GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2025

S

SENATE BILL 122

	Short Title:	GSC Unif. Community Prop. Disp. at Death Act. (Public)
	Sponsors:	Senator Galey (Primary Sponsor).
	Referred to:	Rules and Operations of the Senate
		February 24, 2025
1		A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
2	AN ACT TO	D ENACT THE UNIFORM COMMUNITY PROPERTY DISPOSITION AT
3		ACT, AS RECOMMENDED BY THE GENERAL STATUTES COMMISSION.
4		Assembly of North Carolina enacts:
5		ECTION 1. Chapter 31C of the General Statutes is repealed.
6	SE	ECTION 2. Chapter 30 of the General Statutes is amended by adding a new Article
7	to read:	
8		" <u>Article 5.</u>
9		"Uniform Community Property Disposition at Death Act.
10	" <u>§ 30-41. Tit</u>	
11		cle may be cited as the Uniform Community Property Disposition at Death Act.
12	" <u>§ 30-42. De</u>	
13		ticle, the following definitions apply:
14	<u>(1</u>)	
15		relationship that satisfies all of the following:
16		a. <u>Community property could be acquired under the relationship.</u>
17		b. <u>The relationship remains in existence at the time of death of either</u>
18		party to the relationship.
19	<u>(2</u>)	
20		wireless, optical, electromagnetic, or similar capabilities.
21	<u>(3</u>)	
22		subdivision of a foreign country.
23	<u>(4</u>)	
24		apply.
25	<u>(5</u>)	
26	$\frac{(6)}{(7)}$	
27 28	$\frac{(7)}{(8)}$	
28 29	<u>(8</u>)	
29 30	(0)	property to property owned separately by community-property spouses.
30 31	<u>(9</u>)	<u>)</u> <u>Record. – Information inscribed on a tangible medium or stored in an</u> electronic or other medium and retrievable in perceivable form.
32	(1)	
32 33	<u>(1</u>	<u>Sign. – with present intent to authenticate of adopt a fecold, to do either of</u> the following:
33 34		
34 35		 <u>a.</u> Execute or adopt a tangible symbol. <u>b.</u> Attach to or logically associate with the record an electronic symbol,
36		sound, or process.
50		sound, or process.



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(11)	State.	- Consists of the following:	
<u> </u>			. Puerto Rico, the
	<u></u>		
	b.	1 0 0	
	<u></u>		
			<u>entity lister in</u>
"§ 30-43. Includ	led and		
			of the following
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
<u></u>			
			roperty, wherever
	<u></u>		± •
			<u></u>
	b.		e derived from or
			Stoff w of this
	c.		sub-subdivision a.
(2)	Regar		ate at the time of
			rty located in this
	<u></u>		•
			·
	b.		, derived from or
		subdivision.	
(b) If com	nmunity	-property spouses acquired community property by co	omplying with the
	•		
trust, this Article	applies	to the property only to the extent the property is he	eld in the trust or
characterized as c	commur	ity property by the terms of the trust or the law of the	jurisdiction under
(c) This A	Article d	oes not apply to the following property:	
<u>(1)</u>	Proper	ty that community-property spouses have partitioned	or reclassified.
<u>(2)</u>	Proper	ty that is the subject of a waiver of rights granted by t	this Article.
" <u>§ 30-44. Form</u>	of parti	tion, reclassification, or waiver.	
(a) Comn	nunity-p	roperty spouses domiciled in this State may partit	tion or reclassify
property to which	n this Ar	ticle otherwise would apply. The partition or reclassif	ication must be in
a record signed b	<u>y both c</u>	ommunity-property spouses. Unless both community	-property spouses
			· · ·
	•		te's choice-of-law
US 20 45 Commen	nınity r	property presumption.	
	(11) " <u>§ 30-43. Includ</u> (a) Subject property of a com (1) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2	(11) State. a. b. "§ 30-43. Included and (a) Subject to sulproperty of a community (1) If a d follow a. (1) If a d follow a. b. C. (2) Regard death, a. b. b. (2) Pregard death, a. b. c. (2) Proper (2) Proper (2) Proper (2) Proper (3) Community-p property to which this Ar a record signed by both c agree otherwise, partitior one-half separate propert (b) A community this Article only by com this Article only by com	 a. A state of the United States, the District of Columbia United States Virgin Islands, or any other ter possession subject to the jurisdiction of the United States Virgin Islands, or any other ter possession subject to the jurisdiction of the United States Virgin Islands, or any other ter possession subject to the jurisdiction of the United States Virgin Islands, or any other ter possession and the property of a community-property spouse, without regard to how the property (1) If a decedent was domiciled in this State at the time of following property: a. All or a proportionate part of each item of personal p located, that was community property under the law where the decedent or the surviving community-prod domiciled either when the community property was acquisition, became community property. b. Income, rent, profit, appreciation, or other increase traceable to property described in sub-subdivision. (2) Regardless of whether a decedent was domiciled in this St death, all of the following property: a. All or a proportionate part of each item of real prope State traceable to community property or acquired property under the law of the jurisdiction where the surviving community-property spouse was domicile community property. b. Income, rent, profit, appreciation, or other increase traceable to property described in sub-subdivision. (2) Regardless of whether a decedent was domiciled in this St death, all of the following property. b. Income, rent, profit, appreciation, or other increase traceable to property spouse was domicile community property. b. Income, rent, profit, appreciation, or other increase traceable to property described in sub-subdivision. (b) If community-property spouses acquired community property by cc law of a jurisdiction that allows for creation of community property by transfer tr

