## GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2023

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## H.B. 488 Mar 27, 2023 HOUSE PRINCIPAL CLERK

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## HOUSE BILL DRH10232-BGf-3

	Short Title:	Code Council Reorg. and Var. Code Amend.	(Public)
	Sponsors:	Representative Brody.	
	Referred to:		
1		A BILL TO BE ENTITLED	
2		O REORGANIZE THE BUILDING CODE COUNCIL AND CR	
3 4		NTIAL CODE COUNCIL AND TO AMEND VARIOUS PROVISIO CAROLINA STATE BUILDING CODE AND LAND DEVI	
4 5	REGULA		
6		Assembly of North Carolina enacts:	
7	The General	Assembly of North Caronna chaets.	
8	BUILDING	CODE COUNCIL REORGANIZATION, CREATION	OF THE
9		IAL CODE COUNCIL, AND CLARIFY STATUTORY REFER	
10		H CAROLINA STATE BUILDING CODE	
11	SI	ECTION 1.(a) Article 9 of Chapter 143 of the General Statutes reads	as rewritten:
12		"Article 9.	
13	"Building Co	ode Council-Council, Residential Code Council, and North Carolina St	ate Building
14		Code.	
15	"§ 143-136. ]	Building Code Council created; membership, committees.	
16	•••		
17		uilding Code Committee Created; Duties. – Within the Building Code C	
18	•	ated a Building Code Committee for all structures except those subject	
19		te <u>Residential</u> Building Code: Residential Code for One- and	•
20	-	<u>Code.</u> The committee shall be composed of the following nine mer	nbers of the
21 22	Building Cod		uilding Code
22	(1	) One of the licensed architects appointed by the chairman of the B Council.	
23 24	(2		
2 <del>4</del> 25	(2)		
26	(4		
27	(5		
28	(6	-	
29	(7	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
30	(8		
31	(9		
32	The chair	man of the Building Code Council shall call the first meeting of the C	ommittee, at
33	which meetin	g the Committee shall elect a chairman from among the members of the	e Committee
34		der of business. Thereafter, the Committee shall meet upon the call of t	
35	-	proposal for revision or amendment to the North Carolina State-Bu	-
36	including pro	ovisions applicable to the North Carolina Energy Conservation Cod	e, the North



Carolina Electrical Code, the North Carolina Fuel Gas Code, the North Carolina Plumbing Code, 1 2 the North Carolina Mechanical Code, the North Carolina Existing Building Code, and any other 3 code applicable to commercial or multi-family construction, and no revision or amendment to 4 any of these codes applicable to commercial or multi-family construction may be considered by 5 the Building Code Council unless recommended by this committee. This committee shall also oversee the process by which the Council conducts its revision of the codes applicable to 6 7 commercial or multi-family construction pursuant to G.S. 143-138(d). This committee shall also 8 consider any appeal or interpretation arising under G.S. 143-141 pertaining to codes applicable 9 to commercial or multi-family construction and make a recommendation to the Building Code 10 Council for disposition of the appeal or interpretation. In considering the recommendations of the committee related to revisions and amendments of the Building Code, nothing in this 11 12 subsection shall prevent the Building Code Council from accepting, rejecting, or amending the recommendation, provided that any amendment to the recommendation must be germane. 13 14 "§ 143-136.1. Residential Code Council created; membership. 15 Creation; Membership. - There is hereby created a Residential Code Council, which (a) consists of 13 members appointed as follows: 16 17 One member appointed by the General Assembly upon the recommendation (1)18 of the Speaker of the House of Representatives who shall hold an unlimited 19 residential contractor license under Chapter 87 of the General Statutes. 20 (2) One member appointed by the General Assembly upon the recommendation 21 of the President Pro Tempore of the Senate who shall hold an intermediate residential contractor license under Chapter 87 of the General Statutes. 22 One member appointed by the General Assembly upon the recommendation 23 (3) 24 of the Speaker of the House of Representatives who shall hold a plumbing 25 contractor license under Chapter 87 of the General Statutes and specializes in 26 residential construction. 27 One member appointed by the General Assembly upon the recommendation (4)28 of the President Pro Tempore of the Senate who shall hold a heating contractor 29 license under Chapter 87 of the General Statutes and specializes in residential 30 construction. 31 One member appointed by the General Assembly upon the recommendation (5) 32 of the Speaker of the House of Representatives who shall hold an unlimited 33 general contractor license under Chapter 87 of the General Statutes and 34 specializes in coastal construction. 35 One member appointed by the General Assembly upon the recommendation (6) 36 of the President Pro Tempore of the Senate who shall hold a limited residential contractor license under Chapter 87 of the General Statutes. 37 One member appointed by the Governor subject to confirmation in accordance 38 (7) 39 with Section 5(8) of Article III of the North Carolina Constitution, who shall 40 hold an electrical contractor license under Chapter 87 of the General Statutes. 41 One member appointed by the Governor subject to confirmation in accordance (8) 42 with Section 5(8) of Article III of the North Carolina Constitution, who shall 43 be a licensed professional engineer under Chapter 89C of the General Statutes and specializes in residential construction. 44 One member appointed by the Governor subject to confirmation in accordance 45 (9) with Section 5(8) of Article III of the North Carolina Constitution, who shall 46 be a Level I or Level II Code-enforcement official employed by a municipality 47 48 or county. 49 One member appointed by the Governor subject to confirmation in accordance (10)50 with Section 5(8) of Article III of the North Carolina Constitution, who shall be a member of the public-at-large. 51

	General Assemb	oly Of North Carolina	Session 2023
1	(11)	One member appointed by the Governor subject to confi	rmation in accordance
2	<u></u>	with Section 5(8) of Article III of the North Carolina C	
3		be a licensed architect under Chapter 83A of the	
4		specializes in residential construction or a licensed	
5		under Chapter 89C of the General Statutes and spec	
6		construction.	
7	(12)	One member appointed by the Governor subject to confi	rmation in accordance
8	(12)	with Section 5(8) of Article III of the North Carolina C	
9		be a fire service representative.	onstitution, who shan
10	<u>(13)</u>	One member appointed by the Governor subject to confi	rmation in accordance
11	<u> </u>	with Section 5(8) of Article III of the North Carolina C	
12		hold a general contractor license under Chapter 87 of the	
13		specializes in residential foundations or concrete placen	
14	(b) Term	s; Vacancies; Chair. – Of the members initially appoint	
15		he recommendation of the Speaker of the House of Repr	
16		of two years, one shall serve for a term of four years, and	
17		rs. Of the members initially appointed by the General	
18		of the President Pro Tempore of the Senate, one shall se	• •
19		erve for a term of four years, and one shall serve for a ter	
20	-	y appointed by the Governor, one shall serve for a term o	
21		of four years, and two shall serve for a term of six	
22		all be for terms of six years. Appointments by the Gener	•
23		nce with G.S. 120-121, and vacancies in those appointm	-
24		G.S. 120-122. Vacancies in appointments made by the G	
25	by the Governor	subject to confirmation in accordance with Section 5(8	) of Article III of the
26	North Carolina C	Constitution. The Governor shall designate one member of	f the Council as chair.
27	(c) Comp	pensation. – Members of the Residential Code Council, or	ther than any who are
28	employees of the	e State, shall receive seven dollars (\$7.00) per day, incl	uding necessary time
29	spent in traveling	to and from their place of residence within the State to an	ny place of meeting or
30	while traveling of	n official business of the Council. In addition, all members	shall receive mileage
31	and subsistence	according to State practice while going to and from any	place of meeting, or
32	when on official	business of the Council.	
33	(d) Dutie	s The Residential Code Council shall review and cons	sider any proposal for
34	revision or amen	dment to the North Carolina Residential Code, including	applicable provisions
35	from the North	Carolina Energy Conservation Code, North Carolina E	lectrical Code, North
36	Carolina Fuel G	as Code, North Carolina Plumbing Code, North Carolin	na Mechanical Code,
37	North Carolina E	xisting Building Code, and any other code applicable to re-	sidential construction.
38	This Council sh	all also consider any appeal or interpretation arising	under G.S. 143-141
39	pertaining to the	North Carolina Residential Code and make disposition of	the appeal or issue an
40	interpretation.		
41	•••		
42	" <u>§ 143-137.1.</u>	<u>Organization of Residential Code Council; rules; m</u>	eetings; staff; fiscal
43	<u>affair</u>	rs; quorum.	
44	(a) First	Meeting; Organization; Rules Within 30 days after	its appointment, the
45	Residential Code	Council shall meet on call of the Commissioner of Insura	nce. The Council shall
46	adopt rules it may	y deem necessary for the proper discharge of its duties. The	he chair may establish
47	and appoint men	nbers to any committees the work of the Council may re-	quire. In addition, the
48	chair may establ	ish and appoint an ad hoc code revision committee to	consider and prepare
49	revisions and am	endments to the North Carolina Residential Code. The ad	d hoc committee shall
50	consist of member	ers of the Council, licensed contractors, and design profes	ssionals most affected

