

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA

SESSION 1999

H

1

HOUSE BILL 1530*

Short Title: Internal Review Panelists.

(Public)

Sponsors: Representatives Nye, Insko, Nesbitt, Cunningham, and Justus.

Referred to: Insurance.

May 15, 2000

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

**AN ACT TO REQUIRE UTILIZATION REVIEW AND GRIEVANCE PROCEDURES
PURSUANT TO G.S. 58-50-61 AND G.S. 58-50-62 TO INCLUDE ON THE
REVIEW OR GRIEVANCE PANEL PROVIDERS LICENSED, CERTIFIED, OR
REGISTERED IN NORTH CAROLINA IN THE SAME MEDICAL OR ALLIED
OCCUPATION AS THE PROVIDERS WHO ARE PARTIES TO THE REVIEW
OR GRIEVANCE.**

The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

Section 1. G.S. 58-50-61(d) reads as rewritten:

"(d) Program Operations. – In every utilization review program, an insurer or URO shall use documented clinical review criteria that are based on sound clinical evidence and that are periodically evaluated to assure ongoing efficacy. An insurer may develop its own clinical review criteria or purchase or license clinical review criteria. Criteria for determining when a patient needs to be placed in a substance abuse treatment program shall be either (i) the diagnostic criteria contained in the most recent revision of the American Society of Addiction Medicine Patient Placement Criteria for the Treatment of Substance-Related Disorders or (ii) criteria adopted by the insurer or its URO. The Department, in consultation with the Department of Health and Human Services, may require proof of compliance with this subsection by a plan or URO.

1 Qualified health care professionals shall administer the utilization review program and
2 oversee review decisions under the direction of a medical doctor. A medical doctor
3 licensed to practice medicine in this State shall evaluate the clinical appropriateness of
4 noncertifications. Compensation to persons involved in utilization review shall not
5 contain any direct or indirect incentives for them to make any particular review decisions.
6 Compensation to utilization reviewers shall not be directly or indirectly based on the
7 number or type of noncertifications they render. In issuing a utilization review decision,
8 an insurer shall: obtain all information required to make the decision, including pertinent
9 clinical information; employ a process to ensure that utilization reviewers apply clinical
10 review criteria consistently; ensure that at least one provider holding a valid North
11 Carolina license, registration, or certification in the same medical or allied health
12 occupation as the providers who are parties to the review, or if the provider is a medical
13 doctor, at least one clinical peer of the party provider; and issue the decision in a timely
14 manner pursuant to this section."

15 Section 2. G.S. 58-50-62 reads as rewritten:

16 "**§ 58-50-62. Insurer grievance procedures.**

17 (a) Purpose and Intent. – The purpose of this section is to provide standards for the
18 establishment and maintenance of procedures by insurers to assure that covered persons
19 have the opportunity for appropriate resolutions of their grievances.

20 (b) Availability of Grievance Process. – Every insurer shall have a grievance
21 process whereby a covered person may voluntarily request a review of any decision,
22 policy, or action of the insurer that affects that covered person. The grievance process
23 may provide for an immediate informal consideration by the insurer of a grievance. If the
24 insurer does not have a procedure for informal consideration or if an informal
25 consideration does not resolve the grievance, the grievance process shall provide for first-
26 and second-level reviews of grievances; except that an appeal of a noncertification that
27 has been reviewed under G.S. 58-50-61 shall be reviewed as a second-level grievance
28 under this section.

29 (c) Grievance Procedures. – Every insurer shall have written procedures for
30 receiving and resolving grievances from covered persons. A description of the grievance
31 procedures shall be set forth in or attached to the certificate of coverage and member
32 handbook provided to covered persons. The description shall include a statement
33 informing the covered person that the grievance procedures are voluntary and shall also
34 inform the covered person about the availability of the Commissioner's office for
35 assistance, including the telephone number and address of the office.

36 (d) Maintenance of Records. – Every insurer shall maintain records of each
37 grievance received and the insurer's review of each grievance, as well as documentation
38 sufficient to demonstrate compliance with this section. The maintenance of these records,
39 including electronic reproduction and storage, shall be governed by rules adopted by the
40 Commissioner that apply to insurers. The insurer shall retain these records for three years
41 or until the Commissioner has adopted a final report of a general examination that
42 contains a review of these records for that calendar year, whichever is later.

1 (e) First-Level Grievance Review. – A grievance may be submitted by a covered
2 person or his or her provider acting on the covered person's behalf.

3 (1) The insurer does not have to allow a covered person to attend the first-
4 level grievance review. A covered person may submit written material.
5 Within three business days after receiving a grievance, the insurer shall
6 provide the covered person with the name, address, and telephone
7 number of the coordinator and information on how to submit written
8 material.

