GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2001

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Chart Title. Criminal Heavilrad Decembers

SENATE BILL 1123

(D 11')

Judiciary I Committee Substitute Adopted 8/27/02

Short Title: Criminal Unauthorized Recordings.	(Public)
Sponsors:	
Referred to:	
May 29, 2002	
A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT MODIFYING THE FELONY AND MISDEMEANOR RELATED TO CONDUCTING CERTAIN UNAUTHORIZED SO VIDEO RECORDINGS. The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:	
SECTION 1. G.S. 14-432 reads as rewritten: "§ 14-432. Definitions.	
As used in this Article "owner" means the person who owns the sounds master phonograph record, master disc, master tape, master film or other dereproducing recorded sounds on phonograph records, discs, tapes, films or on which sound is or can be recorded and from which the transferred sounds or indirectly derived, or the person who owns the rights to record or a recording of a live performance; "article" means the tangible medium sounds or images are recorded or any original phonograph record, disc, tavideo cassette, wire, film or other medium now known or later developes sounds or images are or can be recorded or otherwise stored, or a reproduction which duplicates, in whole or in part, the original. The definitions apply in this Article:	vice used for other articles is are directly authorize the upon which upon, audio or ed on which any copy or de following
(1) An "article" means the tangible medium upon which soun	ds or images

 (2) "Fixed" means that the work has been recorded in a tangible medium of expression, by or under the authority of the author, and its embodiment is sufficiently permanent or stable to permit it to be

duplicates, in whole or in part, the original.

perceived, reproduced, or otherwise communicated for a period of more than transitory duration. A work consisting of sounds, images, or

are recorded or otherwise stored, including any original phonograph

record, disc, tape, audio or video cassette, wire, film, or other medium

now known or later developed on which sounds or images or both can

be recorded or otherwise stored, or any copy or reproduction which

both, that are being transmitted, is "fixed" for the purposes of this section if a fixation of the work is being made simultaneously with its transmission.

"Owner" means the person who owns the sounds fixed in any master

(3) "Owner" means the person who owns the sounds fixed in any master phonograph record, master disc, master tape, master film, or other device used for reproducing recorded sounds on phonograph records, discs, tapes, films, or other articles on which sound is or can be recorded and from which the transferred sounds are directly or indirectly derived, or the person who owns the rights to record or authorize the recording of a live performance."

SECTION 2. G.S. 14-433 reads as rewritten:

"§ 14-433. Recording of live eoneerts performances or recorded sounds and distribution, etc., of such recordings unlawful in certain circumstances.

- (a) It shall be unlawful for any person to:
 - (1) Knowingly transfer or cause to be transferred, directly or indirectly by any means, any sounds recorded on a phonograph record, disc, wire, tape, film or other article on which sounds are recorded, with the intent to sell or cause to be sold, or to use or cause to be used for profit through public performance, such article on which sounds are so transferred, without consent of the owner,owner.
 - (2) Manufacture, distribute, wholesale or transport any article for profit, or possess for such purposes with the knowledge that the sounds <u>recorded</u> on the article were transferred in violation of subdivision (a)(1) of this section. are so transferred, without consent of the owner,
- (a1) It shall be unlawful for any person to:
 - (3)(1) Knowingly transfer or cause to be transferred, directly or indirectly by any means, any sounds at a live concert, performance, with the intent to sell or cause to be sold, or to use or cause to be used for profit through public performance, such article on which sounds are so transferred, without consent of the owner, owner.
 - (4)(2) Manufacture, distribute, transport or wholesale any such article for profit, or possess for such purposes with the knowledge that the sounds recorded on the article were transferred in violation of subdivision (a1)(1) of this section.are so transferred, without consent of the owner.
- (b) Subdivisions (a)(1) and (a)(2) of this section shall apply only to sound recordings that were initially fixed prior to February 15, 1972. Federal copyright law, 17 U.S.C. § 101 et seq., preempts State prosecution of the acts described in subdivisions (a)(1) and (a)(2) with respect to sound recordings initially fixed on or after February 15, 1972.
- (c) This section shall not apply to any person engaged in radio or television broadcasting who transfers, or causes to be transferred, any such sounds other than from the sound track of a motion picture intended for, or in connection with broadcast or telecast transmission or related uses, or for archival purposes."

SECTION 3. G.S. 14-435 reads as rewritten:

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"§ 14-435. Recorded devices to show true name and address of manufacturer.

Ninety days after January 1, 1975, every article knowingly sold or transferred or possessed for the purpose of sale, advertising or offering for sale or resale, renting or transporting or causing to be rented or transported by any manufacturer, distributor, or wholesale or retail merchant shall contain on its packaging the true name and address of the manufacturer. The term "manufacturer" shall not include the manufacturer of the cartridge or casing itself.

- (a) A person is guilty of failure to disclose the origin of an article when, for commercial advantage or private financial gain, the person knowingly advertises or offers for sale or resale, or sells or resells, or causes the rental, sale or resale, or rents, or manufactures, or possesses for these purposes, any article, the packaging, cover, box, jacket, or label of which does not clearly and conspicuously disclose the actual true name and address of the manufacturer thereof and the name of the actual author, artist, performer, producer, programmer, or group.
- (b) This section does not require the original manufacturer or authorized licensees of software producers to disclose the contributing authors or programmers. As used in this section, the term "manufacturer" shall not include the manufacturer of the article's packaging, cover, box, jacket, or label itself."

SECTION 4. G.S. 14-436 reads as rewritten:

"§ 14-436. Recorded devices; civil action for damages.

Any owner of an article as defined in this <u>Chapter-Article</u> whose work is allegedly the subject of a violation of G.S. 14-433 or 14-434,G.S. 14-434, shall have a cause of action in the courts of this State for all damages resulting therefrom, including actual, compensatory and incidental damages."

SECTION 5. G. S. 14-437(a) reads as rewritten:

- "(a) Every individual act in contravention of the provisions of this Article shall constitute a Class 1 misdemeanor, except that the offense is a Class I felony, with a maximum fine of one hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$150,000), if (i) the offense involves at least 100 unauthorized articles during any 180-day period, or (ii) is a second or subsequent conviction for an act in violation of this Article.
 - (1) A Class I felony, which may include a fine of not more than one hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$150,000), if the offense involves at least 1,000 unauthorized sound recordings or at least 100 unauthorized audio visual recordings during any 180-day period or is a second or subsequent conviction under either subdivision (1) or (2) of this section;
 - (2) A Class 1 misdemeanor, if the offense involves more than 100 but less than 1,000 unauthorized sound recordings or more than 10 but less than 100 unauthorized audio visual recordings during any 180 day period;
 - (3) A Class 2 misdemeanor, for any other violation of these sections."

SECTION 6. This act becomes effective December 1, 2002, and applies to offenses committed on or after that date.