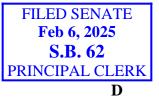
GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2025



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SENATE BILL DRS35020-MCf-39

Short Title:	Nonprofit Fundraising Sales Tax Exemption.	(Public)
Sponsors:	Senator Burgin (Primary Sponsor).	
Referred to:		

1				A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
2	AN ACT TO P	ROVID	EAS	SALES TAX EXEMPTION FOR CERTAIN NONPROFIT
3	ENTITIES A	ND TO	EXEM	PT CERTAIN FUNDRAISING EVENTS BY NONPROFITS
4	FROM SALE	S TAX.		
5	The General Asse	mbly of	f North	Carolina enacts:
6	SECT	ION 1.	G.S. 1	05-164.14(b) is repealed.
7				05-164.13 reads as rewritten:
8	"§ 105-164.13. R	letail sa	les and	use tax.
9	The sale at ret	tail and	the use	, storage, or consumption in this State of the following tangible
10	personal property	, digital	proper	ty, and services are specifically exempted from the tax imposed
11	by this Article:	-		
12				
13	<u>(52a)</u>	<u>Tangit</u>	ole pers	onal property, digital property, and services for use in carrying
14		on the	work	of the following entities, provided the entity is not owned or
15		<u>contro</u>		the State:
16		<u>a.</u>		als not operated for profit, including hospitals and medical
17				modations operated by an authority or other public hospital
18				bed in Article 2 of Chapter 131E of the General Statutes.
19		<u>b.</u>	<u>An or</u>	ganization that is exempt from income tax under section
20				(3) of the Code and not classified in the National Taxonomy of
21				pt Entities major group areas of (i) Community Improvement
22				apacity Building, (ii) Public and Societal Benefit, or (iii) Mutual
23				embership Benefit.
24		<u>c.</u>		teer fire departments and volunteer emergency medical services
25				s that are (i) exempt from income tax under the Code, (ii)
26				ially accountable to a city as defined in G.S. 160A-1, a county,
27				oup of cities and counties, or (iii) both.
28		<u>d.</u>		ganization that is a single member LLC that is disregarded for
29				e tax purposes and satisfies all of the following conditions:
30			<u>1.</u>	The owner of the LLC is an organization that is exempt from
31			2	income tax under section $501(c)(3)$ of the Code.
32			<u>2.</u>	The LLC is a nonprofit entity that would be eligible for an
33				exemption under section 501(c)(3) of the Code if it were not
34			2	disregarded for income tax purposes.
35			<u>3.</u>	The LLC is not an organization that would be properly
36				classified in any of the major group areas of the National



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1	Taxonomy of Exempt Entities listed in sub-subdivision b. of
2	this subdivision.
3	e. Qualified retirement facilities whose property is excluded from
4	property tax under G.S. 105-278.6A.
5	<u>f.</u> <u>A university-affiliated nonprofit organization that procures, designs,</u>
6	constructs, or provides facilities to, or for use by, a constituent
7	institution of The University of North Carolina. For purposes of this
8	sub-subdivision, a nonprofit organization includes an entity exempt
9	from taxation as a disregarded entity of the nonprofit organization.
10	g. Over-the-counter drugs purchased for use in carrying out the work of
11	a hospital not listed in one of the sub-subdivisions of this subdivision.
12	The exemption provided in this subdivision includes indirect sales to a
13	nonprofit entity of digital property and tangible personal property purchased
14	by a real property contractor that becomes a part of or permanently installed
15	or applied to any building or structure that is owned or leased by the nonprofit
16	entity and is being erected, altered, or repaired for use by the nonprofit entity
17	for carrying on its nonprofit activities. A sale to fulfill a real property contract
18	with an entity that holds an exemption certificate is exempt to the same extent
19 20	as if purchased directly by the entity that holds the exemption certificate. A
20	real property contractor that purchases an item allowed an exemption under
21	this subdivision must provide (i) an exemption certificate to the retailer that
22 23	includes the name of the nonprofit entity holding the exemption certificate.
23 24	(ii) the exemption certificate number issued to that holder, and (iii) the information required pursuant to G.S. 105-164.28.
24 25	The exemption provided in this subdivision does not apply to (i) purchases
23 26	of electricity, telecommunications service, ancillary service, piped natural gas,
20 27	video programming, a prepaid meal plan, aviation gasoline and jet fuel, and
28	spirituous liquor or (ii) sales and use tax liability indirectly paid by a nonprofit
29	entity through reimbursement to an authorized person of the entity for tax
30	incurred by the person on an item or transaction subject to tax under Article 5
31	of this Chapter.
32	The aggregate annual exemption amount allowed to an entity under this
33	subdivision for a fiscal year may not exceed thirty-one million seven hundred
34	thousand dollars (\$31,700,000) in tax. A real property contractor who pays
35	local sales and use taxes on property qualifying for an exemption under this
36	subdivision on behalf of an entity shall give the entity for whose project the
37	property was purchased a signed statement containing (i) the date the property
38	was purchased, (ii) the type of property purchased, (iii) the project for which
39	the property was used, (iv) if the property was purchased in this State, the
40	county in which it was purchased, and (v) if the property was not purchased
41	in this State, the county in which the property was used. If the property was
42	purchased in this State, the real property contractor shall attach a copy of the
43	sales or purchase receipt to the statement.
44	"
45	SECTION 3. Article 5 of Chapter 105 of the General Statutes is amended by adding
46	a new section to read:
47	" <u>§ 105-164.29C. Nonprofit entity exemption process.</u>
48	(a) <u>Application. – To be eligible for the exemption provided in G.S. 105-164.13(52a), a</u>
49 50	nonprofit entity must obtain from the Department a sales tax exemption number. The application
50	for exemption must be in the form required by the Secretary, be signed by a person with authority

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to bind the entity, and contain any information required by the Secretary. The Secretary must 1 2 assign a sales tax exemption number to a nonprofit entity that submits a proper application.

