## GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA

## **SESSION 1997**

 $\mathbf{S}$ 1 SENATE BILL 1575

Short Title: Strengthen Election Enforcement.	(Public)	
Sponsors: Senator Gulley.		
Referred to: Judiciary.		

# June 1, 1998

1		A BILL TO BE ENTITLED	
2	AN ACT TO STRENGTHEN ENFORCEMENT OF ELECTION LAWS.		
3	The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:		
4	Section 1. G.S. 114-2 reads as rewritten:		
5	"§ 114-2. Duties.		
6	It shall be th	e duty of the Attorney General:	
7	(1)	To defend all actions in the appellate division in which the State shall be	
8		interested, or a party, and to appear for the State in any other court or	
9		tribunal in any cause or matter, civil or criminal, in which the State may	
10		be a party or interested.	
11	(2)	To represent all State departments, agencies, institutions, commissions,	
12		bureaus or other organized activities of the State which receive support	
13		in whole or in part from the State.	
14	(3)	Repealed by Session Laws 1973, c. 702, s. 2.	
15	(4)	To consult with and advise the prosecutors, when requested by them, in	
16		all matters pertaining to the duties of their office.	
17	(5)	To give, when required, his opinion upon all questions of law submitted	

to him by the General Assembly, or by either branch thereof, or by the

Governor, Auditor, Treasurer, or any other State officer.

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- (6) To pay all moneys received for debts due or penalties to the State immediately after the receipt thereof into the treasury.
- (7) To compare the warrants drawn on the State treasury with the laws under which they purport to be drawn.
- (8) Subject to the provisions of G.S. 62-20:
  - a. To intervene, when he deems it to be advisable in the public interest, in proceedings before any courts, regulatory officers, agencies and bodies, both State and federal, in a representative capacity for and on behalf of the using and consuming public of this State. He shall also have the authority to institute and originate proceedings before such courts, officers, agencies or bodies and shall have authority to appear before agencies on behalf of the State and its agencies and citizens in all matters affecting the public interest.
  - b. Upon the institution of any proceeding before any State agency by application, petition or other pleading, formal or informal, the outcome of which will affect a substantial number of residents of North Carolina, such agency or agencies shall furnish the Attorney General with copies of all such applications, petitions and pleadings so filed, and, when the Attorney General deems it advisable in the public interest to intervene in such proceedings, he is authorized to file responsive pleadings and to appear before such agency either in a representative capacity in behalf of the using and consuming public of this State or in behalf of the State or any of its agencies.
- (9) To make investigations, with the assistance of the State Bureau of Investigation and to the extent the Attorney General deems necessary, with respect to statements filed under the provisions of Article 22A of Chapter 163 of the General Statutes and with respect to alleged failures to file any statement required under the provisions of that Article and, upon complaint under oath by any registered voter, with respect to alleged violations of any part of that Article.
- (10) After investigation, to make a recommendation to the appropriate district attorney under G.S. 163-278.27 concerning prosecution of an individual or person alleged to have violated a section or sections of Article 22A of Chapter 163 of the General Statutes. In making the recommendation, the Attorney General may be advised by a panel consisting of attorneys on staff and others.
- (11) To employ a special prosecution team specializing in campaign finance law. The team shall be available to assist district attorneys in fulfilling their duties to prosecute violations of Article 22A of Chapter 163 of the General Statutes."
- Section 2. G.S. 163-278.22(7) and G.S. 163-278.22(8) are repealed.

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42 43 Section 3. G.S. 163-278.13(f) reads as rewritten:

"(f) Any individual, candidate, political committee, or referendum committee who that violates the provisions of this section is guilty of a Class 2 misdemeanor. Any individual, candidate, political committee, or referendum committee that violates the provisions of this section by making, soliciting, or accepting contributions in excess of twice the limit set out in subsection (a) or (b) of this section is guilty of a Class I felony. Notwithstanding the provisions of G.S. 15A-1340.23, any individual, candidate, political committee, or referendum committee that violates the provisions of this section may be fined twice the amount of the illegal contribution."

Section 4. G.S. 163-278.27 reads as rewritten:

### "§ 163-278.27. Penalty for violations; duty to report and prosecute.

- Any—Except as provided in G.S. 163-278.13(f), any individual, candidate, political committee, referendum committee, treasurer, person or media who violates the provisions of G.S. 163-278.7, 163-278.8, 163-278.9, 163-278.10, 163-278.11, 163-278.12, 163-278.14, 163-278.16, 163-278.17, 163-278.18, 163-278.40A, 163-278.40B, 163-278.40C, 163-278.40D or 163-278.40E is guilty of a Class 2 misdemeanor.
- Whenever the Board has knowledge of or has reason to believe there has been a violation of any section of this Article, it shall report that fact, together with accompanying details, to the Attorney General and to the following prosecuting authorities:
  - (1) In the case of a candidate for nomination or election to the State Senate or State House of Representatives: report to the district attorney of the prosecutorial district in which the candidate for nomination or election resides;
  - $(2)_{-}$ In the case of a candidate for nomination or election to the office of Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Secretary of State, State Auditor, State Treasurer, State Superintendent of Public Instruction, State Attorney General, State Commissioner of Agriculture, State Commissioner of Labor, State Commissioner of Insurance, and all other State elective offices, Justice of the Supreme Court, Judge of the Court of Appeals, judge of a superior court, judge of a district court, and district attorney of the superior court: report to the district attorney of the prosecutorial district in which Wake County is located;
  - In the case of an individual other than a candidate, including, without (3) limitation, violations by members of political committees, referendum committees or treasurers: report to the district attorney of the prosecutorial district in which the individual resides; and
  - In the case of a person or any group of individuals: report to the district (4) attorney or district attorneys [of] the prosecutorial district or districts in which any of the officers, directors, agents, employees or members of the person or group reside.
- Upon receipt of such a report from the Board, the Attorney General shall investigate the matter and make a recommendation to the appropriate district attorney

concerning prosecution. The appropriate district attorney shall have the responsibility to prosecute the individual or persons alleged to have violated a section or sections of this Article. In fulfilling that responsibility, the appropriate district attorney may utilize the assistance of the special prosecution team of the Attorney General as provided in G.S. 114-2(11)."

Section 5. Article 22A of Chapter 163 of the General Statutes is amended by adding a new section to read:

#### "§ 163-278.27A. Five-year statute of limitations.

Prosecution for a misdemeanor brought under this Article shall be barred after five years have expired from the date the violation occurred."

Section 6. G.S. 15-1 reads as rewritten:

#### "§ 15-1. Statute of limitations for misdemeanors.

The crimes of deceit and malicious mischief, and the crime of petit larceny where the value of the property does not exceed five dollars (\$5.00), and all misdemeanors except malicious misdemeanors, misdemeanors and prosecutions under Article 22A of Chapter 163 of the General Statutes, shall be presented or found by the grand jury within two years after the commission of the same, and not afterwards: Provided, that if any indictment found within that time shall be defective, so that no judgment can be given thereon, another prosecution may be instituted for the same offense, within one year after the first shall have been abandoned by the State."

Section 7. There is appropriated from the General Fund to the North Carolina Department of Justice the sum of one hundred twenty-five thousand dollars (\$125,000) for the 1998-99 fiscal year for the purpose of implementing the provisions of this act.

Section 8. Section 7 of this act becomes effective July 1, 1998. The remainder of this act becomes effective December 1, 1998, and applies to acts committed on or after that date.