GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA

SESSION 1999

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HOUSE BILL 734 Committee Substitute as Amended Reported Without Projudice Engr	ranged 4/20/00			
Committee Substitute as Amended Reported Without Prejudice Engr	ossed 4/29/99			
Short Title: Chapel Hill Development Agreements.	(Local)			
Sponsors:				
Referred to:				
March 30, 1999	•			
A BILL TO BE ENTITLED				
AN ACT AUTHORIZING THE TOWN OF CHAPEL HILL TO ENTER INTO				
DEVELOPMENT AGREEMENTS WITH OWNERS OF LARGE TRACTS OF				
LAND WITHIN THE TOWN AND ITS EXTRATERRITO JURISDICTION.	ORIAL PLANNING			
The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:				
Section 1. Article 19 of Chapter 160A of the General Sta	atutes is amended by			
adding a new Part to read:	j			
"PART 3D. DEVELOPMENT AGREEMENT	<u>'S.</u>			
" <u>§ 160A-400.15. Purpose.</u>				
It is the purpose of this Part to authorize municipalities to ent	_			
agreements with owners of large tracts of land within their respective	gurisdictions.			
"§ 160A-400.16. Definitions. The following definitions apply in this Port:				
The following definitions apply in this Part: (1) Development agreement An agreement authority	zad by duly anastad			
(1) <u>Development agreement. – An agreement, authori</u> <u>local zoning ordinance and entered into between a</u>				
owner of a large tract of land, that recognize	• •			
development of the land, (ii) the terms and conditi	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			
and the commitments and obligations of the partie				

- terms of the development, and (iii) the municipality's authority to modify its land use regulations for a period of time to comply with the requirements of this Part.
 - (2) <u>Large tract of land. A contiguous tract or parcel of land, including any intervening publicly dedicated right-of-way or utility easements, consisting of at least 150 acres.</u>
 - (3) Vested right. The term as defined in G.S. 160A-385.1.
 - (4) Contract zoning. A transaction wherein both the landowner who is seeking a certain zoning action and the zoning authority itself undertake reciprocal obligations in the context of a bilateral contract.

"§ 160A-400.17. Development agreements authorized.

- (a) A municipality may by ordinance authorize the execution of development agreements between the municipality and the owner of a large tract of land to establish commitments and obligations of the parties as more fully described in this Part, and may authorize the assessment of a fee not to exceed one hundred dollars (\$100.00) on the owner of a large tract of land as a condition of such development agreement. Such fee, in the discretion of the municipality, may be waived for good cause shown.
- (b) Development agreements entered into pursuant to an ordinance enacted under this Part are permissible and lawful and shall not constitute illegal contract zoning. A municipality may enter into a long-term development agreement as authorized by this Part and commit the municipality to that agreement beyond the term of the members of the municipality's governing board who authorize the agreement.
- (c) A municipality and the owner of a large tract of land are authorized to establish a time period for the duration of vested rights for the plan of development recognized in the development agreement, not to exceed 25 years for the initial agreement.
- (d) A municipality's development regulations, laws, and policies governing the development of the large tract of land at the time of the execution of the development agreement shall govern the development of the land for the duration of the development agreement, except that subsequently adopted laws may be applied pursuant to subsection (f) of this section.
- (e) Any subsequent change in any applicable municipal ordinance enacted by the municipality that alters or amends the standards for development of the large tract of land shall not apply, except as provided by subsection (f) of this section.
- (f) A municipality may apply subsequently adopted laws and policies to a development that is subject to a development agreement if the municipality holds a public hearing and determines by competent evidence that:
 - (1) The subsequently adopted laws do not prevent the development of the buildings identified in the plan of development in the development agreement;
 - (2) The subsequently adopted laws are essential to the public health or safety, and expressly state that they shall apply to a development agreement;

