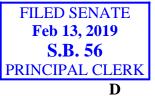
GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA **SESSION 2019**



S

SENATE BILL DRS15023-BUxf-1*

	Short Title	e: Re	venue Laws Technical Changes.	(Public)
	Sponsors:	Se	nators Tillman, Hise, and Newton (Primary Sponsors).	
	Referred t	:0:		
4				
1			A BILL TO BE ENTITLED	
2			KE TECHNICAL CHANGES TO THE REVENUE LAW	S.
3	The Gene	ral Asse	embly of North Carolina enacts:	
4		ID CI II		
5	PART I. IRC UPDATE			
6			ION 1.1 G.S. 105-228.90(b)(1b) reads as rewritten:	0 0 010 I
7		(1b)	Code. – The Internal Revenue Code as enacted as of Febru	
8			<u>1,2019, including any provisions enacted as of that date the including any provisions enacted as of that date the included set of the included se</u>	at become effective
9			either before or after that date."	
10		CODE		
11	PAKIII		ORATE INCOME TAX CHANGES	
12	"(a)		TON 2.1. G.S. 105-130.5(a) reads as rewritten:	n datamining State
13	"(a)		llowing additions to federal taxable income shall be made i	in determining State
14	net incom	e.		
15		(26)	The amount of asin that would be included for federal in	
16 17		(26)	The amount of gain that would be included for federal in without regard to section $\frac{1400Z-2(b)}{1400Z-2(a)}$ of the Co	1 1
17			made in this subsection does not result in a difference in l	õ
10			assets for State and federal income tax purposes. The	
20			subdivision is to decouple from the deferral of gains	
20			Opportunity Fund available under federal law.	Tenrivested into an
22			opportunity rund available under rederar law.	
23		SFCT	TON 2.2. G.S. 105-130.5(b) reads as rewritten:	
23	"(b)		llowing deductions from federal taxable income shall be n	nade in determining
25	State net i		nowing deductions from rederar aixable meane shan be n	hade in determining
26	State net i	income.		
27		(30)	The amount of gain included in the taxpayer's federal tax	xable income under
28		(00)	section 1400Z-2(a) of the Code to the extent the same inco	
29			the taxpayer's federal taxable State net income in a prior	
30			subdivision (a)(26) of this section. The purpose of thi	
31			prevent double taxation of income the taxpayer was pre	
32			include in the calculation of State net income.	
33		"		
34				
35	PART II	I. PERS	ONAL INCOME TAX CHANGES	
36		SECT	TON 3.1. Section 38.1(j) of S.L. 2018-5 reads as rewritten	:



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1	"SECTION 38.1.(j) Subsections (e), (f), and (h) of this section are effective for taxable years			
2	beginning on or after January 1, 2018. G.S. 105-153.5(a), as amended by subsection (c) of this			
3	section, is effective for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2018. The remainder of			
4	this section is effective when it becomes law."			
5	SECTION 3.2. G.S. 105-153.5(a1) reads as rewritten:			
6	"(a1) Child Deduction Amount. – A taxpayer who is allowed a federal child tax credit under			
7	section 24 of the Code for the taxable year is allowed a deduction under this subsection for each			
8	dependent <u>qualifying</u> child for whom the taxpayer is allowed the federal tax credit. The amount			
9	of the deduction is equal to the amount listed in the table below based on the taxpayer's adjusted			
10	gross income, as calculated under the Code:			
11	" 			
12	SECTION 3.3. G.S. 105-153.5(c2) reads as rewritten:			
13	"(c2) Decoupling Adjustments. – In calculating North Carolina taxable income, a taxpayer			
14	must make the following adjustments to the taxpayer's adjusted gross income:			
15				
16	(5) The taxpayer must add the amount of gain that would be included for federal			
17	income tax purposes without regard to section 1400Z-2(b) 1400Z-2(a) of the			
18	Code. The adjustment made in this subsection does not result in a difference			
19	in basis of the affected assets for State and federal income tax purposes. The			
20	purpose of this subdivision is to decouple from the deferral of gains			
21	reinvested into an Opportunity Fund available under federal law.			
22	(6) The taxpayer may deduct the amount of gain included in the taxpayer's			
23	adjusted gross income under section 1400Z-2(a) of the Code to the extent the			
24	same income was included in the taxpayer's adjusted gross-North Carolina			
25	taxable income in a prior taxable year under subdivision (5) of this subsection.			
26	The purpose of this subdivision is to prevent double taxation of income the			
27	taxpayer was previously required to include in the calculation of North			
28	Carolina taxable income.			
29	" ••••			
30				
31	PART IV. EXCISE TAX CHANGES			
32	SECTION 4.1. G.S. 105-113.6 reads as rewritten:			
33	"§ 105-113.6. Use tax levied.			
34	A tax is levied upon the sale or possession for sale by a person other than a licensed			
35	distributor, and upon the use, consumption, and possession for use or consumption of cigarettes			
36	within this State at the rate set in G.S. 105-113.5. This tax does not apply, however, to cigarettes			
37	upon which the tax levied in G.S. 105-113.5 has been paid."			
38	SECTION 4.2. G.S. 105-113.9 reads as rewritten:			
39	"§ 105-113.9. Out-of-state shipments.			
40	Any <u>licensed</u> distributor engaged in interstate business shall be permitted to set aside part of			
41	the stock as necessary to conduct interstate business without paying the tax otherwise required			
42	by this Part, but only if the <u>licensed</u> distributor complies with the requirements prescribed by the			
43	Secretary concerning keeping of records, making of reports, posting of bond, and other matters			
44	for administration of this Part.			
45	"Interstate business" as used in this section means:			
46	(1) The sale of cigarettes to a nonresident where the cigarettes are delivered by			
47	the <u>licensed</u> distributor to the business location of the nonresident purchaser			
48	in another state; and state.			
49	(2) The sale of cigarettes to a nonresident purchaser who has no place of business			
50	in North Carolina and who purchases the cigarettes for the purposes of resale			
51	not within this State and where the cigarettes are delivered to the purchaser at			