	General Assembly Of North Carolina	Session 2023
1	by the North Carolina Residential Code, and members of the public. Committee	es shall meet upon
2	the call of their respective chairs and shall report their recommendations to the	
3	(b) Meetings. – The Residential Code Council shall meet regularly, at	t least once every
4	six months, at places and dates to be determined by the Council. Special meeting	
5	by the chair and must be called by the chair at the request of two or more member	ers of the Council.
6	All members shall be notified by the chair in writing of the time and place of re	
7	meetings at least seven days in advance of such meeting. All meetings shall be of	
8	(c) Staff. – Personnel of the Division of Engineering of the Department	of Insurance shall
9	serve as a staff for the Residential Code Council. This staff shall have the follo	owing duties:
0	(1) Keeping an accurate and complete record of all me	etings, hearings,
1	correspondence, laboratory studies, and technical work per	rformed by or for
2	the Council, and making these records available for public	c inspection at all
;	reasonable times.	-
1	(2) Handling correspondence for the Council.	
5	(d) Fiscal Affairs of the Council. – All funds for the operations of the	Residential Code
5	Council and its staff shall be appropriated to the Department of Insurance f	for the use of the
7	Council. These funds shall be held in a separate or special account on the books	of the Department
3	of Insurance, with a separate financial designation or code number to be	assigned by the
)	Department of Administration or its agent. Expenditures for staff salaries and o	perating expenses
)	shall be made in the same manner as the expenditure of any other Department of	f Insurance funds.
	The Department of Insurance may hire any additional personnel necessary to h	andle the work of
2	the Council, within the limits of funds appropriated for the Council and with the	ne approval of the
3	Council.	
1	(e) Quorum; Voting; No Proxy Vote. – Nine members shall constitute	a quorum for the
5	transaction of business and an affirmative vote of nine members present shall	ll be necessary to
6	approve any action of the Council, including any amendment or revision to the	ne North Carolina
7	Residential Code. No member may vote by proxy.	
8	"§ 143-138. North Carolina State Building Code.	
9	(a) Preparation and Adoption. – The Building Code Council and	Residential Code
)	Council may prepare and adopt, in accordance with the provisions of this	
	Carolina State Building Code. Before the adoption of any volume of the Code,	or any part of the
)	Code, the responsible Council shall hold at least one public hearing. A not	tice of the public
3	hearing shall be published in the North Carolina Register at least 15 days before	ore the date of the
1	hearing. Notwithstanding G.S. 150B-2(8a)h., any volume, or any part, of th	e North Carolina
5	State Building Code as adopted by the Building Code Council or Residential	Code Council is a
5	rule within the meaning of G.S. 150B-2(8a) and shall be adopted in accurate	ordance with the
7	procedural requirements of Article 2A of Chapter 150B of the General Statutes	. For the purposes
8	of this Article, "North Carolina State Building Code" or "Code" shall collec	tively refer to all
)	Code volumes, as revised or amended, prepared and adopted by the Building	Code Council or
)	Residential Code Council pursuant to this Article, including the following Cod	le volumes:
1	(1) North Carolina Administrative Code and Policies.	
2	(2) North Carolina Building Code.	
3	(3) North Carolina Electrical Code.	
1	(4) North Carolina Energy Conservation Code.	
	(5) North Carolina Existing Building Code.	
	(6) North Carolina Fire Code.	
	(7) North Carolina Fuel Gas Code.	
3	(8) North Carolina Mechanical Code.	
9	(9) North Carolina Plumbing Code.	
)	(10) North Carolina Residential Code.	
L	(a1) Additional Adoption Requirements. –	

	General Assemb	bly Of North Carolina	Session 2023
1 2 3	(1)	The <u>Building Code Council or Residential Code</u> Office of State Budget and Management to prepare a Code change that has a substantial economic	a fiscal note for a proposed
4 5		G.S. 150B-21.4(b1), or that increases the cost of res dollars (\$80.00) or more per housing unit. The cha	inge can become effective
6		only in accordance with G.S. 143-138(d). Nei	
7 8		Insurance nor the <u>Council Councils</u> shall be required	
8 9 10		pay for the preparation of any fiscal note under the outside of the Department or Council Councils under Council contracts Councils contract with a third-part of the contract w	unless the Department or
11		fiscal note.	inty venuer to prepare the
12	(2)	The responsible Council shall conduct a cost-benefi	it analysis for all proposed
13 14		changes considered after January 1, 2018, to the Conservation Code.	e North Carolina Energy
15		ents of the Code. – The North Carolina State Building	
16	U .	Council or Residential Code Council, may include	
17		f buildings and structures, both as to use and occ	
18 19		b location, height, and floor areas; rules for the light	
20	-	uctures; requirements concerning means of egress from oncerning means of ingress in buildings and stru	-
20		precautions to be taken during construction; rules as	
22		es; rules governing chimneys, heating appliances, ele	
23		he buildings and structures; rules governing plumbing	
24		of comfort cooling by the lowering of temperature, and	
25	such other reaso	nable rules pertaining to the construction of buildin	gs and structures and the
26	-	rticular facilities therein as may be found reasonably n	• •
27	of the occupants	of the building or structure, its neighbors, and member	ers of the public at large.
28			· · · · .
29 30		on Monoxide Alarms. – The Code (i) may contain ther battery-operated or electrical carbon monoxide	
30 31		ombustion heater, appliance, or fireplace, and in any	
32	-	and (ii) shall contain provisions requiring the install	
33		s at a lodging establishment. Violations of this subs	
34		subsection shall be punishable in accordance with sub	-
35	and G.S. 143-13	9. In particular, the rules shall provide:	
36			
37	(3)	The Building Code Council shall modify the NC .	<b>—</b>
38		Prevention) North Carolina Fire Code to regula	-
39 40		subsection in new and existing lodging establish	
40 41		motels, tourist homes that provide accommodat continuous days (extended-stay establishments), ar	
42		and bed and breakfast homes as defined in G.S. 130	
43		in this subsection shall prevent the Building Code	
44		more stringent rules regulating carbon monoxide al	
45		lodging establishments, including hotels, motels, to	
46		accommodations for seven or more continuo	
47		establishments), and bed and breakfast inns and be	
48		defined in G.S. 130A-247. The Building Code Cou	
49 50		State Building Code (Fire Prevention) North Care	
50 51		inspection schedule to include annual inspections of	
51		establishments, including hotels, motels, and tou	unst nomes that provide

	General Assemb	ly Of North Carolina	Session 2023
1 2		accommodations for seven or more continuous destablishments), and bed and breakfast inns and bed and	l breakfast homes as
3		defined in G.S. 130A-247 for the purpose of compliance	
4	(4)	Upon discovery of a violation of this subsection that poses	
5		and that is not corrected during an inspection of a lo	
6		subject to the provisions of G.S. 130A-248, the code off	_
7 8		enforcing the <u>NC State Building Code (Fire Prevention)</u>	
8 9		<u>Code</u> shall immediately notify the local health director for the violation was discovered, or the local health director's	•
10		contact and shall also submit a written report documenting	
10		subsection to the local health director for the county in	=
12		was discovered, or the local health director's designee,	
13		day following the discovery of the violation. Within a	
14		receipt of the written report documenting a violation of	<b>.</b>
15		local health director for the county in which the violation	
16		the local health director's designee, shall investigate a	
17		action regarding the permit for the lodging establishm	nent, as provided in
18		G.S. 130A-248. Lodging establishments having five or	more rooms that are
19		exempted from the requirements of G.S. 130A-248 by	
20		be subject to the penalties set forth in the NC State I	Building Code (Fire
21	( <b>-</b> )	Prevention).North Carolina Fire Code.	
22	(5)	Upon discovery of a violation of this subsection that	1
23		imminent hazard and that is not corrected during an ins	
24 25		establishment subject to the provisions of G.S. 130A	
23 26		operator of the lodging establishment shall have a corre- working days following the discovery of the violation	-
20 27		official responsible for enforcing the NC State B	
28		Prevention) North Carolina Fire Code verbally or in writ	
29		has been corrected. If the code official receives such n	6
30		official may reinspect the portions of the lodging establish	,
31		violations, but any fees for reinspection shall not exceed	
32		the initial inspection. If the code official receives no such	h notification, or if a
33		reinspection discovers that previous violations were not	corrected, the code
34		official shall submit a written report documenting the	
35		subsection to the local health director for the county in	
36		was discovered, or the local health director's designee, w	-
37		days following the termination of the correction period	-
38 39		whichever is later. The local health director shall inves	ē .
39 40		appropriate action regarding the permit for the lodgir provided in G.S. 130A-248. Lodging establishments h	0
40 41		rooms that are exempted from the requirements of	-
42		G.S. 130A-250 shall be subject to the penalties set fo	•
43		Building Code (Fire Prevention).North Carolina Fire Cod	
44			<u></u>
45	(b7) Apper	ndices For the information of users thereof, the Co	de shall include as
46	appendices the fo		
47	(1)	Any rules governing boilers adopted by the Board of	Boiler and Pressure
48		Vessels Rules,	
49	(2)	Any rules relating to the safe operation of elevator	ors adopted by the
50		Commissioner of Labor, and	