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This Article i	s presur	ned to apply to all property acquired by a	community-property spouse
	-	diction where property acquired by the con	
	•	ty property under the law of that jurisdiction	
		nce of the evidence.	± ± ✓
		property at death.	
		he property to which this Article applie	es belongs to the surviving
community-prop		use of a decedent and is not subject to di	
death.	10 0.1		
		e property to which this Article applies be	elongs to the decedent and is
· · ·		the decedent at death.	
		that belongs to the decedent under subsec	
•	-	ommunity-property spouse's right to petition	
	-	or the surviving community-property spor	use's right to elect a life estate
	-	er 29 of the General Statutes.	
		loes not apply to property transferred by r	ight of survivorship or under
		nonprobate transfer.	
		oes not limit the right of a surviving comm	
•		rticle 4 of this Chapter or the property ex	•
		itution and Article 16 of Chapter 1C of the	
		lecedent purports to transfer to a third per	- - -
-		rviving community-property spouse and the	
		pperty spouse, this section does not limit th	
		o require that the community-property sp	
		o the community-property spouse or asser	ting rights under this Article.
		es available at death.	
		of a community-property spouse, the su	
		esentative, heir, or nonprobate transferee	of the decedent may assert a
right based on eit			
<u>(1)</u>		t of the surviving community-property sp	
	-	ge or other relationship under which comn	nunity property then could be
	<u>acquir</u>		
<u>(2)</u>		of the decedent that takes effect at the dea	
		g a right under subsection (a) of this section	
*		itable principles and may consider the con	• • • •
jurisdiction wher	e the de	cedent or surviving community-property	spouse was domiciled when
the property was	-		
		ving community-property spouse.	
(a) The su	urviving	community-property spouse of a decedent	t may assert a claim for relief
with respect to a	right un	der this Article in accordance with the foll	<u>owing:</u>
<u>(1)</u>	With	respect to a claim for relief asserting a	right in or to property, the
	<u>surviv</u>	ing community-property spouse must do e	ither of the following:
	<u>a.</u>	Within one year of the decedent's date	of death, commence a civil
		action in superior court against an he	eir, devisee, or nonprobate
		transferee that is in possession of the pro-	
	<u>b.</u>	Within six months after the issuance of l	
		of administration in connection with the	•
		proceeding, file a petition with the	
		commence a civil action in superior cour	
		primary administration of the decedent's e	•
		clerk of superior court shall be filed as a	■

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1		proceeding shall be conducted in accordance wit	h the procedures of
2		Article 2 of Chapter 28A of the General Statutes.	
3	<u>(2)</u>	With respect to a claim for relief other than a claim under	er subdivision (a)(1)
4		of this section, the surviving community-property spouse	must do either of the
5		following:	
6		a. If a personal representative of the decedent's esta	te is not appointed,
7		commence a civil action in superior court with	in one year of the
8		decedent's date of death.	
9		b. Satisfy the procedural requirements of sub-subdiv	ision (a)(1)b. of this
10		section.	
11	<u>(3)</u>	The incapacity of the surviving spouse does not toll the til	me for commencing
12		an action or filing a petition as provided in this section.	
13	(b) Unles	s a timely demand is made under sub-subdivision (a)(1)b	o. or (a)(2)b. of this
14	section, the perse	onal representative may distribute the assets of the deced	ent's estate without
15	personal liability	for a community-property spouse's claim under this Article	<u>).</u>
16	" <u>§ 30-49. Right</u>	<u>of heir, devisee, or nonprobate transferee.</u>	
17	An heir, devi	isee, or nonprobate transferee of a deceased community-p	roperty spouse may
18	assert a claim for	relief with respect to a right under this Article in accordance	e with the following:
19	<u>(1)</u>	With respect to a claim asserting a right in or to property,	the heir, devisee, or
20		nonprobate transferee must do either of the following:	
21		a. Within one year of the decedent's date of death	, commence a civil
22		action in superior court against the surviving c	community-property
23		spouse who is in possession of the property.	
24		b. Satisfy the procedural requirements of G.S. 30-48	<u>(a)(1)b.</u>
25	<u>(2)</u>	With respect to a claim for relief other than a claim under	
26		this section, the heir, devisee, or nonprobate transferee n	nust do either of the
27		following:	
28		<u>a.</u> If a personal representative of the decedent's esta	* *
29		commence a civil action in superior court with	in one year of the
30		decedent's date of death.	
31		b. Satisfy the procedural requirements of G.S. 30-48	
32	<u>(3)</u>	The incapacity of the heir, devisee, or nonprobate transfe	
33		time for commencing an action or filing a petition as prov	vided in this section.
34		ction of third person.	
35		respect to property to which this Article applies, a person is	not liable under this
36		ne following apply:	
37	<u>(1)</u>	The person transacts in good faith and for value with eith	er of the following:
38		<u>a.</u> <u>A community-property spouse.</u>	•.
39		b. After the death of the decedent, a surviving c	
40		spouse, personal representative, heir, devisee, or no	onprobate transferee
41		of the decedent.	
42	<u>(2)</u>	The person does not know or have reason to know that the	
43		transaction is exceeding or improperly exercising the part	
44		faith under subdivision (a)(1) of this section does not re	
45	· · · ·	extent or propriety of the exercise of authority by the	other party to the
46	transaction.		1' 1'
47		respect to real property to which this Article applies, a	
48	*	lue of the property is not liable under this Article unless,	
49 50	· · ·	urchase was made, the community-property spouses gave n	
50		eir intention for this Article to apply to the property. I	
51	registered instrum	nent and other registered instruments is governed by G.S. 4	<u>·/-1ð.</u>

