

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA  
SESSION 2025

H.B. 109  
Feb 12, 2025  
HOUSE PRINCIPAL CLERK

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HOUSE BILL DRH30032-ML-4

Short Title: Strangulation/Increase Punishment.

(Public)

Sponsors: Representative Logan.

Referred to:

1 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED  
2 AN ACT TO INCREASE THE PUNISHMENT FOR COMMITTING ASSAULT BY  
3 STRANGULATION.

4 The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

5 SECTION 1. G.S. 14-32.4 reads as rewritten:

6 "§ 14-32.4. Assault inflicting serious bodily injury; strangulation; penalties.

7 (a) Offense Involving Serious Bodily Injury. – Unless the conduct is covered under some  
8 other provision of law providing greater punishment, any person who assaults another person and  
9 inflicts serious bodily injury is guilty of a Class ~~F-E~~ felony. "~~Serious bodily injury~~" is defined as  
10 ~~bodily injury that creates a substantial risk of death, or that causes serious permanent~~  
11 ~~disfigurement, coma, a permanent or protracted condition that causes extreme pain, or permanent~~  
12 ~~or protracted loss or impairment of the function of any bodily member or organ, or that results in~~  
13 ~~prolonged hospitalization.~~

14 (b) Offense Involving Physical Injury. – Unless the conduct is covered under some other  
15 provision of law providing greater punishment, any person who assaults another person and  
16 inflicts physical injury by strangulation is guilty of a Class ~~H-G~~ felony.

17 (c) Offense Generally. – Unless the conduct is covered under some other provision of  
18 law providing greater punishment, any person who assaults another person by strangulation is  
19 guilty of a Class H felony.

20 (d) Definitions. – The following definitions apply in this section:

21 (1) Serious bodily injury. – Bodily injury that creates a substantial risk of death,  
22 or that causes serious permanent disfigurement, coma, a permanent or  
23 protracted condition that causes extreme pain, or permanent or protracted loss  
24 or impairment of the function of any bodily member or organ, or that results  
25 in prolonged hospitalization.

26 (2) Strangulation. – Impeding the normal breathing or circulation of blood of  
27 another person by applying pressure to the throat or neck of the person or by  
28 obstructing the nose and mouth of the person."

29 SECTION 2. This act becomes effective June 1, 2025, and applies to offenses  
30 committed on or after that date.