	General Assembly Of North Carolina	Session 2023
1 2 3	(3) Any rules relating to sanitation adopted by the Commissio which the Building Code <u>Council or Residential Code</u> pertinent.	
4 5	The Code may include references to such other rules of special types, s Medical Care Commission and the Department of Public Instruction as may b	be useful to persons
6 7 8	using the Code. No rule issued by any agency other than the Building <u>Residential Code</u> Council shall be construed as a part of the Code, nor super being intended that they be presented with the Code for information only.	
9	·····y ·····y ···· F······· ···· ···· ·	
10	(b9) Exclusion for Industrial Machinery. – Nothing in this Article sh	all extend to or be
11	construed as being applicable to the regulation of the design, construction, lo	cation, installation,
12	or operation of industrial machinery. However, if during the building cod	
13	process, an electrical inspector has any concerns about the electrical safety of a	1
14	machinery, the electrical inspector may refer that concern to the Occupational	-
15	Division in the North Carolina Department of Labor but shall not withhol	
16	occupancy nor mandate third-party testing of the industrial machinery ba	
17 18	concern. For the purposes of this paragraph, "industrial machinery" mea machinery used in a system of operations for the explicit purpose of production	1 1
18 19	acquired by a State-supported center providing testing, research, and devel	0 1
20	manufacturing clients. The term does not include equipment that is permanent	-
20	component part of a building and related to general building services such as	
22	and cooling, plumbing, fire suppression or prevention, and general electrical	
23		
24	(b13) Migrant Housing. – The <u>Building Code</u> Council shall provide for	an exemption from
25	any requirements in the fire prevention code North Carolina Fire Code for	
26	automatic sprinkler system applicable to buildings meeting all of the following	ng:
27	(1) Has one floor.	
28	(2) Meets all requirements of 29 C.F.R. § 1910.142, as amend	
29 30	(3) Meets all requirements of Article 19 of Chapter 95 of the G	eneral Statutes and
30 31	rules implementing that Article. For purposes of this subsection, "migrant housing" and "migrant" shall	ll be defined as in
32	G.S. 95-223.	If be defined as in
33		
34	(b15) Exclusion from Energy <u>Conservation</u> Code Requirements for Ex	tisting Commercial
35	Buildings. – The alteration of commercial buildings and structures that recei	-
36	occupancy prior to January 1, 2012, may be subject to the rules pertaining to	o energy efficiency
37	and energy conservation that were in effect on December 31, 2011. The addi	
38	buildings and structures that received a certificate of occupancy prior to Janua	•
39	subject to the rules pertaining to energy efficiency and energy conservation	
40	on December 31, 2011, so long as the addition does not increase the building	-
41	commercial building or structure to more than one hundred fifty percent (150	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
42 43	area of the commercial building or structure as it was in existence on Decer the purpose of this subsection, the term "commercial buildings and structure	
43 44	structures and buildings that are not classified as a Group R occupancy by	
45	Council.	the Dunning Code
46		
47	(b18) Exclusion From Energy Efficiency Conservation Code Requireme	ents for Certain Use
48	and Occupancy Classifications The Building Code Council shall provide	
49	from any requirements in the energy efficiency standards pursuant to Chap	oter 13 of the 2012
50 51	North Carolina Building Code and the 2012 Energy Conservation Code, a amendments to the <u>North Carolina</u> Building Code and <u>North Carolina</u> En	

Code, for the following use and occupancy classifications pursuant to Chapter 3 of the 2012 1 2 North Carolina Building Code: Section 306, Factory Group F; Section 311, Storage Group S; 3 and Section 312, Utility and Miscellaneous Group U. This exclusion shall apply to the entire 4 floor area of any structure for which the primary use or occupancy is listed herein. 5 (b19) Exclusion From Energy Efficiency Code Requirements for Residential Garages. -6 The Residential Code Council shall provide for an exemption for detached and attached garages 7 located on the same lot as a dwelling from any requirements in the energy efficiency standards 8 pursuant to Chapter 11 of the North Carolina Residential Code for One- and Two-Family 9 Dwellings and Chapter 4 of the North Carolina Energy Conservation Code. 10 (b22) (Expires December 31, 2024 – see note) Limit Requirement for Certain Plans to be 11 12 Under Professional Seal. – The North Carolina State Building Code shall not require that plans 13 and specifications for any alteration, remodeling, renovation, or repair of a commercial building 14 or structure be prepared by and under the seal of a registered architect licensed under Chapter 83A of the General Statutes, or a registered engineer licensed under Chapter 89C of the General 15 16 Statutes, if the alteration, remodeling, renovation, or repair costs less than three hundred thousand 17 dollars (\$300,000) or if the total building area does not exceed 3,000 square feet in gross floor area and all of the following apply: 18 19 The alteration, remodeling, renovation, or repair does not include the addition, (1)20 repair, or replacement of load-bearing structures. 21 (2)The alteration, remodeling, renovation, or repair is not subject to the 22 requirements of G.S. 133-1.1(a). 23 The alteration, remodeling, renovation, or repair is performed in accordance (3) 24 with the current edition of the North Carolina Fire Prevention-Code. 25 Standards to Be Followed in Adopting the Code. – All regulations contained in the (c) 26 North Carolina State Building Code shall have a reasonable and substantial connection with the 27 public health, safety, morals, or general welfare, health and safety, and their provisions shall be 28 construed reasonably to those ends. Requirements of the Code shall conform to good engineering 29 practice. The Building Code Council and Residential Code Council may use as guidance, but is 30 not required to adopt, the requirements of the International Building Code of the International 31 Code Council, the Standard Building Code of the Southern Building Code Congress 32 International, Inc., the Uniform Building Code of the International Conference of Building 33 Officials, the National Building Code of the Building Officials and Code Administrators, Inc., 34 the National Electric Code, the Life Safety Code, the National Fuel Gas Code, the Fire Prevention 35 Code of the National Fire Protection Association, the Safety Code for Elevators and Escalators, 36 and the Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code of the American Society of Mechanical Engineers, and 37 standards promulgated by the American National Standards Institute, Standards Underwriters' 38 Laboratories, Inc., and similar national or international agencies engaged in research concerning 39 strength of materials, safe design, and other factors bearing upon health and safety. 40 . . . 41 (d) Amendments of the Code. - Subject to the procedures set forth in G.S. 143-136(c) and (d), the The Building Code Council and Residential Code Council may periodically revise 42 43 and amend the those parts of the North Carolina State Building Code, Code for which those 44 Councils are responsible, either on its their own motion or upon application from any citizen, 45 State agency, or political subdivision of the State. In addition to the periodic revisions or 46 amendments made by the responsible Council, the Residential Code Council shall, following the procedure set forth in G.S. 143-136(c), shall revise or amend the North Carolina State Building 47 Code: Residential Code for One- and Two-Family Dwellings, Code, including provisions 48 49 applicable to One- and Two-Family Dwellings dwellings covered by the North Carolina Residential Code, from the NC-North Carolina Energy Conservation Code, NC-North Carolina 50 Electrical Code, NC-North Carolina Fuel Gas Code, NC-North Carolina Plumbing Code, and NC 51

North Carolina Mechanical Code only every six years, to become effective the first day of 1 2 January of the following year, with at least six months between adoption and effective date. The 3 first six-year revision by the Residential Code Council under this subsection shall be adopted to 4 become effective January 1, 2019, 2031, and every six years thereafter. In adopting any 5 amendment, the Building Code Council and Residential Code Council shall comply with the 6 same procedural requirements and the same standards set forth above for adoption of the Code. 7 The Building Code Council and Residential Code Council, through the Department of Insurance, 8 shall publish in the North Carolina Register all appeal decisions made by the responsible Code 9 Council and all formal opinions at least semiannually. The Building Code Council and 10 Residential Code Council, through the Department of Insurance, shall also publish at least semiannually in the North Carolina Register a statement providing the accurate Web site website 11 12 address and information on how to find additional commentary and interpretation of the Code.

13 Cost-Benefit Analysis. - When the Building Code Council or Residential Code (d1)14 <u>Council</u> revises or amends the North Carolina State Building Code Code, or any part of the Code, 15 as provided in subsection (d) of this section and considers an economic analysis or cost-benefit 16 analysis of the proposed revision or amendment, the responsible Code Council shall not limit its 17 review to an economic analysis or cost-benefit analysis submitted by the proponent of the 18 proposed revision or amendment but shall either conduct its own economic analysis or 19 cost-benefit analysis or consider an economic analysis or cost-benefit analysis submitted other 20 than by the proponent of the proposed revision or amendment. This section shall not apply to a 21 proposal for revision or amendment made upon motion of a responsible Code Council or 22 submitted by a State agency or political subdivision of the State.

23 Effect upon Local Codes. – Except as otherwise provided in this section, the North (e) 24 Carolina State Building Code shall apply throughout the State, from the time of its adoption. 25 Approved rules shall become effective in accordance with G.S. 150B-21.3. However, any 26 political subdivision of the State may adopt a fire prevention code and floodplain management 27 regulations within its jurisdiction. The territorial jurisdiction of any municipality or county for 28 this purpose, unless otherwise specified by the General Assembly, shall be as follows: Municipal 29 jurisdiction shall include all areas within the corporate limits of the municipality and 30 extraterritorial jurisdiction areas established as provided in G.S. 160D-202 or a local act; county 31 jurisdiction shall include all other areas of the county. No such code or regulations, other than 32 floodplain management regulations and those permitted by G.S. 160D-1128, shall be effective 33 until they have been officially approved by the Building responsible Code Council as providing 34 adequate minimum standards to preserve and protect health and safety, in accordance with the 35 provisions of subsection (c) above. Local floodplain regulations may regulate all types and uses 36 of buildings or structures located in flood hazard areas identified by local, State, and federal 37 agencies, and include provisions governing substantial improvements, substantial damage, 38 cumulative substantial improvements, lowest floor elevation, protection of mechanical and 39 electrical systems, foundation construction, anchorage, acceptable flood resistant materials, and 40 other measures the political subdivision deems necessary considering the characteristics of its 41 flood hazards and vulnerability. In the absence of approval by the Building Code Council or 42 Residential Code Council, or in the event that approval is withdrawn, local fire prevention codes 43 and regulations shall have no force and effect. Provided any local regulations approved by the 44 local governing body which are found by the Council to be more stringent than the adopted 45 statewide fire prevention code and which are found to regulate only activities and conditions in 46 buildings, structures, and premises that pose dangers of fire, explosion or related hazards, and 47 are not matters in conflict with the State Building-Code, may be approved. Local governments 48 may enforce the fire prevention code of the State Building Code using civil remedies authorized 49 under G.S. 143-139, 153A-123, and 160A-175. If the Commissioner of Insurance or other State 50 official with responsibility for enforcement of the Code institutes a civil action pursuant to 51 G.S. 143-139, a local government may not institute a civil action under G.S. 143-139, 153A-123,