the business location in North Carolina of the <u>licensed</u> distributor who is also
licensed as a distributor under the laws of the state of the nonresident
purchaser."
SECTION 4.3. G.S. 105-113.13 reads as rewritten:
"§ 105-113.13. Secretary may require a bond or irrevocable letter of credit.
(a) Repealed by Session Laws 2013-414, s. 22(c), effective September 1, 2013.
(b) The Secretary may require a <u>licensed</u> distributor to furnish a bond in an amount that
adequately protects the State from loss if the <u>licensed</u> distributor fails to pay taxes due under this
Part. A bond must be conditioned on compliance with this Part, payable to the State, and in the
form required by the Secretary. The amount of the bond is two times the <u>licensed</u> distributor's
average expected monthly tax liability under this Article, as determined by the Secretary,
provided the amount of the bond may not be less than two thousand dollars (\$2,000) and may
not be more than two million dollars (\$2,000,000). The Secretary should periodically review the
sufficiency of bonds required of the <u>licensed</u> distributor and increase the required bond amount
if the amount no longer covers the anticipated tax liability of the <u>licensed</u> distributor and decrease
the amount if the Secretary finds that a lower bond amount will protect the State adequately from
loss.
For purposes of this section, a <u>licensed</u> distributor may substitute an irrevocable letter of
credit for the secured bond required by this section. The letter of credit must be issued by a
commercial bank acceptable to the Secretary and available to the State as a beneficiary. The letter
of credit must be in a form acceptable to the Secretary, conditioned upon compliance with this
Article, and in the amounts stipulated in this section."
SECTION 4.4. The catch line of G.S. 105-113.77 reads as rewritten:
"§ 105-113.77. City beer malt beverage and wine retail licenses."
SECTION 4.5. The catch line of G.S. 105-113.78 reads as rewritten:
SECTION 4.6. The catch line of G.S. 105-113.82 reads as rewritten:
SECTION 4.7. G.S. 105-113.80 reads as rewritten:
"§ 105-113.80. Excise taxes on beer, <u>malt beverages</u>, wine, and liquor.
(a) Beer. Malt Beverage. – An excise tax of sixty-one and seventy-one hundredths cents
(61.71ϕ) per gallon is levied on the sale of malt beverages.
(b) Wine. – An excise tax of twenty-six and thirty-four hundredths cents (26.34¢) per
liter is levied on the sale of unfortified wine, and an excise tax of twenty-nine and thirty-four
hundredths cents (29.34 ϕ) per liter is levied on the sale of fortified wine.
(c) Liquor. – An excise tax of thirty percent (30%) is levied on spirituous liquor and
antique spirituous liquor sold in ABC stores and in permitted distilleries. Pursuant to
G.S. 18B-804(b), the price of liquor on which this tax is computed is the distiller's or the
spirituous liquor antique spirituous liquor seller's price plus (i) the State ABC warehouse freight
and bailment charges and (ii) a markup for local ABC boards, unless otherwise specified
by law."
SECTION 4.8. G.S. 105-113.83(b) reads as rewritten:
"(b) Beer-Malt Beverage and Wine. – The excise taxes on malt beverages and wine levied
under G.S. 105-113.80(a) and (b), respectively, are payable to the Secretary by the resident
wholesaler or importer who first handles the beverages in this State. The excise taxes levied under
G.S. 105-113.80(b) on wine shipped directly to consumers in this State pursuant to
G.S. 18B-1001.1 must be paid by the wine shipper permittee. The taxes on malt beverages and
wine are payable only once on the same beverages. Unless otherwise provided, the tax is due on
or before the 15th day of the month following the month in which the beverage is first sold or