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" <u>§ 30-51. Principles of law and equity.</u>
The principles of law and equity supplement this Article except to the extent inconsistent
with this Article.
" <u>§ 30-52. Uniformity of application and construction.</u>
In applying and construing this Article, a court shall consider the promotion of uniformity of
the law among jurisdictions that enact the Uniform Community Property Disposition at Death
<u>Act.</u> "
SECTION 3. G.S. 28A-2-4 reads as rewritten:
"§ 28A-2-4. Subject matter jurisdiction of the clerk of superior court in estate proceedings.
(a) The clerks of superior court of this State, as ex officio judges of probate, shall have
original jurisdiction of estate proceedings. Except as provided in subdivision (4) of this
subsection, the jurisdiction of the clerk of superior court is exclusive. Estate proceedings include,
but are not limited to, the following:
(4) Proceedings to ascertain heirs or devisees, to approve settlement agreements
pursuant to G.S. 28A-2-10, to determine questions of construction of wills, to
determine priority among creditors, to determine whether a person is in
possession of property belonging to an estate, to order the recovery of property
of the estate in possession of third parties, to determine a claim for relief
regarding the disposition of community property at death as provided in
Article 5 of Chapter 30 of the General Statutes, and to determine the existence
or nonexistence of any immunity, power, privilege, duty, or right. Any party
or the clerk of superior court may file a notice of transfer of a proceeding
pursuant to this subdivision to the Superior Court Division of the General
Court of Justice as provided in G.S. 28A-2-6(h). In the absence of a transfer
to superior court, Article 26 of Chapter 1 of the General Statutes shall apply
<u>applies</u> to an estate proceeding pending before the clerk of superior court to
the extent consistent with this Article.
(b) Nothing in this section shall affect affects the right of a person to file an action in the Superior Court Division of the Conerol Court of Justice for declaratory relief under Article 26 of
Superior Court Division of the General Court of Justice for declaratory relief under Article 26 of Chapter 1 of the General Statutes. In the event that either the patitioner or the respondent in on
Chapter 1 of the General Statutes. In the event that either the petitioner or the respondent in an estate proceeding requests declaratory relief under Article 26 of Chapter 1 of the General
Statutes, either party may move for a transfer of the proceeding to the Superior Court Division
of the General Court of Justice as provided in Article 21 of Chapter 7A of the General Statutes.
In the absence of a removal to superior court, Article 26 of Chapter 1 of the General Statutes.
shall apply applies to an estate proceeding to the extent consistent with this Article.
(c) Without otherwise limiting the jurisdiction of the Superior Court Division of the
General Court of Justice, the clerk of superior court shall-does not have jurisdiction under
subsection (a) or (b) of this section or G.S. 28A-2-5 of the following:
(4) <u>Proceeding Proceedings</u> to determine proper county of venue as provided in
G.S. 28A-3-2.
""
SECTION 4. If a provision of this act or its application to a person or circumstance
is held invalid, the invalidity does not affect another provision or application that can be given
effect without the invalid provision.
SECTION 5. The Revisor of Statutes shall cause to be printed, as annotations to the
published General Statutes, all relevant portions of the Official Comments to the Uniform
Community Property Disposition at Death Act and all explanatory comments of the drafters of
this act as the Revisor may deem appropriate.

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1 **SECTION 6.** If a right with respect to property to which this act applies is acquired, 2 extinguished, or barred on the expiration of a limitation period that began to run under another 3 statute before the effective date of this act, that statute continues to apply to the right even if the 4 statute has been repealed or superseded by this act.

5 **SECTION 7.** This act becomes effective January 1, 2026. Except as provided in 6 Section 6 of this act, this act applies to a judicial proceeding commenced on or after that date, 7 regardless of the date of death of the decedent.