



- 1           (2)    The location of the burning must be at least 1,000 feet from any  
2           dwelling or structure located in a predominately residential area other  
3           than a dwelling or structure located on the property on which the  
4           burning is conducted unless permission is granted by the occupants.  
5           (3)    The amount of dirt or organic soil on or in the material to be burned  
6           must be minimized and the material arranged in a way suitable to  
7           facilitate rapid burning.  
8           (4)    Burning may not be initiated when it is determined by a forest ranger,  
9           based on information supplied by a competent authority that stagnant  
10          air conditions or inversions exist or that such conditions may occur  
11          during the duration of the burn.  
12          (5)    Heavy oils, asphaltic material, or items containing natural or synthetic  
13          rubber may not be used to ignite the material to be burned or to  
14          promote the burning of such material.  
15          (6)    Initial burning may be commenced only between the hours of 9:00  
16          A.M. and 3:00 P.M. and no combustible material may be added to the  
17          fire between 3:00 P.M. on one day and 9:00 A.M. on the following  
18          day, except that when favorable meteorological conditions exist, any  
19          forest ranger authorized to issue the permit may authorize in writing a  
20          deviation from the restrictions."

21       **SECTION 2.** This act becomes effective October 1, 2002.