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1 2 3 4 5 6 7	importer must submit to the Secretary verified reports on forms provided by the Secretary detailing sales records for the month for which the taxes are paid. The report must indicate the amount of excise tax due, contain the information required by the Secretary, and indicate separately any transactions to which the excise tax does not apply. A wine shipper permittee shall submit verified reports once a year on forms provided by the Secretary detailing sales records for the year the taxes are paid. The verified report is due on or before the fifteenth day of the first			
7	month of the following calendar year."			
8	SECTION 4.9. G.S. 105-164.13 reads as rewritten:			
9 10	"§ 105-164.13. Retail sales and use tax.			
10	The sale at retail and the use, storage, or consumption in this State of the following tangible			
12	personal property, digital property, and services are specifically exempted from the tax imposed by this Article:			
12	by this reflect.			
13 14	(11) Any of the following fuel:			
15	a. Motor fuel, as taxed in Article 36C of this Chapter, except motor fuel			
16	for which a refund of the per gallon excise tax is allowed under			
17	G.S. 105-449.105A-G.S. 105-449.106(c) or G.S. 105-449.107.			
18	b. Alternative fuel taxed under Article 36D of this Chapter, unless a			
19	refund of that tax is allowed under G.S. 105-449.107.			
20	" 			
21	SECTION 4.10. G.S. 105-259(b) reads as rewritten:			
22	"(b) Disclosure Prohibited. – An officer, an employee, or an agent of the State who has			
23	access to tax information in the course of service to or employment by the State may not disclose			
24	the information to any other person except as provided in this subsection. Standards used or to			
25	be used for the selection of returns for examination and data used or to be used for determining			
26	the standards may not be disclosed for any purpose. All other tax information may be disclosed			
27	only if the disclosure is made for one of the following purposes:			
28				
29	(15) To exchange information concerning a tax imposed by Articles 2A, 2C, or 2D			
30	of this Chapter with one of the following agencies when the information is			
31	needed to fulfill a duty imposed on the Department or the agency:			
32	a. The North Carolina Alcoholic Beverage Control Commission.			
33	b. The Alcohol Law Enforcement Branch of the Department of Public			
34 35	Safety. The Duracy of Alashal Tahaaaa, and Firearma of the United States			
33 36	c. The Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, and Firearms of the United States Department of Justice.			
30 37	<u>c1.</u> <u>The Alcohol and Tobacco Tax and Trade Bureau of the United States</u>			
38	Department of the Treasury.			
39	d. Law enforcement agencies.			
40	e. The Section of Community Corrections of the Division of Adult			
41	Correction and Juvenile Justice of the Department of Public Safety.			
42				
43	SECTION 4.11. G.S. 105-449.76 reads as rewritten:			
44	"§ 105-449.76. Cancellation or revocation of license.			
45	(a) Reasons. – The Secretary may cancel a license issued under this Article upon the			
46	written request of the licensee. licensee and the immediate return of the license to the Secretary.			
47	The Secretary may summarily revoke a license issued under this Article when the Secretary finds			
48	that the licensee is incurring liability for the tax imposed under this Article after failing to pay a			
49	tax when due under this Article. In addition, the Secretary may revoke the license of a licensee			
50	that commits one or more of the acts listed in G.S. 105-449.120 after holding a hearing on			
51	whether the license should be revoked			

51 whether the license should be revoked.

