# GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2007

#### Η

#### HOUSE BILL 2021

Short Title: PUV - Working Waterfronts.

(Public)

1

Sponsors:	Representatives Spear; Faison and Harrison.
Referred to:	Judiciary III, if favorable, Finance.

## May 10, 2007

1	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED					
2	AN ACT TO ESTABLISH WORKING WATERFRONTS AS A SPECIAL CLASS OF					
3	PROPERTY	PROPERTY SUBJECT TO PRESENT-USE VALUE.				
4	The General As	sembly of North Carolina enacts:				
5	SECT	<b>FION 1.</b> G.S. 105-277.2 reads as rewritten:				
6	"§ 105-277.2.	Agricultural, horticultural, and forestlandAgricultural land,				
7	<u>horti</u>	cultural land, forestland, and working waterfront land -				
8	Defin	itions.				
9	The following	g definitions apply in G.S. 105-277.3 through G.S. 105-277.7:				
10						
11	<u>(1b)</u>	Commercial fishing Harvesting or processing wild marine				
12		organisms with the intent of disposing of them for profit or trace in				
13		commercial channels.				
14	•••					
15	(5)	Present-use value. – The value of land in its current use as agricultural				
16		land, horticultural land, or forestland, or working waterfront land,				
17		based solely on its ability to produce income and assuming an average				
18		level of management. A rate of nine percent (9%) shall be used to				
19		capitalize the expected net income of forestland. The capitalization				
20		rate for agricultural land and land, horticultural land and working				
21		waterfront land is to be determined by the Use-Value Advisory Board				
22		as provided in G.S. 105-277.7.				
23						
24	(7)	Unit One or more tracts of agricultural land, horticultural land, or				
25		forestland. forestland, or working waterfront land. Multiple tracts must				
26		be under the same ownership and be of the same type of classification.				
27		If the multiple tracts are located within different counties, they must be				
28		within 50 miles of a tract qualifying under G.S. 105-277.3(a).				

1	<u>(8)</u>	Working waterfront land. – Land that abuts water to the head of tide or
2 3		is within the intertidal zone and that is primarily used to provide access
		to or support the conduct of commercial fishing activities."
4		<b>TION 2.</b> The catch line of G.S. 105-277.3 reads as rewritten:
5	"§ 105-277.3.	
6		icultural land, forestland, and working waterfront land –
7		sifications."
8		<b>TION 3.</b> G.S. 105-277.3(a) reads as rewritten:
9		ses Defined. – The following classes of property are designated special
10		erty under authority of Section 2(2) of Article V of the North Carolina
11		ad must be appraised, assessed, and taxed as provided in G.S. 105-277.2
12	through G.S. 10	
13	(1)	Agricultural land. – Individually owned agricultural land consisting of
14		one or more tracts, one of which consists of at least 10 acres that are in
15		actual production and that, for the three years preceding January 1 of
16		the year for which the benefit of this section is claimed, have produced
17		an average gross income of at least one thousand dollars (\$1,000).
18		Gross income includes income from the sale of the agricultural
19		products produced from the land, any payments received under a
20		governmental soil conservation or land retirement program, and the
21		amount paid to the taxpayer during the taxable year pursuant to P.L.
22		108-357, Title VI, Fair and Equitable Tobacco Reform Act of 2004.
23		Land in actual production includes land under improvements used in
24		the commercial production or growing of crops, plants, or animals.
25	(2)	Horticultural land. – Individually owned horticultural land consisting
26		of one or more tracts, one of which consists of at least five acres that
27		are in actual production and that, for the three years preceding January
28		1 of the year for which the benefit of this section is claimed, have met
29		the applicable minimum gross income requirement. Land in actual
30		production includes land under improvements used in the commercial
31		production or growing of fruits or vegetables or nursery or floral
32		products. Land that has been used to produce evergreens intended for
33		use as Christmas trees must have met the minimum gross income
34		requirements established by the Department of Revenue for the land.
35		All other horticultural land must have produced an average gross
36		income of at least one thousand dollars (\$1,000). Gross income
37		includes income from the sale of the horticultural products produced
38		from the land and any payments received under a governmental soil
39		conservation or land retirement program.
40	(3)	Forestland Individually owned forestland consisting of one or more
41		tracts, one of which consists of at least 20 acres that are in actual
42		production and are not included in a farm unit.
43	<u>(4)</u>	Working waterfront land Individually owned working waterfront
44		land that is actually used as a working waterfront and that has