1	<u>(3</u>	3) The subsequently adopted laws are laws of general applicability
2		throughout the municipality; and
3	<u>(4</u>	1) The municipality demonstrates that substantial changes have occurred in
4		pertinent conditions existing at the time of approval of the development
5		agreement.
6	<u>(g)</u> <u>A</u>	ny otherwise applicable limitations on duration of vested rights contained in
7	G.S. 160A-3	385.1 or elsewhere shall not apply.
8	<u>(h)</u> <u>If</u>	a municipality and the owner of a large tract of land enter into an initial
9	developmen	at agreement, the parties are further authorized, by following the procedures
10	set out in the	nis Part, to enter into subsequent development agreements for part or all of
11	property wh	ich is the subject of the initial agreement.
12	" <u>§ 160A-40</u>	0.18. Contents of agreements; procedure.
13	<u>(a)</u> <u>A</u>	development agreement shall include the following:
14	<u>(1</u>	A legal description of the real property subject to the agreement.
15	<u>(2</u>	The names of all owners of legal or equitable interests in the real
16		property.
17	<u>(3</u>	The initial duration of the agreement, which shall not exceed 25 years
18		and shall include procedures for extension.
19	<u>(</u> 4	A plan that recognizes development of the land, the terms and
20		conditions for development, and the commitments and obligations of the
21		parties to accomplish the plan of development.
	<u>(5</u>	A description of all local development permits already approved or
22 23		which may be required in the future for the development of the property
24		subject to the agreement, including whether further development
24 25		agreements may be necessary.
26	<u>(6</u>	The commitments made by the municipality to the property owner to
27		recognize the rights of the property owner to develop the tract consistent
28		with the plan of development as established by the municipality and the
29		development agreement.
30	(7	
31		comprehensive plan and development regulations of the municipality.
32	<u>(8</u>	
33		requirements determined by the municipality to be necessary to ensure
34		(i) conformance with the municipality's development regulations, laws,
35		and policies governing the development of the large tract of land at the
36		time of the execution of the development agreement, and (ii) the public
37		health, safety, or welfare as specifically defined in the criteria and
38		standards established in the municipality's development regulations,
39		laws, and policies governing the development.
40	(9	
41		property which is the subject of the agreement and upon the property's
12		owners and their successors and assigns.
43	(b) A	development agreement may include the following:
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1	<u>(1)</u>	The period in which and terms by which development and construction,	
2		in part or in its entirety, must be commenced or be completed; and	
3	<u>(2)</u>	Any other necessary or proper matter.	
4	(c) A m	unicipality shall establish by ordinance procedures to be followed for the	
5	enactment of a	development agreement, including requirements that:	
6	<u>(1)</u>	The municipality receive a recommendation from its planning agency	
7		and conduct a public hearing prior to approving and entering a	
8		development agreement.	
9	<u>(2)</u>	The owner, within 180 days of approval of a development agreement,	
10		cause a copy of the agreement to be recorded in the office of the	
11		Register of Deeds where the property is located.	
12	<u>(3)</u>	Pertain to any other necessary or proper matter.	
13	" <u>§ 160A-400.1</u>	9. Requirements for zoning ordinance implementing this Part.	
14	Any develo	pment agreement entered into under the authority of this Part shall be	
15	authorized by a	a duly enacted zoning ordinance of the municipality. The ordinance shall	
16	include:		
17	<u>(1)</u>	Procedural requirements for amendment, termination, and revocation of	
18		the agreement.	
19	<u>(2)</u>	Provisions for the enforcement of the terms of the agreement by any	
20		party to the agreement or their successors in interest in accordance with	
21		the general law, including injunctive relief.	
22	<u>(3)</u>	Any other necessary or proper matter.	
23	" <u>§ 160A-400.2</u>	0. Application of Part to property owned by the State.	
24	<u>(a)</u> All o	of the provisions of this Part are hereby made applicable to the erection,	
25	construction, a	nd use of buildings by the State of North Carolina and its political	
26	subdivisions.		
27		vithstanding subsection (a) of this section, nothing in this Part shall	
28	prevent the p	arties from addressing nonbuilding uses of land in a development	
29	agreement.		
30		vithstanding the provisions of any general or local law or ordinance, no	
31	land owned by	the State of North Carolina may be included within an overlay district or a	
32	special use or conditional use district without approval of the Council of State.		
33	" <u>§ 160A-400.2</u>	1. Applicability.	
34		plies only to the Town of Chapel Hill."	
35	Secti	on 2. This act is effective when it becomes law.	