	General Assembly Of North Carolina Session 2023
1 2	or 160A-175 based upon the same violation. Appeals from the assessment or imposition of such civil remedies shall be as provided in G.S. 160D-1127.
3	A local government may not adopt any ordinance $iIn$ conflict with the exemption provided
4	by subsection (c1) of this section. No local ordinance or regulation shall be construed to limit the
5	exemption provided by subsection (c1) of this section.
6	······································
7	(g) Publication and Distribution of Code. – The Building Code Council and Residential
8	<u>Code Council</u> shall cause to be printed, after adoption by the <u>each responsible Code</u> Council, the
9	North Carolina State Building Code Code, or any part of the Code, and each amendment thereto.
10	It shall, at the State's expense, distribute copies of the Code and each amendment to State and
11	local governmental officials, departments, agencies, and educational institutions, as is set out in
12	the table below. (Those marked by an asterisk will receive copies only on written request to the
12	Council.)
13	OFFICIAL OR AGENCY NUMBER OF COPIES
15	State Departments and Officials
16	Governor
17	Lieutenant Governor
18	Auditor
19	Treasurer
20	Secretary of State
20	Superintendent of Public Instruction
$\frac{21}{22}$	Attorney General (Library)
22	
23 24	Commissioner of Agriculture1 Commissioner of Labor1
24 25	Commissioner of Insurance
23 26	
20 27	Department of Environmental
27	Quality1 Department of Health and Human Service1
28 29	Division of Adult Correction and Juvenile Justice of the
29 30	
	Department of Public Safety1 Board of Transportation1
31 32	Utilities Commission
52 33	
33 34	Department of Administration
54 35	Clerk of the Supreme Court
35 36	Clerk of the Court of Appeals
30 37	Department of Natural and Cultural Resources [State
37	Library]1 Supreme Court Library1
30 39	1 *
39 40	Legislative Library
40 41	Office of Administrative Hearings1 Rules Review Commission1
41	Schools
42 43	
	All state-supported colleges and universities
44 45	in the State of North Carolina*1 each
45 46	Local Officials
46 47	Clerks of the Superior Courts
47 19	Chief Building Inspector of each incorporated
48	municipality or county
49 50	In addition, the Building Code Council and Residential Code Council shall make additional copies available at such price as it shall deem reasonable to members of the general public. The

50 copies available at such price as it shall deem reasonable to members of the general public. The

proceeds from sales of the Building Code Code, or any part of the Code, shall be credited to the
 Insurance Regulatory Fund under G.S. 58-6-25.

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. . .

4 Subsection (i) of this section does not apply to business occupancy buildings as (j) 5 defined in the North Carolina State-Building Code except that evacuation plans as required on 6 page 8, lines 2 through 16, and smoke detectors as required for Class I Buildings as required by 7 Section 1008.2, page 11, lines 5 through 21; Class II Buildings as required by Section 1008.3, 8 page 17, lines 17 through 28 and page 18, lines 1 through 10; and Class III Buildings, as required 9 by Section 1008.4, lines 21 through 25 shall not be exempted from operation of this act as applied 10 to business occupancy buildings, except that the Council shall adopt rules that allow a business occupancy building built prior to 1953 to have a single exit to remain if the building complies 11 12 with the North Carolina Building Code on or before December 31, 2006.

(j1) A nonbusiness occupancy building built prior to the adoption of the 1953 Building
Code that is not in compliance with Section 402.1.3.5 of Volume IX of the Building Code or
Section 3407.2.2 of Volume I of the Building Code must comply with the applicable sections by
December 31, 2006.

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## 19 20

## "§ 143-138.1. Introduction and instruction of the North Carolina <u>State</u> Building Code; posting of written commentaries and interpretations on Department of Insurance <del>Web site.</del>website.

Prior to the effective date of Code changes pursuant to G.S. 143-138, the State 21 (a) 22 Building responsible Code Council and Department of Insurance shall provide for instructional 23 classes for the various trades affected by the Code. changes. The Department of Insurance shall 24 develop the curriculum for each class but shall consult the affected licensing boards and trade 25 organizations. The curriculum shall include explanations of the rationale and need for each Code 26 amendment or revision. Classes may also be conducted by, on behalf of, or in cooperation with 27 licensing boards, trade associations, and professional societies. The Department of Insurance 28 may charge fees sufficient to recover the costs it incurs under this section. The responsible Code 29 Council shall ensure that courses are accessible to persons throughout the State.

(b) The Department of Insurance shall post and maintain on that portion of its Web site
 website devoted to the Building Code Council and Residential Code Council written
 commentaries and written interpretations made and given by staff to the each responsible Code
 Council and the Department for each section of the North Carolina State Building Code within
 10 business days of issuance.

## 35 "§ 143-139. Enforcement of <u>the North Carolina State</u> Building Code.

(a) Procedural Requirements. – Subject to the provisions set forth herein, the Building
 Code Council and Residential Code Council shall adopt such procedural requirements in the
 North Carolina State Building Code as shall appear reasonably necessary for adequate
 enforcement of the Code while safeguarding the rights of persons subject to the Code.

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# 41 "§ 143-139.1. Certification of manufactured buildings, structures or components by 42 recognized independent testing laboratory; minimum standards for 43 single-family, on-frame modular homes.

Certification. - The North Carolina State Building Code may provide, in 44 (a) 45 circumstances deemed appropriate by the Building responsible Code Council, for testing, 46 evaluation, inspection, and certification of buildings, structures or components manufactured off 47 the site on which they are to be erected, by a recognized independent testing laboratory having follow-up inspection services approved by the Building-responsible Code Council. Approval of 48 49 such buildings, structures or components shall be evidenced by labels or seals acceptable to the 50 responsible Council. All building units, structures or components bearing such labels or seals 51 shall be deemed to meet the requirements of the North Carolina State Building Code and this

Article without further inspection or payment of fees, except as may be required for the 1 2 enforcement of the Code relative to the connection of units and components and enforcement of 3 local ordinances governing zoning, utility connections, and foundations permits. The Building 4 Code Council and Residential Code Council shall adopt and may amend from time to time such 5 reasonable and appropriate rules and regulations as it deems they deem necessary for approval 6 of agencies offering such testing, evaluation, inspection, and certification services and for 7 overseeing their operations. Such rules and regulations shall include provisions to insure that 8 such agencies are independent and free of any potential conflicts of interest which might 9 influence their judgment in exercising their functions under the Code. for which they are 10 responsible. Such rules and regulations may include a schedule of reasonable fees to cover administrative expenses in approving and overseeing operations of such agencies and may 11 12 require the posting of a bond or other security satisfactory to the responsible Code Council 13 guaranteeing faithful performance of duties under the Code.

14 The Building responsible Code Council may also adopt rules to insure that any person that is not licensed, in accordance with G.S. 87-1, and that undertakes to erect a North Carolina labeled 15 manufactured modular building, meets the manufacturer's installation instructions and applicable 16 17 provisions of the North Carolina State Building Code. Any such person, before securing a permit 18 to erect a modular building, shall provide the code enforcement official proof that he has in force 19 for each modular building to be erected a \$5,000 surety bond insuring compliance with the 20 regulations of the North Carolina State Building Code governing installation of modular 21 buildings.

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## "§ 143-139.2. Enforcement of insulation requirements; certificate for occupancy; no electric service without compliance.

(a) In addition to other enforcement provisions set forth in this Chapter, no single family
 or multi-unit residential building on which construction is begun in North Carolina on or after
 January 1, 1978, shall be occupied until it has been certified as being in compliance with the
 minimum insulation standards for residential construction, as prescribed in the North Carolina
 State Building Code or as approved by the Building-responsible Code Council as provided in
 G.S. 143-138(e).

31 No public supplier of electric service, including regulated public utilities, municipal (b) 32 electric service and electric membership corporations, shall connect for electric service to an 33 occupant any residential building on which construction is begun on or after January 1, 1978, 34 unless said building complies with the insulation requirements of the North Carolina State 35 Building Code or of local building codes approved by the Building Codes responsible Code 36 Council as provided in G.S. 143-138(e), and has been certified for occupancy in compliance with 37 the minimum insulation standards of the North Carolina State Building Code or of any local 38 modification approved as provided in G.S. 143-138(e), by a person designated as an inspector 39 pursuant to subsection (a) of this section.

40 (c) This section shall apply only in any county or city that elects to enforce the insulation
41 and energy utilization standards of the <u>North Carolina</u> State Building Code pursuant to
42 G.S. 143-151.27.

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## 44 "§ 143-140. Hearings before enforcement agencies as to questions under <u>the North Carolina</u> 45 <u>State Building Code.</u>

46 (a) Any person desiring to raise any question under this Article or under the North 47 Carolina State Building Code shall be entitled to a technical interpretation from the appropriate 48 enforcement agency, as designated in the preceding section. Upon request in writing by any such 49 person, the enforcement agency through an appropriate official shall within a reasonable time 50 provide a written interpretation, setting forth the facts found, the decision reached, and the

reasons therefor. In the event of dissatisfaction with such decision, the person affected shall have 2 the options of:

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- Appealing to the Building Code Council or the Residential Code Council. (1)
- Appealing directly to the Superior Court, as provided in G.S. 143-141. (2)

5 (b) If an interpretation under this section or under G.S. 143-141(b) changes after a 6 building permit is issued, the permit applicant may choose which version of the interpretation 7 will apply to the permit, unless such a choice would cause harm to life or property.