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1	(b) Procedure. – The Secretary must send a person whose license is summarily re	voked			
2	a notice of the revocation and must give the person an opportunity to have a hearing on the				
3	revocation within 10 days after the revocation. The Secretary must give a person whose l				
4	may be revoked after a hearing at least 10 days' written notice of the date, time, and place				
5	hearing. A notice of a summary license revocation and a notice of hearing must be se	ent by			
6 7	 registered certified mail to the last known address of the licensee. (c) Release of Bond. – When the Secretary cancels or revokes a license and the license 	rensee			
8	has paid all taxes and penalties due under this Article, the Secretary must take one				
9	following actions concerning a bond or an irrevocable letter of credit filed by the licensee				
10	(1) Return an irrevocable letter of credit to the licensee.				
11	(2) Return a bond to the licensee or notify the person liable on the bond a	nd the			
12	licensee that the person is released from liability on the bond."				
13	SECTION 4.12. G.S. 105-449.90(e) reads as rewritten:				
14	"(e) Monthly Filers on 3rd. – An occasional importer must file a monthly return				
15	third day of each month. An occasional importer is not required to file a return, however,				
16	if all the motor fuel imported by the importer in a reporting period was removed at a ter				
17	located in another state and the supplier of the fuel is an elective supplier or a perm	iissive			
18 19	supplier."				
19 20	PART V. SALES TAX CHANGES				
20	SECTION 5.1. Section 38.5(aa) of S.L. 2018-5 reads as rewritten:				
22	"SECTION 38.5.(aa) Except as otherwise provided, this section is effective w	hen it			
23	becomes law.				
24	Subsection (a) of this section is effective retroactively to January 1, 2017.	If the			
25	amendment to G.S. 105-164.3(20b), as enacted by subsection (a) of this section, increases sales				
26	and use tax liability, then it is effective when this section becomes law.				
27	Subsection (g) of this section is effective retroactively to January 1, 2017, and applies				
28	to sales and purchases made on or after that date.				
29 20	$\frac{\text{G.S. 105-164.13(5e), as enacted by Section 38.8(c) of S.L. 2017-57 and amended by}{(i) of this section is effective label 1, 2018}$				
30 31	subsection (j) of this section, is effective July 1, 2018.				
32	Subsection (k) of this section is effective retroactively to July 1, 2014. A person who paid sales and use tax for a return period ending prior to the date this section becomes law on an				
33	item exempt from sales and use tax pursuant to G.S. 105-164.13E, as amended by subsection (k)				
34	of this section, may apply to the Department of Revenue for a refund of any excess tax paid to				
35	the extent the refund is the result of the change in the law enacted by subsection (k) of this section.				
36	A request for a refund must be made on or before October 1, 2018. Notwithstanding				
37	G.S. 105-241.6, a request for a refund received after this date is barred and the provisions of				
38	G.S. 105-164.11 do not apply.				
39	Subsections (x) and (y) of this section become effective January 1, 2020."	1			
40	SECTION 5.2. G.S. 105-164.8(b) is amended by adding a new subdivision to				
41 42	"(b) Remote Sales. – A retailer who makes a remote sale is engaged in business State and is subject to the tax levied under this Article if at least one of the following cond				
43	is met:	intons			
44					
45	(9) The retailer, with respect to remote sales into North Carolina for the pro-	evious			
46	calendar year, had one or more of the following:				
47	a. Gross sales in excess of one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,00	<u>0).</u>			
48	b. Two hundred or more separate transactions."				
49	SECTION 5.3. G.S. 105-164.13 reads as rewritten:				
50	"§ 105-164.13. Retail sales and use tax.				

