GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2005

H HOUSE BILL 1547

Short Title: Amend Public Building Contract Laws.

(Public)

Sponsors: Representatives Parmon; B. Allen, Jones, and Womble.

Referred to: Judiciary IV.

1 2

April 21, 2005

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT TO AMEND THE PUBLIC CONTRACTS LAW TO REQUIRE PREQUALIFICATION OF BIDDERS FOR PUBLIC BUILDING CONTRACTS AND TO ENSURE PROMPT PAYMENT TO BUILDING SUBCONTRACTORS UNDER PUBLIC CONTRACTS.

The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

SECTION 1. G.S. 143-128 is amended by adding the following new subsections to read:

- "(f2) A public entity shall provide for the prequalification of all bidders of construction projects subject to this Article. The prequalification criteria shall be determined by the public entity in accordance with rules adopted by the Secretary of Administration to address quality, performance, the time specified in the bids for performance of the contract, the cost of construction oversight, time for completion, capacity to perform, history of payment and nonpayment to subcontractors and suppliers, and other factors deemed appropriate by the public entity. To implement this subsection, the Secretary of Administration shall adopt by rule a uniform prequalification form to be used by public entities and uniform standards by which prequalification decisions are to be based.
- (f3) All parties involved in the public entity's construction project, including the public entity, the architect, the construction manager, the contractors, and the first-tier and lower-tier subcontractors, shall agree in all contracts pertaining to the construction of the public entity's construction project, that any dispute concerning the nonpayment under any subcontract, regardless of the tier, shall be subject to binding arbitration as set forth in this subsection. Upon the filing of a notice of nonpayment under G.S. 143-134.1(a1), the State Construction Office, for State construction projects, or an agency designated by a non-State public entity, for non-State construction projects, shall appoint an arbitrator and schedule a hearing on the disputed payment within 30 days of the receipt of the notice of nonpayment. The findings of the arbitrator as to the

nonpayment shall be binding on all the parties. The arbitration shall be conducted in accordance with Article 45C of Chapter 1 of the General Statutes."

SECTION 2. G.S. 143-134.1 is amended by adding the following new subsections to read:

"(a1) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a) of this section, no payment shall be made to any prime contractor except as permitted under this subsection. In the event that any subcontractor working under any prime contractor, regardless of the tier of the subcontractor, files a notice with the public entity, the prime contractor and, for State construction projects, the State Construction Office, that the subcontractor has not received payment from the prime contractor or the prime contractor's subcontractors for work performed by the subcontractor, the public entity shall only pay to the prime contractor that portion of any future payment due that exceeds the amount of payment claimed by the subcontractor, the prime contractor's profit from the subcontractor's work, and any additional profit due to the prime contractor from that draw for other work for which no notice of nonpayment has been received, unless that prime contractor has given notice under subsection (d) of this section regarding the subcontractor's work prior to the subcontractor's notice being received. Payment withheld by the public entity under this subsection shall only be released to the prime contractor upon written agreement of the prime contractor and the subcontractor who filed the notice of nonpayment under this section, or upon a written order signed by an arbitrator appointed to arbitrate the dispute under G.S. 143-128(f3). Any finding of wrongful nonpayment by the arbitrator under this section shall be subject to additional liquidated damages to the subcontractor of thirty-three percent (33%) of the amount of the nonpayment.

• •

1

2

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

1112

13 14

15

16 17

18

19 20

21

2223

2425

26

27

28 29

30

31 32

33

3435

3637

38

39

40

41 42

43

44

(f) For purposes of this section, the term "prime contractor" shall include construction manager-at-risk, as defined in G.S. 143-128.1, as applicable."

SECTION 3. G.S. 143-128(f1) reads as rewritten:

"(f1) Dispute resolution. – A-Except as set forth in subsection (f3) of this section, a public entity shall use the dispute resolution process adopted by the State Building Commission pursuant to G.S. 143-135.26(11), or shall adopt another dispute resolution process, which shall include mediation, to be used as an alterative to the dispute resolution process adopted by the State Building Commission. This dispute resolution process will be available to all the parties involved in the public entity's construction project including the public entity, the architect, the construction manager, the contractors, and the first-tier and lower-tier subcontractors and shall be available for any issues arising out of the contract or construction process. The public entity may set a reasonable threshold, not to exceed fifteen thousand dollars (\$15,000), concerning the amount in controversy that must be at issue before a party may require other parties to participate in the dispute resolution process. The public entity may require that the costs of the process be divided between the parties to the dispute with at least one-third of the cost to be paid by the public entity, if the public entity is a party to the dispute. The public entity may require in its contracts that a party participate in mediation concerning a dispute as a precondition to initiating litigation concerning the dispute."

SECTION 4. G.S. 143-135.26(4) reads as rewritten:

13

"(4) To develop procedures for evaluating the work performed by designers 1 2 and contractors on State capital improvement projects and those 3 community college buildings, as defined in G.S. 143-336, requiring the estimated expenditure for construction or repair work for which public 4 5 bidding is required under G.S. 143-129, and for use of the evaluations 6 as a factor affecting designer selections and determining qualification of contractors to bid on State capital improvement projects and 7 community college buildings. Included in factors subject to review is 8 9 the designer's or contractor's history of payment, including nonpayment and late payment of subcontractors and suppliers on past 10 projects." 11 12

SECTION 5. This act becomes effective October 1, 2005, and applies to contracts let for bid on or after that date.