	General Assembly of North Carolina Session 2007				
1		produced on everage gross income of at least one	thousand dollars		
1 2		produced an average gross income of at least one $(\$1,000)$ of the three years preceding Lanuary 1 of the			
2		(\$1,000) of the three years preceding January 1 of the the benefit is claimed."	e year for which		
4	SEC	<b>TION 4.</b> The catch line of G.S. 105-277.4 reads as rewr	itton		
4 5	"§ 105-277.4.				
6	0	cultural land, forestland, and working water			
7		ication; appraisal at use value; appeal; deferred taxes			
8		<b>TION 5.</b> The catch line of G.S. 105-277.5 reads as rewr			
9	"§ 105-277.5.				
10	0	cultural land, forestland, and working waterfront l			
11		ge in use."			
12		<b>TION 6.</b> The catch line of G.S. 105-277.6 reads as rewr	itten:		
13	"§ 105-277.6.				
14	ů.	cultural land, forestland, and working waterfront la			
15		outation of deferred tax."	<u> </u>		
16	-	<b>TION 7.</b> G.S. 105-277.7 reads as rewritten:			
17	"§ 105-277.7. 1	Use-Value Advisory Board.			
18		tion and Membership. – The Use-Value Advisory Boa	rd is established		
19		rvision of the Agricultural Extension Service of North			
20	University. The	e Director of the Agricultural Extension Service of Nort	th Carolina State		
21	University shall	l serve as the chair of the Board. The Board shall consist	of the following		
22	additional mem	bers, to serve ex officio:			
23	(1)	A representative of the Department of Agriculture	and Consumer		
24		Services, designated by the Commissioner of Agricultu	ure.		
25	(2)	A representative of the Division of Forest Re	sources of the		
26		Department of Environment and Natural Resources, d	lesignated by the		
27		Director of that Division.			
28	(3)	A representative of the Agricultural Extension Se			
29		Carolina Agricultural and Technical State University	y, designated by		
30		the Director of the Extension Service.			
31	(4)	A representative of the North Carolina Farm Bureau	Federation, Inc.,		
32		designated by the President of the Bureau.			
33	(5)	A representative of the North Carolina Association			
34		Officers, designated by the President of the Associatio			
35	(6)	The Director of the Property Tax Division of the	North Carolina		
36		Department of Revenue or the Director's designee.			
37	(7)	A representative of the North Carolina Associat	•		
38	( <b>0</b> )	Commissioners, designated by the President of the Ass			
39 40	(8)	A representative of the North Carolina Forest	iy Association,		
40 41	$\langle 0 \rangle$	designated by the President of the Association.	f the Donartmant		
41 42	<u>(9)</u>	<u>A representative of the Division of Marine Fisheries of</u>	-		
42 43		of Environment and Natural Resources, designated b	y the unector of		
43		that Division.			

## General Assembly of North Carolina

1	(b) Staff.	– The Agricultural Extension Service at North Carolina State
2	•	provide clerical assistance to the Board.
3	(c) Duties	s. – The Board must annually submit to the Department of Revenue a
4		se-value manual. In developing the manual, the Board may consult with
5	federal and State	e agencies as needed. The manual must contain all of the following:
6	(1)	The estimated cash rental rates for agricultural lands and horticultural
7		lands for the various classes of soils found in the State. The rental rates
8		must recognize the productivity levels by class of soil or geographic
9		area, and the crop as either agricultural or horticultural. The rental
10		rates must be based on the rental value of the land to be used for
11		agricultural or horticultural purposes when those uses are presumed to
12		be the highest and best use of the land. The recommended rental rates
13		may be established from individual county studies or from contracts
14		with federal or State agencies as needed.
15	(2)	The recommended net income ranges for forestland furnished to the
16		Board by the Forestry Section of the North Carolina Cooperative
17		Extension Service. These net income ranges may be based on up to six
18		classes of land within each Major Land Resource Area designated by
19		the United States Soil Conservation Service. In developing these
20		ranges, the Forestry Section must consider the soil productivity and
21		indicator tree species or stand type, the average stand establishment
22		and annual management costs, the average rotation length and timber
23		yield, and the average timber stumpage prices.
24	$\frac{(2a)}{(2a)}$	The estimated net income ranges for working waterfront land.
25	(3)	The capitalization rates adopted by the Board prior to February 1 for
26		use in capitalizing incomes into values. The capitalization rate for
27		forestland shall be nine percent (9%). The capitalization rate for
28		agricultural land and horticultural land must be no less than six percent $(50)$ and no more than source percent $(70)$ . The incomes must be in
29 20		(6%) and no more than seven percent (7%). The incomes must be in the form of each rents for agricultural lands and horticultural lands and
30 31		the form of cash rents for agricultural lands and horticultural lands and not incomes for forestlands forestlands and working waterfront lands
32	(A)	net incomes for forestlands. <u>forestland and working waterfront lands.</u> The value per acre adopted by the Board for the best agricultural land.
32 33	(4)	The value may not exceed one thousand two hundred dollars (\$1,200).
33 34	(5)	Recommendations concerning any changes to the capitalization rate
35	(5)	for agricultural land and horticultural land and to the maximum value
36		per acre for the best agricultural land and horticultural land based on a
30 37		calculation to be determined by the Board. The Board shall annually
38		report these recommendations to the Revenue Laws Study Committee
39		and to the President Pro Tempore of the Senate and the Speaker of the
40		House of Representatives.
40 41	(6)	Recommendations concerning requirements for horticultural land used
42	(0)	to produce evergreens intended for use as Christmas trees when
43		requested to do so by the Department."
15		requestes to do so by the Department.

#### General Assembly of North Carolina

SECTION 8. There is appropriated from the General Fund to the
Agricultural Extension Service of North Carolina State University the sum of one
hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000) for the 2007-2008 fiscal year for the Use-Value
Advisory Board established under G.S. 105-277.7.
SECTION 9. Section 8 of this act becomes effective July 1, 2007. The

6 remainder of this act is effective for taxes imposed for taxable years beginning on or

7 after July 1, 2008.