GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2023

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SENATE BILL 495

	Short Title:	2023 Safe Drinking Water Act.	(Public)	
	Sponsors: Senators Batch, Applewhite, and Marcus (Primary Sponsors).			
	Referred to:	Rules and Operations of the Senate		
-	April 4, 2023			
1	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED			
2	AN ACT TO PROTECT NORTH CAROLINA CITIZENS FROM HARMFUL TOXINS IN			
3	DRINKING WATER BY REQUIRING THE COMMISSION FOR PUBLIC HEALTH TO			
4	ESTABLISH MAXIMUM CONTAMINANT LEVELS FOR CHEMICALS THAT ARE			
5	PROBABLE OR KNOWN CARCINOGENS OR ARE OTHERWISE TOXIC.			
6	The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:			
7	SECTION 1.(a) The Commission for Public Health shall, no later than October 15,			
8	2023:			
9	(1) Commence rulemaking to establish maximum contaminant l	evels (MCLs), as	
10		that term is defined under G.S. 130A-313, for probable or kn		
11		and other toxic chemicals that are likely to pose a substantia		
12		health. At a minimum, the Commission shall establish MC		
13		following contaminants:		
14		a. Per- and poly-fluoroalkyl substances (PFAS).		
15		b. Perfluorooctanoic acid (PFOA).		
16		c. Perfluorooctane sulfonate (PFOS).		
17		d. Hexavalent chromium (chromium-6).		
18		e. 1,4-Dioxane.		
19	(2) For any other contaminants for which at least two other state	es have set MCLs	
20		or issued guidance, the Commission shall consider establishr	nent of MCLs for	
21		such contaminants.		
22	SECTION 1.(b) In the course of establishing MCLs as required by subsection (a) of		subsection (a) of	
23	this section, the Commission shall:			
24	(1) Review MCLs adopted by other states, the studies and sc	ientific evidence	
25		reviewed by those states, material in the Agency for Toxic	c Substances and	
26		Disease Registry, and the latest peer-reviewed science and	d independent or	
27		government agency studies on appropriate MCLs for such co	ontaminants.	
28	(2) Adopt MCLs protective of public health, including vulnerable	le subpopulations	
29		such as pregnant and nursing mothers, infants, and child	lren, which state	
30		MCLs shall not exceed any MCL or health advisory establish	ned by the United	
31		States Environmental Protection Agency.		
32	SECTION 2. The Commission for Public Health shall annually review the latest			
33	peer-reviewed science and independent or government agency studies and undertake additional			
34	rulemaking, as necessary, to establish or revise MCLs for contaminants that are likely to pose a			
35	substantial threat to public health.			



General Assembly Of North Carolina

1 **SECTION 3.** There is appropriated from the General Fund to the Department of 2 Health and Human Services the sum of six million dollars (\$6,000,000) in recurring funds for the 3 2023-2024 fiscal year to carry out the requirements set forth in this act. The Department may 4 establish up to 37 FTE positions with the funds provided by this section.

5 **SECTION 4.** This act becomes effective July 1, 2023.