9 (2) An insurer shall issue a written decision to the covered person and, if
10 applicable, to the covered person's provider, within 30 days after
11 receiving a grievance. The person or persons reviewing the grievance
12 shall not be the same person or persons who initially handled the matter
13 that is the subject of the grievance and, if the issue is a clinical one, at
14 least one of whom shall be a ~~medical doctor~~ provider holding a valid
15 North Carolina license, registration, or certification in the same medical
16 or allied occupation as the providers who are parties to the grievance, or
17 if the provider is a medical doctor, at least one clinical peer of the party
18 provider with appropriate expertise to evaluate the matter. The written
19 decision issued in a first-level grievance review shall contain:

- 20 a. The professional qualifications and licensure of the person or
21 persons reviewing the grievance.
22 b. A statement of the reviewers' understanding of the grievance.
23 c. The reviewers' decision in clear terms and the contractual basis
24 or medical rationale in sufficient detail for the covered person to
25 respond further to the insurer's position.
26 d. A reference to the evidence or documentation used as the basis
27 for the decision.
28 e. A statement advising the covered person of his or her right to
29 request a second-level grievance review and a description of the
30 procedure for submitting a second-level grievance under this
31 section.

32 (f) Second-Level Grievance Review. – An insurer shall establish a second-level
33 grievance review process for covered persons who are dissatisfied with the first-level
34 grievance review decision or a utilization review appeal decision.

35 (1) An insurer shall, within 10 business days after receiving a request for a
36 second-level grievance review, make known to the covered person:

- 37 a. The name, address, and telephone number of a person designated
38 to coordinate the grievance review for the insurer.
39 b. A statement of a covered person's rights, which include the right
40 to request and receive from an insurer all information relevant to
41 the case; attend the second-level grievance review; present his or
42 her case to the review panel; submit supporting materials before
43 and at the review meeting; ask questions of any member of the

1 review panel; and be assisted or represented by a person of his or
2 her choice, which person may be without limitation to: a
3 provider, family member, employer representative, or attorney. If
4 the covered person chooses to be represented by an attorney, the
5 insurer may also be represented by an attorney.

- 6 (2) An insurer shall convene a second-level grievance review panel for each
7 request. The panel shall comprise persons who were not previously
8 involved in any matter giving rise to the second-level grievance, are not
9 employees of the insurer or URO, and do not have a financial interest in
10 the outcome of the review. A person who was previously involved in the
11 matter may appear before the panel to present information or answer
12 questions. All of the persons reviewing a second-level grievance
13 involving a noncertification or a clinical issue shall be providers who
14 have appropriate expertise, including at least one ~~clinical peer~~ provider
15 holding a valid North Carolina license, registration, or certification in
16 the same medical or allied occupation as the providers who are parties
17 to the grievance, or if the provider is a medical doctor, at least one
18 clinical peer of the party provider. ~~Provided, however, an insurer that uses~~
19 ~~a clinical peer on an appeal of a noncertification under G.S. 58-50-61 or on a~~
20 ~~first-level grievance review panel under this section.~~ An insurer may use one
21 of the insurer's employees on the second-level grievance review panel in
22 the same matter if the second-level grievance review panel comprises
23 three or more persons.

24 (g) Second-Level Grievance Review Procedures. – An insurer's procedures for
25 conducting a second-level grievance review shall include:

- 26 (1) The review panel shall schedule and hold a review meeting within 45
27 days after receiving a request for a second-level review.
28 (2) The covered person shall be notified in writing at least 15 days before
29 the review meeting date.
30 (3) The covered person's right to a full review shall not be conditioned on
31 the covered person's appearance at the review meeting.

32 (h) Second-Level Grievance Review Decisions. – An insurer shall issue a written
33 decision to the covered person and, if applicable, to the covered person's provider, within
34 seven business days after completing the review meeting. The decision shall include:

- 35 (1) The professional qualifications and licensure of the members of the
36 review panel.
37 (2) A statement of the review panel's understanding of the nature of the
38 grievance and all pertinent facts.
39 (3) The review panel's recommendation to the insurer and the rationale
40 behind that recommendation.
41 (4) A description of or reference to the evidence or documentation
42 considered by the review panel in making the recommendation.

- 1 (5) In the review of a noncertification or other clinical matter, a written
2 statement of the clinical rationale, including the clinical review criteria,
3 that was used by the review panel to make the recommendation.
4 (6) The rationale for the insurer's decision if it differs from the review
5 panel's recommendation.
6 (7) A statement that the decision is the insurer's final determination in the
7 matter.
8 (8) Notice of the availability of the Commissioner's office for assistance,
9 including the telephone number and address of the Commissioner's
10 office.
- 11 (i) Expedited Second-Level Procedures. – An expedited second-level review shall
12 be made available where medically justified as provided in G.S. 58-50-61(l), whether or
13 not the initial review was expedited. The provisions of subsections (f), (g), and (h) of this
14 section apply to this subsection except for the following timetable: When a covered
15 person is eligible for an expedited second-level review, the insurer shall conduct the
16 review proceeding and communicate its decision within four days after receiving all
17 necessary information. The review meeting may take place by way of a telephone
18 conference call or through the exchange of written information.
- 19 (j) No insurer shall discriminate against any provider based on any action taken by
20 the provider under this section or G.S. 58-50-61 on behalf of a covered person.
- 21 (k) Violation. – A violation of this section subjects an insurer to G.S. 58-2-70."
22 Section 3. This act is effective when it becomes law.