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The sale at retail and the use, storage, or consumption in this State of the following tangible personal property, digital property, and services are specifically exempted from the tax imposed by this Article:			
 (38) Food and other items lawfully purchased under the Food Stamp Program. (38) Food and other items lawfully purchased under the Food Stamp Program. (38) Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program, 7 U.S.C. § 2011, and supplemental foods lawfully purchased with a food instrument issued under the Special Supplemental Nutrition Program, 42 U.S.C. § 1786, and supplemental foods purchased for direct distribution by the Special Supplemental Nutrition Program. 			
SECTION 5.4. G.S. 105-164.13E reads as rewritten:			
"§ 105-164.13E. Exemption for farmers.			
(a) Exemption. – A qualifying farmer is a person who has an annual income from farming			
operations for the preceding taxable year of ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) or more or who has			
an average annual income from farming operations for the three preceding taxable years of te			
thousand dollars (\$10,000) or more. For purposes of this section, the term "income from farming			
operations" means sales plus any other amounts treated as gross income under the Code fro			
farming operations. A qualifying farmer includes a dairy operator, a poultry farmer, an egg			
producer, and a livestock farmer, a farmer of crops, a farmer of an aquatic species, as defined			
G.S. 106-758, and a person who boards horses. A qualifying farmer may apply to the Secretary			
for an exemption certificate number under G.S. 105-164.28A. The exemption certificate expir			
when a person fails to meet the income threshold for three consecutive taxable years or ceases			
engage in farming operations, whichever comes first.			
Except as otherwise provided in this section, the items exempt under this section must be			
purchased by a qualifying farmer or conditional farmer and used by the qualifying or condition			
farmer <u>primarily</u> in farming operations. For purposes of this section, an item is used by a farm			
for farming operations if it is used for the planting, cultivating, harvesting, or curing of far			
erops or crops, in the production of dairy products, eggs, or animals. animals, or by a person where boards horses. The following tangible personal property and services that may be exempt from the services that may be exempted as th			
sales and use tax under this section are as follows:			
sules and use tax under this section are as follows.			
(c1) Services for Farmer. – A qualifying item listed in subdivision (6) of subsection (a)			
this section purchased to fulfill a service for a person who holds a qualifying farmer exemption			
certificate or a conditional farmer exemption certificate issued under G.S. 105-164.28A			
exempt from sales and use tax to the same extent as if purchased directly by the person who hole			
the exemption certificate. A person that purchases one of the items allowed an exemption und			
this subsection must provide an exemption certificate to the retailer that includes the name of the			
purchaser qualifying farmer or conditional farmer and an the exemption number issued to the			
purchaser qualifying farmer or conditional farmer by the Department pursuant			
G.S. 105-164.28A. A person that purchases an item exempt from tax pursuant to this subsection			
must maintain records to substantiate that an item is used to provide a service for a person wh			
holds a qualifying farmer exemption certificate or a conditional farmer exemption certificate.			

44 45

SECTION 5.5. G.S. 105-164.27A(a3) reads as rewritten:

46 "(a3) Boat and Aircraft. – A direct pay permit issued under this subsection authorizes its 47 holder to purchase tangible personal property, digital property, or repair, maintenance, and 48 installation services for a boat, an aircraft, or a qualified jet engine without paying tax to the seller 49 and authorizes the seller to not collect any tax on the item or services from the permit holder. A 50 person who purchases the property or services under a direct pay permit must file a return and 51 pay the tax due to the Secretary in accordance with G.S. 105-164.14. G.S. 105-164.16. A permit

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holder is allowed a use tax exemption on one or more of the following: (i) the installation charges that are a part of the sales price of tangible personal property or digital property purchased by the permit holder for a boat, an aircraft, or a qualified jet engine, provided the installation charges are separately stated and identified as such on the invoice or other documentation given to the permit holder at the time of the sale and (ii) the sales price of or gross receipts derived from repair, maintenance, and installation services provided for a boat, an aircraft, or a qualified jet engine.

8 In lieu of purchasing under a direct pay permit pursuant to this subsection, a purchaser may 9 elect to have the seller collect and remit the tax due on behalf of the purchaser. Where the 10 purchaser elects for the seller to collect and remit the tax, an invoice given to the purchaser 11 bearing the proper amount of tax on a retail transaction extinguishes the purchaser's liability for 12 the tax on the transaction. Where a seller cannot or does not separately state installation charges 13 that are a part of the sales price of tangible personal property or digital property for a boat, an 14 aircraft, or a qualified jet engine on the invoice or other documentation given to the purchaser at 15 the time of the sale, tax is due on the total purchase price.

The amount of the use tax exemption is the amount of the installation charges and sales price of or gross receipts derived from the repair, maintenance, and installation services that exceed twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000)."

19

SECTION 5.6. G.S. 105-164.28A(a) reads as rewritten:

"(a) Authorization. – The Secretary may require a person who purchases an item that is
exempt from tax or is subject to a preferential rate of tax depending on the status of the purchaser
or the intended use of the item to obtain an exemption certificate from the Department to receive
the exemption or preferential rate. exemption. The Department must issue a preferential rate or
use-based exemption number to a person who qualifies for the exemption or preferential rate.
exemption. A person who no longer qualifies for a preferential rate or use-based exemption
number must notify the Secretary within 30 days to cancel the number.

