetime limit or annual limit may be made applicable to all benefits
18 under the plan, without distinguishing the mental health benefits.
- 19 (2) If the plan contains lifetime limits only on selected physical illness and
20 injury benefits, and these benefits do not represent substantially all of
21 the physical illness and injury benefits under the plan, the HMO may
22 impose a lifetime limit on the mental health benefits that is based on a
23 weighted average of the respective lifetime limits on the selected
24 physical illness and injury benefits. The weighted average shall be
25 calculated in accordance with rules adopted by the Commissioner.
- 26 (3) If the plan contains annual limits only on selected physical illness and
27 injury benefits, and these benefits do not represent substantially all of
28 the physical illness and injury benefits under the plan, the HMO may
29 impose an annual limit on the mental health benefits that is based on a
30 weighted average of the respective annual limits on the selected
31 physical illness and injury benefits. The weighted average shall be
32 calculated in accordance with rules adopted by the Commissioner.
- 33 (4) Except as otherwise provided in this section, the plan may distinguish
34 between mental illness benefits and physical injury or illness benefits
35 with respect to other terms of the plan, including coinsurance, limits on
36 provider visits or days of coverage, and requirements relating to medical
37 necessity.
- 38 (5) If the HMO offers two or more benefit package options under a plan,
39 each package must comply with this subsection.
- 40 (6) This subsection does not apply to a health benefit plan if the HMO can
41 demonstrate to the Commissioner that compliance will increase the cost
42 of the plan by one percent (1%) or more.

1 (7) This subsection expires October 1, 2001, but the expiration does not
2 affect services rendered before that date.

3 (c) Mental Illness or Chemical Dependency Coverage Not Required. – Nothing in
4 this section ~~prevents any health maintenance organization from excluding from coverage~~
5 ~~any physical illness or injury or mental illness or chemical dependency which has existed~~
6 ~~previous to coverage of the individual by the health maintenance organization or from~~
7 ~~refusing to issue or deliver to that individual any policy because of the underwriting of~~
8 ~~any physical condition whether or not related to~~ requires an HMO to offer coverage for
9 mental illness or chemical dependency.

10 (d) Applicability. ~~This Subsection (b1) of this section applies only to group~~
11 ~~contracts covering more than 50 employees. The remainder of this section applies only~~
12 ~~to group contracts covering 20 or more employees."~~

13 Section 24. Sections 1 through 18 of this act apply to all affected contracts that
14 are delivered, issued for delivery, or renewed on and after July 1, 1997. Sections 19, 20,
15 21, 22, and 23 of this act apply to all affected contracts that are delivered, issued for
16 delivery, or renewed on and after January 1, 1998. For the purposes of this act, renewal
17 of a contract is presumed to occur on each anniversary of the date on which coverage was
18 first effective on the person or persons covered by the contract.

19 Section 25. This act is effective when it becomes law.