3 Liability. – A nonprofit entity that does not use the items purchased with its exemption (b) 4 number must pay the tax that should have been paid on the items purchased, plus interest 5 calculated from the date the tax would otherwise have been paid."

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SECTION 4. G.S. 105-467(b) reads as rewritten:

7 Exemptions and Refunds. - The State exemptions and exclusions contained in Article "(b) 8 5 of Subchapter I of this Chapter, except for the exemption for food in G.S. 105-164.13B, apply 9 to the local sales and use tax authorized to be levied and imposed under this Article. The State 10 refund provisions contained in G.S. 105-164.14 and G.S. 105-164.14A apply to the local sales 11 and use tax authorized to be levied and imposed under this Article. A refund of an excessive or 12 erroneous State sales tax collection allowed under G.S. 105-164.11 and a refund of State sales 13 tax paid on a rescinded sale or cancelled service contract under G.S. 105-164.11A apply to the 14 local sales and use tax authorized to be levied and imposed under this Article. The aggregate annual local refund exemption amount allowed an entity under G.S. 105-164.14(b) 15 G.S. 105-164.13(52a) for the State's fiscal year may not exceed thirteen million three hundred 16 17 thousand dollars (\$13,300,000).

Except as provided in this subsection, a taxing county may not allow an exemption, exclusion, 18 19 or refund that is not allowed under the State sales and use tax. A local school administrative unit 20 and a joint agency created by interlocal agreement among local school administrative units 21 pursuant to G.S. 160A-462 to jointly purchase food service-related materials, supplies, and equipment on their behalf is allowed an annual refund of sales and use taxes paid by it under this 22 23 Article on direct purchases of tangible personal property and services. Sales and use tax liability 24 indirectly incurred by the entity as part of a real property contract for real property that is owned 25 or leased by the entity and is a capital improvement for use by the entity is considered a sales or 26 use tax liability incurred on direct purchases by the entity for the purpose of this subsection. The 27 refund allowed under this subsection does not apply to purchases of electricity, 28 telecommunications service, ancillary service, piped natural gas, video programming, or a 29 prepaid meal plan. A request for a refund is due in the same time and manner as provided in 30 G.S. 105-164.14(c). Refunds applied for more than three years after the due date are barred."

SECTION 5. G.S. 105-236(a)(5a) reads as rewritten:

32 Misuse of Exemption Certificate or Affidavit of Capital Improvement. - For "(5a) 33 misuse of an exemption certificate or affidavit of capital improvement by a 34 purchaser, the Secretary shall assess a penalty equal to two hundred fifty 35 dollars (\$250.00). An exemption certificate is a certificate issued by the 36 Secretary that authorizes a retailer to sell an item to the holder of the certificate 37 and either collect tax at a preferential rate or not collect tax on the sale. 38 Examples of an exemption certificate include a certificate of exemption, a 39 direct pay certificate, and a conditional exemption certificate. Misuse under 40 this subdivision includes improper use of a certificate of exemption issued to a nonprofit entity pursuant to G.S. 105-164.29C for direct and indirect 41 42 purchases by the entity or another person. An affidavit of capital improvement 43 substantiates that a contract, or a portion of work to be performed to fulfill a contract, is to be taxed for sales and use tax purposes as a real property 44 45 contract." 46

SECTION 6. G.S. 105-164.4G(e) reads as rewritten:

- 47 "(e) Exceptions. – The tax imposed by this section does not apply to the following:
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(2) Tuition, registration fees, or charges to attend instructional seminars, conferences, or workshops for educational purposes, notwithstanding that

. . .

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1	entertainment activity may be offered as an ancillary purpose of an event listed			
2	in this subdivision.			
3	(2a) Events held by a nonprofit entity exempt from tax under Article 4 of this			
4	Chapter solely for fundraising purposes for the entity, notwithstanding that			
5	entertainment activity may be offered as an ancillary purpose of the event.			
6	" ••••			
7	SECTION 7. Sections 1 through 5 of this act become effective October 1, 2025, and			
8	apply to sales and purchases made on or after that date. Section 6 of this act becomes effective			
9	July 1, 2025, and applies to admission charges for entertainment activities held on or after that			
10	date. The remainder of this act is effective when it becomes law. This act does not affect the			
11	rights or liabilities of the State, a taxpayer, or another person arising under a statute amended or			
12	repealed by this act before the effective date of its amendment or repeal, nor does it affect the			
13	right to any refund or credit of a tax that accrued under the amended or repealed statute before			
14	the effective date of its amendment or repeal.			