27 An exemption certificate issued by the purchaser authorizes a retailer to sell an item to the 28 holder of the certificate and either collect tax at a preferential rate or not collect tax on the sale, 29 as appropriate. sale. A person who no longer qualifies for an exemption certificate must give 30 notice to each seller that may rely on the exemption certificate on or before the next purchase. A 31 person who purchases an item under an exemption certificate is liable for any tax due on the 32 purchase if the Department determines that the person is not eligible for the exemption certificate 33 or if the person purchased items that do not qualify for an exemption under the exemption 34 certificate. The liability is relieved when the seller obtains the purchaser's name, address, type of 35 business, reason for exemption, and exemption number in lieu of obtaining an exemption 36 certificate."

37

SECTION 5.7. G.S. 105-241.14(b) reads as rewritten:

38 "(b) Assessment. – If a taxpayer files a timely request for a Departmental review of a 39 proposed assessment and the Department and the taxpayer are unable to resolve the taxpayer's 40 objection to the proposed assessment, the Department must send the taxpayer a notice of final 41 determination concerning the <u>proposed</u> assessment. A notice of final determination concerning 42 an<u>the proposed</u> assessment must contain the following information:

43 44

> 45 46

> 47

- (1) The basis for the determination. This information may be stated on the notice or be set out in a separate document. The statement of the basis for the determination does not limit the Department from changing the basis.
- (2) The amount of tax, interest, and penalties payable by the taxpayer.
- (3) The procedure the taxpayer must follow to contest the final determination.
- 48 (4) A statement that the amount payable stated on the notice is collectible by the
 49 Department unless the taxpayer contests the final determination.

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	(5)	An explanation of the collection options available to the D taxpayer does not pay the amount shown due on the notice a available to the taxpayer concerning these collection options	nd any remedies	
	SE	CTION 5.8. G.S. 105-244.3(a) reads as rewritten:		
	• •	ace Period. – The Department shall take no action to assess any ta	0	
		ing on or after March 1, 2016, and ending prior to January 1, 201		
	of the conditions of this subsection apply and the retailer did not receive specific written advice			
	from the Secretary for the transactions at issue for the laws in effect for the applicable periods.			
	Except as otherwise provided, this subsection also applies to use tax liability imposed on a			
]	purchaser under G.S. 105-164.6. The conditions are as follows:			
	(8)	A person failed to collect sales tax on the taxable portion of contract that exceeds ten percent (10%) for a transaction on		
		1, 2017, and prior to January 1, 2019. This subdivision does	•	
		Secretary from assessing use tax on purchases used to fulfill	-	
		contract.	<u> </u>	
	(8b	b) A person failed to collect sales tax on the taxable portion	on of a bundled	
	× ×	transaction that included a contract for two or more service	es, one of which	
		was subject to tax and one of which was not subject to tax,	for a transaction	
		on or after March 1, 2016, and prior to January 1, 2017.		
	····	$\mathbf{CTION} = 0 \mathbf{C} C$		
		CTION 5.9. G.S. 105-269.14(b) reads as rewritten:	f the wet was tow	
"(b) Distribution. – The Secretary must distribute <u>a the local portion</u> of the net use tax				
	proceeds collected under this section to counties and cities. in accordance with Subchapter VIII			
	of this Chapter and Chapter 1096 of the 1967 Session Laws. The portion to be distributed to all counties and cities is the total net use tax proceeds collected under this section multiplied by a			
	fraction. The numerator of the fraction is the local use tax proceeds collected under this section. The denominator of the fraction is the total use tax proceeds collected under this section.			
	The denominator of the fraction is the total use tax proceeds collected under this section. The			
	Secretary must distribute this portion to the counties and cities in proportion to their total distributions under Articles 39, 40, 42, and 43 of this Chapter and Chapter 1096 of the 1967			
	Session Laws for the most recent period for which data are available. The provisions of G.S.			
		486, and 105-501 do not apply to tax proceeds distributed under t		
	100 112, 100			
	PART VI. EF	FFECTIVE DATE		
-		CTION 6.1. Except as otherwise provided, this act is effective	when it becomes	
	law.	i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i		