#### 8 "§ 143-140.1. Alternative design construction and methods; appeals.

9 The North Carolina Building Code Council shall, by January 1, 2023, promulgate rules, 10 procedures, and policies for the approval of alternative designs and construction. Alternative designs and construction shall that follow the North Carolina State Building Code. The 11 12 Residential Code Council shall, by January 1, 2026, promulgate rules, procedures, and policies for the approval of alternative designs and construction that follow the North Carolina State 13 14 Building Code. In the event of a dispute between a local authority having jurisdiction and the 15 designer or owner-representative regarding alternative designs and construction, and notwithstanding any other section within this Article, appeals by the designer or 16 17 owner-representative on matters pertaining to alternative design construction or methods shall be 18 heard by the Department of Insurance Engineering Division. The Department of Insurance 19 Engineering Division shall issue its decision regarding an appeal filed under this section within 20 10 business days. The Commissioner of Insurance shall adopt rules in furtherance of this section. 21

"§ 143-141. Appeals to Building Code Council.Council and Residential Code Council.

Method of Appeal. - Whenever any person desires to take an appeal to the Building 22 (a) 23 responsible Code Council from the decision of a State enforcement agency relating to any matter 24 under this Article or under the North Carolina State Building Code, he the appellant shall within 25 30 days after such the decision give written notice of appeal to the Building responsible Code 26 Council through the Division of Engineering of the Department of Insurance that he desires to 27 take an appeal. Insurance. A copy of such the notice of appeal shall be filed at the same time with 28 the enforcement agency from which the appeal is taken. The chairman of the Building responsible 29 Code Council shall fix a reasonable time and place for a hearing, giving reasonable notice to the 30 appellant and to the enforcement agency. Such hearing shall be not later than the next regular 31 meeting of the responsible Code Council. The Building responsible Code Council shall thereupon 32 conduct a full and complete hearing as to the matters in controversy, after which it shall within a 33 reasonable time give a written decision setting forth its findings of fact and its conclusions.

34 Interpretations of the Code. - The Building responsible Code Council shall have the (b) 35 duty, in hearing appeals, to give interpretations of such provisions of the North Carolina State 36 Building Code as shall be pertinent to the matter at issue. appeal. Where the responsible Code 37 Council finds that an enforcement agency was in error in its interpretation of the Code, it shall 38 remand the case to the agency with instructions to take such action as it directs. Interpretations 39 by the responsible Code Council and local enforcement officials shall be based on a reasonable 40 construction of the Code provisions.

41 Variations of the Code. – Where the Building responsible Code Council finds on (c) 42 appeal that materials or methods of construction proposed to be used are as good as those required 43 by the Code, it shall remand the case to the enforcement agency with instructions to permit the 44 use of such materials or methods of construction. The responsible Code Council shall thereupon 45 immediately initiate procedures for amending the Code as necessary to permit the use of such 46 materials or methods of construction.

47 Posting on Department Web Site. Website - The Department of Insurance shall post (c1)and maintain on that portion of its Web site-website devoted to the Building-responsible Code 48 49 Council all appeal decisions, interpretations, and variations of the Code issued by the responsible 50 Code Council within 10 business days of issuance.

1 (d) Further Appeals to the Courts. – Whenever any person desires to take an appeal from 2 a decision of the Building responsible Code Council or from the decision of an enforcement 3 agency (with or without an appeal to the Building responsible Code Council), he the appellant 4 may take an appeal either to the Wake County Superior Court or to the superior court of the 5 county in which the proposed building is to be situated, in accordance with the provisions of 6 Chapter 150B of the General Statutes.

#### 7 "§ 143-142. Further duties of the Building-Code Council.Councils.

8 Recommended Statutory Changes. - It shall be the duty of the Building responsible (a) 9 Code Council to make a thorough and continuing study of the building laws of the State, 10 including both the statutes enacted by the General Assembly and the rules and regulations adopted by State and local agencies. On the basis of such study, studies, the responsible Council 11 12 shall from time to time recommend to the 1959 and subsequent General Assemblies Assembly 13 desirable statutory changes to simplify and improve such laws.

14 (b) Recommend Changes in Enforcement Procedures. - It shall be the duty of the 15 Building responsible Code Council to make a thorough and continuing study of the manner in which the building laws of the State are enforced by State, local, and private agencies. On the 16 17 basis of such studies, the Council may recommend to the General Assembly any statutory 18 changes necessary to improve and simplify the enforcement machinery. The responsible Code 19 Council may also advise State agencies as to any changes in administrative practices which could 20 be made to improve the enforcement of building laws without statutory changes.

21 22

## "§ 143-143.2. Electric wiring of houses, buildings, and structures.

23 The electric wiring of houses or buildings for lighting or for other purposes shall (a) 24 conform to the requirements of the North Carolina State Building Code and any other applicable 25 State and local laws.

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## "§ 143-143.3. Temporary toilet facilities at construction sites.

28 Suitable toilet facilities shall be provided and maintained in a sanitary condition (a) 29 during construction. An adequate number of facilities must be provided for the number of 30 employees at the construction site. There shall be at least one facility for every two contiguous 31 construction sites. Such facilities may be portable, enclosed, chemically treated, tank-tight units. 32 Portable toilets shall be enclosed, screened, and weatherproofed with internal latches. Temporary 33 toilet facilities need not be provided on-site for crews on a job site for no more than one working 34 day and having transportation readily available to nearby toilet facilities.

35 It shall be the duty of the Building responsible Code Council to establish standards to (b) 36 carry out the provisions of subsection (a) of this section not inconsistent with the requirements 37 for toilet facilities at construction sites established pursuant to federal occupational safety and 38 health rules. . . . . "

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**SECTION 1.(b)** G.S. 143-136(c) is repealed.

**SECTION 1.(c)** G.S. 160D-702 reads as rewritten:

#### 42 "§ 160D-702. Grant of power.

43 A local government may adopt zoning regulations. Except as provided in subsections (a) (b) and (c) of this section, a zoning regulation may regulate and restrict the height, number of 44 45 stories, and size of buildings and other structures; the percentage of lots that may be occupied; 46 the size of yards, courts, and other open spaces; the density of population; the location and use 47 of buildings, structures, and land. A local government may regulate development, including 48 floating homes, over estuarine waters and over lands covered by navigable waters owned by the 49 State pursuant to G.S. 146-12. A zoning regulation shall provide density credits or severable 50 development rights for dedicated rights-of-way pursuant to G.S. 136-66.10 or G.S. 136-66.11. 51 Where appropriate, a zoning regulation may include requirements that street and utility

1 rights-of-way be dedicated to the public, that provision be made of recreational space and 2 facilities, and that performance guarantees be provided, all to the same extent and with the same 3 limitations as provided for in G.S. 160D-804 and G.S. 160D-804.1. 4 Any regulation relating to building design elements adopted under this Chapter may (b) 5 not be applied to any structures subject to regulation under the North Carolina Residential Code 6 for One- and Two-Family Dwellings except under one or more of the following circumstances: 7 The structures are located in an area designated as a local historic district (1)8 pursuant to Part 4 of Article 9 of this Chapter. 9 (2)The structures are located in an area designated as a historic district on the 10

- National Register of Historic Places. The structures are individually designated as local, State, or national historic (3)
  - landmarks.
    - (4) The regulations are directly and substantially related to the requirements of applicable safety codes adopted under G.S. 143-138.
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- (5) Where the regulations are applied to manufactured housing in a manner consistent with G.S. 160D-908 and federal law.
- 17 18
- Where the regulations are adopted as a condition of participation in the (6)National Flood Insurance Program.

19 Regulations prohibited by this subsection may not be applied, directly or indirectly, in any 20 zoning district or conditional district unless voluntarily consented to by the owners of all the 21 property to which those regulations may be applied as part of and in the course of the process of 22 seeking and obtaining a zoning amendment or a zoning, subdivision, or development approval, 23 nor may any such regulations be applied indirectly as part of a review pursuant to G.S. 160D-604 24 or G.S. 160D-605 of any proposed zoning amendment for consistency with an adopted 25 comprehensive plan or other applicable officially adopted plan.

26 For the purposes of this subsection, the phrase "building design elements" means exterior 27 building color; type or style of exterior cladding material; style or materials of roof structures or 28 porches; exterior nonstructural architectural ornamentation; location or architectural styling of 29 windows and doors, including garage doors; the number and types of rooms; and the interior 30 layout of rooms. The phrase "building design elements" does not include any of the following: 31 (i) the height, bulk, orientation, or location of a structure on a zoning lot, (ii) the use of buffering 32 or screening to minimize visual impacts, to mitigate the impacts of light and noise, or to protect 33 the privacy of neighbors, or (iii) regulations adopted pursuant to this Article governing the 34 permitted uses of land or structures subject to the North Carolina Residential Code for One- and 35 Two-Family Dwellings.Code.

36 Nothing in this subsection affects the validity or enforceability of private covenants or other 37 contractual agreements among property owners relating to building design elements.

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- A zoning or other development regulation shall not do any of the following: (c)
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- Set a minimum square footage of any structures subject to regulation under (1)the North Carolina Residential Code for One and Two-Family Dwellings.Code.
  - Set a maximum parking space size larger than 9 feet wide by 20 feet long (2)unless the parking space is designated for handicap, parallel, or diagonal parking."
- **SECTION 1.(d)** G.S. 160D-804(i) reads as rewritten:

46 "(i) Minimum Square Footage Exemption. - The regulation shall not set a minimum 47 square footage of any structures subject to regulation under the North Carolina Residential Code 48 for One- and Two-Family Dwellings. Code."

- 49 SECTION 1.(e) G.S. 160D-1104 reads as rewritten:
- 50 "§ 160D-1104. Duties and responsibilities.
- 51 . . .

1 (c) In performing the specific inspections required by the North Carolina Building Code, 2 the inspector shall conduct all inspections requested by the permit holder for each scheduled 3 inspection. For each requested inspection, the inspector shall inform the permit holder of 4 instances in which the work inspected fails to meet the requirements of the North Carolina 5 Residential Code for One- and Two-Family Dwellings-Code or the North Carolina Building 6 Code.

7 (d) Except as provided in G.S. 160D-1117 and G.S. 160D-1207, a local government may 8 not adopt or enforce a local ordinance or resolution or any other policy that requires regular, 9 routine inspections of buildings or structures constructed in compliance with the North Carolina 10 Residential Code for One and Two Family Dwellings-in addition to the specific inspections required by the North Carolina Building Code without first obtaining approval from the North 11 12 Carolina Building Code Council. The North Carolina Building Code Council shall review all 13 applications for additional inspections requested by a local government and shall, in a reasonable 14 manner, approve or disapprove the additional inspections. This subsection does not limit the 15 authority of the local government to require inspections upon unforeseen or unique circumstances 16 that require immediate action. In performing the specific inspections required by the North 17 Carolina Residential Building Code, the inspector shall conduct all inspections requested by the 18 permit holder for each scheduled inspection. For each requested inspection, the inspector shall 19 inform the permit holder of instances in which the work inspected is incomplete or otherwise 20 fails to meet the requirements of the North Carolina Residential Code for One- and Two-Family 21 Dwellings or the North Carolina Building Code. When a subsequent inspection is conducted to 22 verify completion or correction of instances of Code noncompliance, any additional violations 23 of the Code noted by the inspector on items already approved by the inspections department shall 24 not delay the issuance of a temporary certificate of occupancy, and the inspections department 25 shall not charge a fee for reinspection of those items. ....."

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**SECTION 1.(f)** G.S. 160D-1106 reads as rewritten:

#### 28 "§ 160D-1106. Alternate inspection method for component or element.

29 Notwithstanding the requirements of this Article, a local government shall accept and (a) 30 approve, without further responsibility to inspect, a design or other proposal for a component or 31 element in the construction of buildings from an architect licensed under Chapter 83A of the 32 General Statutes or professional engineer licensed under Chapter 89C of the General Statutes 33 provided all of the following apply:

- 34 35 The licensed architect or licensed professional engineer under subdivision (2) (3)36 of this subsection provides the local government with a signed written 37 document certifying that the component or element of the building inspected 38 under subdivision (2) of this subsection is in compliance with the North 39 Carolina State Building Code or the North Carolina Residential Code for 40 One- and Two-Family Dwellings. Code. The certification required under this 41 subdivision shall be provided by electronic or physical delivery, [and] its 42 receipt shall be promptly acknowledged by the local government through 43 reciprocal means. The certification shall be made on a form created by the 44 North Carolina Building Code Council which shall include at least the 45 following: 46 Permit number. a. 47 Date of inspection. b.
- 48 Type of inspection. c. 49
  - Contractor's name and license number. d.
    - Street address of the job location. e.

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	General Assembly Of North CarolinaSession 2023
1 2	f. Name, address, and telephone number of the person responsible for the inspection.
3	
4	(c) With the exception of the requirements contained in subsection (a) of this section, no
5 6	further certification by a licensed architect or licensed professional engineer is required for any component or element designed and sealed by a licensed architect or licensed professional
7	engineer for the manufacturer of the component or element under the North Carolina State
8	Building Code or the North Carolina Residential Code for One- and Two-Family
9	Dwellings.Code.
0	""""""""""""""""""""""""""""""""""""""
1	<b>SECTION 1.(g)</b> G.S. 160D-1109(b) reads as rewritten:
2	"(b) A member of the inspection department shall not be in violation of this section when
13	the local government, its inspection department, or one of the inspectors accepted a signed written
14	document of compliance with the North Carolina State Building Code or the North Carolina
5	Residential Code for One and Two Family Dwellings from a licensed architect or licensed
6	engineer in accordance with G.S. 160D-1104(d)."
7	<b>SECTION 1.(h)</b> G.S. 160D-1110(b) reads as rewritten:
8	"(b) A building permit shall be in writing and shall contain a provision that the work done
9	shall comply with the North Carolina State Building Code and all other applicable State and local
20	laws. Nothing in this section requires a local government to review and approve residential
21	building plans submitted to the local government pursuant to the North Carolina Residential
22	Code, provided that the local government may review and approve the residential building plans
23 24	as it deems necessary. If a local government chooses to review residential building plans for any
24 25	structures subject to regulation under the North Carolina Residential Code for One and Two Family Dwellings, Code, all initial reviews for the building permit must be performed
25 26	within 15 business days of submission of the plans. A local government shall not require
20 27	residential building plans for one- and two-family dwellings to be sealed by a licensed engineer
28	or licensed architect unless required by the North Carolina State Building Code. No building
29	permits shall be issued unless the plans and specifications are identified by the name and address
30	of the author thereof, and, if the General Statutes of North Carolina require that plans for certain
31	types of work be prepared only by a licensed architect or licensed engineer, no building permit
32	shall be issued unless the plans and specifications bear the North Carolina seal of a licensed
33	architect or of a licensed engineer. When any provision of the General Statutes of North Carolina
34	or of any ordinance or development or zoning regulation requires that work be done by a licensed
35	specialty contractor of any kind, no building permit for the work shall be issued unless the work
36	is to be performed by such a duly licensed contractor."
37	<b>SECTION 1.(i)</b> This section becomes effective January 1, 2025.
38	
39	MODIFY PERMIT EXEMPTIONS AND RESTRICTIONS
40	SECTION 2.(a) G.S. 143-138(b5) reads as rewritten:
41 12	"(b5) Permit Exclusion for Certain Minor Activities. – No permit shall be required under
12 12	the Code or any local variance thereof approved under subsection (e) for any construction,
13 14	installation, repair, replacement, or alteration performed in accordance with the current edition of the North Carolina State Building Code and costing twenty thousand dollars (\$20,000) forty
+4 15	thousand dollars (\$40,000) or less in any single family residence, farm building, or commercial
+5 16	building unless the work involves any of the following:
47	(1) The addition, repair, or replacement of load bearing structures. However, no
48	permit is required for replacements of windows, doors, exterior siding, or the
19	pickets, railings, stair treads, and decking of porches and exterior decks that
50	otherwise meet the requirements of this subsection.
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	General Assem	bly Of North Carolina	Session 2023
1 2	(2)	The addition or change in the design of plumbing. H required for replacements otherwise meeting the r	· <b>1</b>
3		subsection that do not change size or capacity.	equitements of uns
4	(3)	The addition, replacement or change in the design of hea	ting air conditioning
5	$(\mathbf{J})$	or electrical wiring, appliances, or equipment, oth	
6		replacement of electrical devices and lighting fixtures.	ici than a like-kind
7	(4)	The use of materials not permitted by the North Carolina	State Building Code
8	(5)	The addition (excluding replacement) of roofing.	i State Dunding Code.
9	(6)	Any changes to which the North Carolina Fire Preventic	on Code applies "
10	· · ·	<b>FION 2.(b)</b> G.S. 143-138(b21) reads as rewritten:	on code applies.
11		usion for Certain Minor Activities in Commercial Building	s and Structures – No
12	· ,	equired under the Code or any local variance thereof appro	
13	-	n for any construction, installation, repair, replacement, or	
14		th the current edition of the North Carolina State Building	
15		(\$20,000) forty thousand dollars (\$40,000) or less in any	
16		ss the work involves any of the activities described in sub	_
17		n (b5) of this section. For the purpose of determining a	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
18		commercial building or structure under this subsection, s	
19		. 160D-1110(c), cost is the total cost of work, including	
20		ation, and repair work, occurring on the property within 12	-
21		<b>FION 2.(c)</b> G.S. $160D-1110(c)$ reads as rewritten:	
22		ermit issued under Article 9 or 9C of Chapter 143 of th	e General Statutes is
23	· / <b>1</b>	y construction, installation, repair, replacement, or alte	
24		the current edition of the North Carolina State Building	1
25		s (\$20,000) forty thousand dollars (\$40,000) or less	<b>.</b> .
26		building, or commercial building unless the work involves	
27	(1)	The addition, repair, or replacement of load-bearing str	
28		permit is required for replacement of windows, doors,	
29		pickets, railings, stair treads, and decking of porches an	U,
30		otherwise meet the requirements of this subsection.	
31	(2)	The addition or change in the design of plumbing. H	owever, no permit is
32		required for replacements otherwise meeting the r	-
33		subsection that do not change size or capacity.	•
34	(3)	The addition, replacement, or change in the	design of heating,
35		air-conditioning, or electrical wiring, devices, appliance	
36		than like-kind replacement of electrical devices and light	nting fixtures.
37	(4)	The use of materials not permitted by the North Carolina	State Building Code.
38	(5)	The addition (excluding replacement) of roofing."	-
39	(6)	Any changes to which the North Carolina Fire Prevention	on-Code applies."
40	SEC	<b>FION 2.(d)</b> G.S. 160D-1110(d) reads as rewritten:	
41	"(d) A loc	al government shall not require do any of the following:	
42	<u>(1)</u>	Require more than one building permit for the con	nplete installation or
43		replacement of any natural gas, propane gas, or electric	rical appliance on an
44		existing structure when the installation or replacement	nt is performed by a
45		person licensed under G.S. 87-21 or G.S. 87-43. The	cost of the building
46		permit for such work shall not exceed the cost of any	
47		permit issued by that local government, nor shall the	-
48		increase the costs of any fees to offset the loss of re-	venue caused by this
49		provision.	

	General Assembly Of North Carolina	Session 2023
1	(2) Require more than one building permit for simultaneous pro	jects at the time
2	of the application located at the same address and subject to the	e North Carolina
3	Residential Code."	
4	<b>SECTION 2.(e)</b> This section is effective October 1, 2023, and a	
5	applications for construction, installation, repair, replacement, remodeling,	renovation, or
6 7	alteration projects submitted on or after that date.	
7 8	AUTHORIZE ALTERNATIVE PAVEMENT DESIGN STANDARDS F	OR PRIVATE
9	ROADWAYS WITHIN DEVELOPMENTS	
10	SECTION 3.(a) G.S. 160D-804 is amended by adding a new subset	ction to read:
11	"(j) Private Roadway Pavement Design Standards The regulation s	hall not require
12	roadway pavement design standards for new roadway construction that are more	re stringent than
13	the minimum roadway pavement design standards adopted by the North Carolin	
14	Transportation. Notwithstanding any regulation adopted by the local govern	
15	government must accept engineered pavement design standards that do not	
16	standards required by the Department of Transportation if the proposed design st	-
17	and sealed by a duly licensed professional engineer, under Chapter 89C of the C	
18 19	and meets vehicular traffic and fire apparatus access requirements. This subseconstruction of new privately owned roads, driveways, parking lots and driving	* *
20	with parking lots, or streets within a new development or subdivision that	
20	designates as private and that are intended to remain privately owned after cor	
22	roadway is constructed to pavement design standards that do not meet min	
23	required by a regulation adopted by the local government, as authorized by this	
24	developer must include disclosures to prospective buyers as outlined in G.S. 13	
25	to entering into any agreement or any conveyance with any prospective	
26	government is discharged and released from any liabilities, duties, and responsi	bilities imposed
27	by this Article, or in common law, from any claim arising out of, or attributed to	
28	or acceptance of signed and sealed pavement design standards submitted p	
29	subsection. Nothing in this section shall be interpreted to limit the authority of lo	
30 21	or the Department of Transportation to regulate private roads, driveways, or st	
31 32	to a public system, or to regulate transportation and utilities, pursuant to subse section, or as otherwise authorized by law."	cuon (c) or uns
33	<b>SECTION 3.(b)</b> This section becomes effective October 1, 2023	and annlies to
34	permit applications submitted on or after that date.	, and applies to
35		
36	PROHIBIT EXTERIOR SHEATHING INSPECTIONS	
37	SECTION 4.(a) G.S. 143-138 is amended by adding a new subsect	ion to read:
38	"(b23) Exterior Sheathing Inspections Prohibited The Code shall not	-
39	exterior sheathing inspections for structures or dwellings covered by the North C	<u>arolina Building</u>
40	Code or North Carolina Residential Code."	
41	<b>SECTION 4.(b)</b> G.S. 160D-1104(d) reads as rewritten:	
42 43	"(d) Except as provided in G.S. 160D-1117 and G.S. 160D-1207, a local g	•
43 44	not adopt or enforce a local ordinance or resolution or any other policy that a routine inspections of buildings or structures constructed in compliance with the	1 0
45	Residential Code for One- and Two-Family Dwellings in addition to the spec	
46	required by the North Carolina Building Code without first obtaining approval	-
47	Carolina Building Code Council. <u>A local government may not adopt or enforce a</u>	
48	or resolution or any other policy that requires routine exterior sheathing inspection	
49	or dwellings covered by the North Carolina Building Code or North Carolina R	
50	The North Carolina Building Code Council shall review all applications	
51	inspections requested by a local government and shall, in a reasonable man	ner, approve or

disapprove the additional inspections. This subsection does not limit the authority of the local 1 2 government to require inspections upon unforeseen or unique circumstances that require 3 immediate action. In performing the specific inspections required by the North Carolina 4 Residential Building Code, the inspector shall conduct all inspections requested by the permit 5 holder for each scheduled inspection. For each requested inspection, the inspector shall inform 6 the permit holder of instances in which the work inspected is incomplete or otherwise fails to 7 meet the requirements of the North Carolina Residential Code for One- and Two-Family 8 Dwellings or the North Carolina Building Code. When a subsequent inspection is conducted to 9 verify completion or correction of instances of Code noncompliance, any additional violations 10 of the Code noted by the inspector on items already approved by the inspections department shall not delay the issuance of a temporary certificate of occupancy, and the inspections department 11 12 shall not charge a fee for reinspection of those items."

13 SECTION 4.(c) This section is effective when it becomes law and applies permit
 14 applications submitted on or after that date.

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## MODIFY BUILDING CODE SUMMARY (APPENDIX B) REQUIREMENTS

17 SECTION 5.(a) Definitions. – For purposes of this section: "Code" means the North 18 Carolina State Building Code collection, and amendments to the Code, as adopted by the Council; 19 "Appendix B Rules" means Sections 106.3.1 and 106.3.2, as amended by the Building Code 20 Council on December 14, 2021, and approved by the Rules Review Commission on February 17, 21 2022, effective January 1, 2023, within the North Carolina State Building Code: Administrative 22 Code and Policies; and "Appendix B" means the Appendix B Building Code Summary for All 23 Commercial Projects (Except 1 and 2-Family Dwellings and Townhouses) within the North 24 Carolina State Building Code: Administrative Code and Policies. As used in this section, 25 "Council" means the Building Code Council. On or after January 1, 2025, "Council" means the 26 Residential Code Council as created in Section 1 of this act.

SECTION 5.(b) Appendix B Rules Amendment. – Until the effective date of the rules to amend the Code that the Council is required to adopt pursuant to this section, the Council and local governments enforcing the Code shall follow the provisions of subsection (c) of this section as it relates to the Appendix B Rules and Appendix B.

31 SECTION 5.(c) Appendix B Rules Implementation. – Notwithstanding Appendix B
 32 Rules, a local government shall not require a permit applicant to complete Appendix B with a set
 33 of plans submitted for review.

34 **SECTION 5.(d)** Additional Rulemaking Authority. – The Council shall adopt rules 35 to amend the Appendix B Rules and Appendix B to be consistent with subsection (c) of this 36 section. Notwithstanding G.S. 150B-19(4), the rules adopted by the Council pursuant to this 37 section shall be substantively identical to the provisions of subsection (c) of this section. Rules 38 adopted pursuant to this section are not subject to Part 3 of Article 2A of Chapter 150B of the 39 General Statutes. Rules adopted pursuant to this section shall become effective as provided in 40 G.S. 150B-21.3(b1), as though 10 or more written objections had been received as provided in 41 G.S. 150B-21.3(b2).

42 SECTION 5.(e) Sunset. – This section expires when permanent rules adopted as
 43 required by subsection (d) of this section become effective.

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## 45 AMEND INSULATION REQUIREMENTS FOR UNVENTED ATTIC AND ENCLOSED 46 RAFTER ASSEMBLIES

47 **SECTION 6.(a)** Definitions. – As used in this section, "Code" means the current 48 North Carolina State Building Code collection, and amendments to the Code, as adopted by the 49 Council. For purposes of this section and its implementation, "R402 Rules" means provisions 50 and tables within Section 402, Building Thermal Envelope, North Carolina – Residential 51 Provisions, of the North Carolina Energy Conversation Code. As used in this section, "Council"

means the Building Code Council. On or after January 1, 2025, "Council" means the Residential 1 2 Code Council as created in Section 1 of this act. 3 SECTION 6.(b) R402 Rules Amendment. – The Council shall amend R402 Rules 4 to include, as an optional alternative to residential ceiling insulation minimums, minimum 5 insulation requirements for the use of air-impermeable insulation in unvented attic and unvented 6 enclosed rafter assemblies. In developing this amendment, the Council shall include in that 7 optional alternative that where R402 Rules require R-38 insulation in the ceiling, installing 8 air-impermeable insulation, as follows, to the underside or directly above the roof deck shall be 9 deemed to satisfy the R-38 requirements: (i) R-20 (equivalent U-factor 0.05) for climate zone 3; 10 (ii) R-25 (equivalent U-factor 0.037) for climate zone 4; and (iii) R-25 (equivalent U-factor 0.037) for climate zone 5. These air-impermeable insulation alternative R-value minimums apply 11 12 in residences meeting the following criteria: 13 The unvented attic or unvented enclosed rafter assemblies are constructed (1)14 under Section R806.5 of the North Carolina Residential Code. The residence contains a mechanical ventilation system that operates on a 15 (2)positive, balanced, or hybrid pressure strategy. 16 For residences with air-permeable insulation installed below the roof deck, 17 (3)18 exposed portions of the roof rafters are wrapped by a minimum of R-3 19 insulation unless directly covered by drywall or finished ceiling material. For 20 residences with air-permeable insulation installed above the roof deck, roof 21 rafters do not require insulation wrapping if air-impermeable insulation 22 installed above the roof deck is continuous. 23 The residence obtains an ACH50 blower door test result of less than 3.0. (4) 24 (5) The residence contains heating, cooling, and ventilation equipment and 25 ductwork within thermal envelope. 26 SECTION 6.(c) Sunset. - This section expires when permanent rules adopted as 27 required by subsection (b) of this section become effective. 28 29 PROHIBIT FURTHER AMENDMENTS TO VARIOUS CHAPTERS WITHIN THE 30 NORTH CAROLINA RESIDENTIAL CODE 31 **SECTION 7.(a)** Definitions. – As used in this section, "Council" means the Building 32 Code Council. 33 **SECTION 7.(b)** The Council shall not adopt rules to amend the following Parts 34 within the North Carolina State Building Code: Residential Code for One- and Two-Family 35 Dwellings: 36 Part V – Mechanical (Chapters 12 through 23). (1)37 (2)Part VI – Fuel Gas (Chapter 24). 38 **SECTION 7.(c)** This section is effective when it becomes law and applies 39 retroactively to March 1, 2023. 40 SECTION 7.(d) Sunset. – This section expires on the effective date of the 2024 North Carolina State Building Code: Residential Code for One- and Two-Family dwellings, as 41 42 adopted by the Council and approved by the Rules Review Commission. 43 44 **FURTHER ENERGY CONSERVATION PROHIBIT** AND **EFFICIENCY** 45 AMENDMENTS TO THE NORTH CAROLINA STATE BUILDING CODE UNTIL 2031 46 SECTION 8.(a) Definitions. - As used in this section, "Code" means the current 47 North Carolina State Building Code collection and amendments to the Code, as adopted by the 48 Council. As used in this section, "Council" means the Building Code Council. On or after January 49 1, 2025, "Council" means the Residential Code Council as created in Section 1 of this act. 50 SECTION 8.(b) Notwithstanding G.S. 143-138, the Council shall not: (i) adopt rules

Code: Residential Code for One- and Two-Family dwellings; or (ii) prepare and adopt a new 1 2 code provision, or any part of the Code, that relates to energy conservation or efficiency of 3 buildings, dwellings, and structures to which the North Carolina State Residential Code applies. 4 **SECTION 8.(c)** This section is effective when it becomes law and applies 5 retroactively to March 1, 2023. 6 **SECTION 8.(d)** Sunset. – This section expires January 1, 2031. 7 8 AMEND THE RESIDENTIAL CODE TO INCLUDE THREE-AND FOUR-FAMILY 9 **DWELLINGS** 10 SECTION 9.(a) Definitions. – As used in this section, "Code" means the current North Carolina State Building Code collection and amendments to the Code, as adopted by the 11 Council. As used in this section, "Council" means the Building Code Council. On or after January 12 13 1, 2025, "Council" means the Residential Code Council as created in Section 1 of this act. 14 **SECTION 9.(b)** The Council shall adopt rules to amend the North Carolina Residential Code to include three-family (triplex) and four-family (quadplex) dwellings within 15 its scope by modifying, transitioning, and establishing minimum prescriptive requirements to 16 17 address the design and construction of those dwellings and make conforming changes to the Code 18 in accordance with this section. In amending rules pursuant to this subsection, the Council shall 19 not require greater than a 2-hour fire resistance rating for triplex and quadplex wall, floor, and 20 ceiling separation assemblies or require automatic fire sprinkler systems within the North 21 Carolina Residential Code. 22 SECTION 9.(c) Sunset. – This section expires when the permanent rules adopted as 23 required by subsection (b) of this section become effective. 24 **SECTION 9.(d)** This section is effective when it becomes law. 25 26 **CLARIFY FEE CALCULATION FOR EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROL** 27 **PLAN REVIEW** 28 SECTION 10. G.S. 113A-60(a) reads as rewritten: 29 "§ 113A-60. Local erosion and sedimentation control programs. 30 A local government may submit to the Commission for its approval an erosion and (a) 31 sedimentation control program for its jurisdiction and may adopt ordinances and regulations 32 necessary to establish and enforce erosion and sedimentation control programs. An ordinance 33 adopted by a local government may establish a fee for the review of an erosion and sedimentation 34 control plan and related activities. The fee shall be calculated on the basis of either be, on the 35 option of the applicant, either (i) calculated on the basis of the number of acres disturbed or 36 disturbed or (ii) no more than one hundred dollars (\$100.00) per lot developed in the case of a 37 single-family lot in a residential development or that is less than one acre, including such a lot that is part of a larger common plan of development that is less than one acre set at no more than 38 39 one hundred dollars (\$100.00) per lot developed. development. Local governments are 40 authorized to create or designate agencies or subdivisions of local government to administer and 41 enforce the programs. Except as otherwise provided in this Article, an ordinance adopted by a 42 local government shall at least meet and may exceed the minimum requirements of this Article 43 and the rules adopted pursuant to this Article." 44 45 DIRECT DEQ TO SEEK APPROVAL FROM USEPA TO STREAMLINE 46 **IMPLEMENTATION** OF **REQUIREMENTS** OF THE **SEDIMENTATION** 47 POLLUTION CONTROL ACT AND FEDERAL REQUIREMENTS FOR STORMWATER DISCHARGES FROM CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES 48 49 **SECTION 11.** No later than September 1, 2023, the Department of Environmental 50 Quality shall develop a plan for submittal to USEPA that eliminates any program redundancies between the State's Sedimentation Pollution Control Act of 1973 (Act), and its implementation 51

1 of requirements for stormwater discharges from construction activities set forth under the 2022 2 Clean Water Act National Pollution Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) general permit for 3 stormwater discharges from construction activities (Construction Permit), 87 Federal Register 4 3522, through NPDES General Permit NCG010000 (NCG01). Specifically, the plan shall include 5 measures to streamline permitting requirements to ensure persons conducting land-disturbing 6 activity are required to apply for one permit addressing all federal, State, and local requirements, 7 and, if applicable, that permit may be issued by a local government with delegated authority to 8 operate a local program in order to eliminate (i) unnecessary costs to, and duplication of efforts 9 by, persons initiating land-disturbing activities, (ii) unnecessary delays in project development, 10 and (iii) inefficient use of Department personnel and staff of local governments that administer delegated erosion and sedimentation control programs. The Department shall report to the 11 12 Environmental Review Commission on the status of their activities pursuant to this section 13 quarterly, beginning August 1, 2024, until such time as the General Assembly repeals this 14 reporting requirement.

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## **COUNTY FORCED SEWER CONNECTION LIMITATION**

**SECTION 12.** G.S. 153A-284 reads as rewritten:

#### 18 "§ 153A-284. Power to require connections.

19 A county may require the owner of developed property on which there are situated (a) 20 one or more residential dwelling units or commercial establishments located so as to be served 21 by a water line or sewer collection line owned, leased as lessee, or operated by the county or on 22 behalf of the county to connect the owner's premises with the water or sewer line and may fix 23 charges for these connections. A county may only require connection of an owner's premises to 24 a sewer line, however, if the county has adequate capacity to transport and treat the proposed 25 new wastewater from the premises at the time of connection.

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31

33

...."

#### 28 PROHIBIT LOCAL GOVERNMENTS FROM REQUIRING PAYMENTS FROM 29 **OWNERS OF STORMWATER CONTROL SYSTEMS FOR FUTURE MAINTENANCE** 30 **OR REPLACEMENT COSTS OF A SYSTEM**

SECTION 13.(a) G.S. 160D-925 reads as rewritten:

- 32 "§ 160D-925. Stormwater control.

34 (d) A local government that holds an NPDES permit issued pursuant to G.S. 143-214.7 35 may adopt a regulation, applicable within its planning and development regulation jurisdiction, 36 to establish the stormwater control program necessary for the local government to comply with 37 the permit. A local government may adopt a regulation that bans illicit discharges within its 38 planning and development regulation jurisdiction. A local government may adopt a regulation, 39 applicable within its planning and development regulation jurisdiction, that requires (i) deed 40 requires deed restrictions and protective covenants to ensure that each project, including the 41 stormwater management system, will be maintained so as to protect water quality and control 42 water quantity and (ii) financial arrangements to ensure that adequate funds are available for the 43 maintenance and replacement costs of the project.quantity.

44 A local government is prohibited from adopting any regulation that requires an owner (d1) 45 of a privately owned and maintained stormwater control project to make payments to the local 46 government for the purpose of ensuring assets are available for maintenance, repair, replacement, 47 and reconstruction costs of (i) the owner's stormwater control project or (ii) other stormwater control projects within the local government's jurisdiction. A local government may, however, 48 49 require an owner of a privately owned and maintained stormwater control project to establish and 50 retain funds for maintenance, repair, replacement, and reconstruction costs for the owner's

	General Assembly Of North Carolina Session 2023
1	stormwater control project, which shall not exceed ten percent (10%) of the stormwater control
2	project's original cost of construction and shall be retained by the owner of the system.
3	
4	<b>SECTION 13.(b)</b> If, prior to the effective date of G.S. 160D-925(d1), as enacted by
5	Section 13(a) of this act, a local government has required an owner of a privately owned and
5	maintained stormwater control project to make payments to the local government for the purpose
7	of ensuring assets are available for maintenance, repair, replacement, and reconstruction costs of
8	the owner's stormwater control project or other stormwater control projects within the local
)	government's jurisdiction, in accordance with G.S. 160D-925(d1), as enacted by Section 13(a) of
	this act, the local government shall make such funds accessible to the owner to cover necessary
	maintenance, repair, replacement, and reconstruction costs for the owner's stormwater control
	project. For stormwater control projects in residential communities, in the event maintenance,
	repair, replacement or reconstruction of a project is needed, such funds shall be exhausted before
	the local government may assess costs of the necessary work on individual homeowners within
	the community, or any applicable owner's association.
	SEVERABILITY CLAUSE

SEVERABILITY CLAUSE
 SECTION 14. If any section or provision of this act is declared unconstitutional or
 invalid by the courts, it does not affect the validity of this act as a whole or any part other than
 the part declared to be unconstitutional or invalid.

## 22 **EFFECTIVE DATE**

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23 SECTION 15. Except as otherwise provided, this act is effective when it becomes
24 law.